

TWO CENTS

St. Louis, Jan. 22.—Special telegrams to the Globe-Democrat from Eufaula, I. T., announce many fresh outrages perpetrated by the Creek Indians, known as the "Snake bands," who have been arresting for whipping the more conservative Indians.

GOLD FOR EUROPE.
New York, Jan. 22.—Lazard Freres will ship \$1,400,000 in gold to Paris by Thursday's steamer.

PREPARE FOR THE END.
London, Jan. 22.—The arrangements are already practically complete for meetings of the privy council and parliament, the statutes providing that they shall assemble immediately on the death of a sovereign. The privy councillors could gather together within a few hours. The ministers will stand at

"London Dec. 28.—The ghost of Mary, Queen of Scots, appeared in the bloody tower of London Tower on the 27th inst. and, since, according to the tradition, has been seen by many persons. The guard claims he heard a long wail, followed by the sound of footsteps, and that he saw a woman in white robes repeated, and the guard, who promptly inquired the cause of the sound, was told that the spirit of the Scottish queen has made her appearance in the tower. This is the first time every monarch of England since the time of Elizabeth—every effort is being made to prevent the appearance of the ghost from Queen Victoria. Queen Mary was executed in 1587. Her husband, James VI. of Scotland, in 1567, she had married Bothwell, the murderer of Lord Darnley, her second husband. She was taken to the bloody tower, where she was seized and forced to abdicate in favor of her son, James VI. of Scotland, who fled to England, where Elizabeth confined her, first at Carlisle, and then in other places. She bore up bravely, and although only suffered a little by the first blow of the executioner's sword, she died of the second or other sign of fear. Three wails were required to dispatch her. It is said that she composed after the death of Mary, and that she had been seen by many persons, the ghost of the Scottish queen was heard wailing in the tower. This visitation is reported when an English monarch is

Fort Madison, Iowa, Jan. 22.—George Wolf, of West Point, this county, was arrested last night, the warrant having been sworn out by Frederick Kriekenbaum, president of the West Point bank, charging him with an attempt to get money by means of a letter he is charged to have written, demanding that Kriekenbaum deposit \$500 under the Pittman creek bridge on a certain date under threat

THE PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.
Manilla, Jan. 22.—Attorney General Torres and others today, addressed the Philippine commission on the municipal government bill, chiefly in relation to the requirements of official bonds.

McMILLAN ONCE MORE.
Nashville, Jan. 22.—Governor McMillan was inducted into office for the second time today. The oath was administered by Chief Justice Snodgrass, after which Governor McMillan delivered his inaugural address.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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IRON MONGERS' SALE

Annual inventory comes on March 1st. We are overstocked in some lines, stock broken in others, leaving only odd sizes and styles. **What's the result?** We have marked them at a price that will make them go. Our only stipulation—**YOU MUST PAY CASH.** This is the first sale of its kind ever held in Duluth. As an inducement to the ladies to visit our store during this sale we will give to every lady a ticket entitling her to

ONE CHANCE ON A \$25.00 SEWING MACHINE

which will be given away on the last day of the sale. Remember, no purchase is needed—all we ask is that you visit our store during this sale.

PARTICULARS OF THE SALE!

COLUMBIAN GRANITE WARE—The Bellair Stamping Co., manufacturers of the Columbian Ware, lost their factory by fire, and they write us that it will take a year to rebuild. We have therefore decided to close out the entire line. Here are a few of the prices—the balance of the line in preparation:

	Reg. Price	Sale Price		Reg. Price	Sale Price
18 Lipped Sauce Pans	35c	20c	160 Preserve Kettles	30c	19c
24 Lipped Sauce Pans	50c	29c	180 Preserve Kettles	35c	27c
26 Lipped Sauce Pans	55c	34c	200 Preserve Kettles	40c	29c
28 Lipped Sauce Pans	60c	42c	220 Preserve Kettles	45c	31c
30 Lipped Sauce Pans	65c	48c	240 Preserve Kettles	50c	33c
140 Preserve Kettles	25c	18c			

Housekeepers will make no mistake in buying these goods

WRINGERS! WRINGERS!

No. 50 Novelty	\$3.25	\$2.19
150 Household	2.75	\$1.99
50 Universal	3.25	\$2.25
150 Ideal	3.00	\$2.19
No. 10 Challenge	1.75	\$1.19

TOOL DEPARTMENT.

Mitre Boxes	\$2.00	\$1.30
Mitre Boxes	1.50	85c
Fancy Wood Planes, up to	60c	40c
50-lb Spring Balancers, with pans	85c	60c
25-lb Spring Balancers, with pans	65c	43c
One lot of Chisels and Gauges at one-half regular price.		
Brass Curtain Rings, all sizes, gross—up to	50c	30c
Machinist Hammers	\$1.00	85c
Compass Saws	25c	15c
Unit Sets	40c	25c
1/2-bushel Wood Measures	\$2.25	15c
Lipped Carpenter Adze	15c	10c
Kitchen Emery Stones	15c	10c
4-4 Hinges	20c	12c
4-4 1/2 Hinges	25c	15c
Warranted Hand Saws, 26-inch blued blades	\$1.50	99c
Good 26-inch Hand Saws	75c	49c
Saw Sets	25c	10c
Nut Cracks	10c	7c
Cobbler Sets	75c	49c
Coat Hooks, dozen	10c	7c
Granite Cuspidors	65c	47c
Butcher Knives	35c	25c
Kitchen Knives	10c	5c
Thermometers	15c	9c
Floor Brooms	\$1.25	\$1.19
Floor Brooms	\$1.50	\$1.19

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS DEPT.

Kitchen Saws	35c	23c
Corner Wire Sink Drawers	25c	19c
Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons, 3 in set	\$1.00	79c
Asbestos Sad Irons, 3 in set	\$1.75	\$1.27
Sensible Sad Irons, 3 in set	\$1.25	92c
Troy Polishing Irons	40c	27c
Gen'l Potato Mashers	10c	7c
5-gal Galvanized Iron Pump Oil Cans—cannot overfill lamp with these	\$1.50	\$1.35

It will pay you to visit our store this week. Sale closes January 31st.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

A Forester Honored.

A highly pleasing and much enjoyed social affair took place last night at Hunter's hall, at the close of the regular meeting of Court Phoenix No. 14, United Order of Foresters. It was an impromptu entertainment, given in honor of Mrs. S. A. Barnham, in recognition of her continuous membership

and splendid efforts in behalf of Court Phoenix. She was a charter member and first treasurer, and held the office until her removal from the city, and to her untiring work is largely due the standard of excellence the court now enjoys. Mrs. Barnham is now residing at Hilling, and during a visit to the city attended the lodge last evening and the fitting demonstration showed

but slightly the esteem in which she is held by her sister Foresters. The evening was given to recitations, speeches of laudation and regret, vocal and instrumental selections, followed by a copious social session. The ladies served cake and coffee in their usual excellent style, before which the company tripped the light fantastic to entrancing strains from Harvard's orchestra.

To Prevent the Grip

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

Neckwear Sale! THURSDAY, JANUARY 24th.

Three for \$1.00.

The BEST \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c and 50c

Neckties

About 200 dozen Ascots, Puffs, Four-in-hand, Tecks, Windsors, Batwings, Butterfly, Club Ties and Bows.

This is to make room for our Spring Lines. See Windows.

About 50 dozen String Ties 50c lines at 25c

A. B. Siewert & Co.

HATTERS and FURNISHERS.

304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TO MAKE NONE.

Democratic Committee to Give McCormick, Edson and Gearhart No Fight.

The Democratic city committee has finally decided to make no nominations for municipal judges or city comptroller. The vacancy on the aldermanic ticket in the Fifth ward may be filled between now and Saturday.

The Republicans last evening named the city committee to consist of Daniel Waite, chairman; George Schulenberg, first ward; Louis R. Heiberg, second ward; Frank Dacey, third ward; C. P. McCormick, fourth ward; G. H. Pruden, fifth ward; U. G. Hallows, sixth ward; N. O. Nelson, seventh ward; and Otto Gafvort, eighth ward.

John Williams will be secretary and a meeting of the committee will be held this evening to decide on a place for headquarters.

ECZEMA: NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Sores and Scabs, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, itching humors, dandruff and all skin diseases no matter how long standing. Price 5c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 5c in postage stamps and we will send same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly refund your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable. Ask for LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for cures, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

AS TO WAGES.

Hard to Figure Out What United Mine Workers Will Ask.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 22.—When the second day's session of the annual convention of the United Mine Workers opened surface indications as to what will be done on the all-important question of wages were hard to figure out. The delegates were extremely reticent and few admitted that they are going to demand any increase in wages. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is here for a conference with the miners. It is probable that whatever demands are made by the Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Pennsylvania miners will also be demanded by the Iowa and Michigan miners. Iowa operators are not in the joint movement, but the scale of wages paid is about the same.

IN DELAWARE.

Legislature There Cannot Agree Upon Its Choice For U. S. Senators.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 22.—United States Senator William J. Sewell was today elected by the New Jersey legislature in separate ballot, to succeed himself as United States senator. Mr. Sewell received 45 votes in the house to 12 for Congressman A. V. Clark, who was decided upon as the choice of the Democratic caucus this morning. Gen. Sewell received 17 votes in the senate to 4 for Mr. Clark.

The two houses will meet tomorrow at noon in joint session when these results will be formally announced.

TAKES IN THE PLAY

Detective Tells of the "Sherlock Holmes" Performance at Lyceum.

A THIEF IS NABBED

Gathered In After He Had Left a Trail of Crime Behind.

Gleeful doings were scarce in police circles last night. The entire department only made one arrest, and there wasn't even a clew scouted to its boarding house. According to explanations made at headquarters the shortage in the visible supply of criminals this morning was due to the fact that a certain blond detective took a night off and went to see "Sherlock Holmes." The detective pleaded guilty.

"You see," said he, "I heard that this Sherlock Holmes was an unlimited thriller when it came to really high-class detective work. I had my suspicions, so I stationed a man outside the door to watch the building, and I passed in. There was nothing suspicious about the doorknocker or the ushers, but it seemed to me I had seen the face of the man in the ticket window before—couldn't place him. Had scarcely reached my seat when the lights were turned out all over the house, and it was then that my suspicions were aroused for the first time. I reached over and grasped for the watch of the man sitting next to me to prove it, but he had there first, so we sat in pitch darkness and clutched hands.

"Then the orchestra began. It was the same kind of music that the mayor stopped on the bowery about a year ago. It started in slowly at first, as if the man with the bass violin was fumbling for his notes, and then it softly grew louder, but now—how stealthily and shrewdly he learned from experience that this chills-and-fever music always fouls the trouble, so I reached for the man's watch again, but he had switched it to another pocket.

"Well, finally I could see something. It was a woman. Then the light got better and I saw a man. I could feel rather than see that he was watching the woman. The music was terrible. At last she broke the silence with a few cold words, choked out in an icy whisper, and the play began. Well, you should have heard over it from start to finish. Every act wound up with a tremendous gasp, in which the lights gradually faded, and when they were turned on again the curtain was down. It all began and ended the same way—silence, silence, graveyard music and things slowly growing out of gloom.

"There is a cry in the first act—a low shuddering cry that wrings your very soul and a white-haired woman comes on the stage just long enough to be dragged off and that's the last we saw of her. The only thing that bothers me is what became of her."

The detective was still agitating his casual reply with the problem of the gray-haired woman when a "phone message" came in that a man was stealing on foot and trying to sell silverware down on Lake avenue. The "man" proved to be a lightning change artist, in which the lights gradually faded, and when they were turned on again the curtain was down. It all began and ended the same way—silence, silence, graveyard music and things slowly growing out of gloom.

He first appeared in Madden & Hogan's saloon on Lake avenue with a silver soap tureen. He offered to sell it for the price of a mince pie cocktail and as the bartender, having also attended the performance of "Sherlock Holmes," was looking for clues, he seized the silverware and noticed the catch in the handle. The man got mad at this and stole the bartender's \$20 overcoat, selling it a few moments later for \$1.25. He visited the Maine hotel on Lake avenue and insisted on selling silverware, but finally compromised by stealing a mackinaw jacket.

By this time the police were hot after him and it kept the lightning change artist at a distance, putting on new clothes as fast as he could steal them. Officers would go to one place to get a glimpse of him and a moment later they would go some-

where else and the people would describe a man dressed entirely different. One officer thought he had the right man, but he was hurrying up Superior street and a fellow stepped up to him and murmured something about being robbed of \$7. It flashed on the officer that he had his man, for the face and general build tallied with the description given him a few moments before, in a saloon which the man had just left. But the fellow's clothes were so different from that description that he let him go to afterwards find out that he really was the man they were all looking for.

Officer O'Neill finally landed the "artist" as he was coming out of a cigar store where he had tried to disguise himself by washing his face. At that time he was 24. The police believe that his right name is Burns and that he has done time in Stillwater.

Detective Troyer was examining him shortly after his arrest, when in walked a woodsman to complain that he had been robbed of some clothing on the bowery last night. He recognized the shirt that Daley wore as the one that had been stolen from him, and when the officers took the shirt off to give back to its owner, the woodsman recognized one of his missing undershirts.

"I would certainly like to see Sherlock Holmes beat that," remarked the detective as he ordered off the undershirt.

Detective Troyer then visited a boarding house on the Bowery where he learned that Daley had been stopping, and found a big telescope marked "Mrs. R. J. Pettibone," and containing much silverware and glassware. It was from this that he got the piece of silverware that he tried to dispose of in the Lake avenue saloon. The contents of the opinion that the contents of the telescope belong to Mrs. Maria Pettibone, of 1512 London road, but up to a late hour had heard nothing from her in regard to it.

The best Toilet Soap man can make costs only 10c. now.

That is Jap Rose, transparent, glycerin soap, made from pure vegetable oil, and delightfully perfumed.

Any soap that approaches

Jap Rose Soap

costs 25c., and the difference is wasted.

A better soap could not be made, if you paid a dollar a cake for it.

There is no better soap-maker than Kirk—and Jap Rose is Kirk's best, yet it costs but a dime a cake.

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IN MICHIGAN.

An Engineer's Mistake Causes Frightful Death of a Hancock Miner.

Hancock.—The fatal mistake of an engineer at the Franklin mine resulted in the death of Andrew Niemi. According to the testimony of witnesses at the coroner's inquest the skip was pulled from the brace of the shaft when no signal was given for the movement, and Niemi, who happened to be standing on the back of the skip, was thrown backward into the shaft, meeting a terrible death.

When he was picked up at the thirteenth level almost every bone in his body was broken. Niemi was a married and leaves one child, besides his wife, to mourn his untimely taking.

He resided at the Franklin mine location.

Calumet.—The folks of the copper country will have a social session of Wednesday evening in this city when the matter of attending the big Elks gathering at Calumet, Mich., this summer will be discussed and acted upon. The session will be held under the auspices of the Calumet lodge, which has made arrangements for a special train from Hancock for the accommodation of the visitors, who are expected out in all their glory. A program including a few "tunes" by well-known Elks.

For years back Calumet business men have been bothered with a trouble which the credit system of doing business in this city has brought about. Most of the business houses of the city do a credit business, this condition of affairs resulting from the fact that mining companies pay monthly. This credit system has resulted in business men setting "done" repeatedly. It is the easiest thing in the world for a deadbeat to get credit at a store in Calumet and frequently a professional deadbeat will run up big accounts at several stores without the business men knowing that they are being fooled.

It is now believed that the local business men have arranged to do away with the greater amount of this trouble by the organization of a mercantile and collection agency. The first steps toward such an organization have already been taken and the organization will be perfected in a few days.

Houghton.—At the adjourned annual meeting of the Mining Gazette company held at the company's office the following board of directors was elected: Capt. James Chappelow, James H. Sanger, Capt. Samuel B. Harris, Hon. T. B. Dunstan, William E. Parnall, Jr., John H. Rice and Frank McMan. Other matters of business of the company and the policy of its paper were discussed. At the close of the business session those present repaired to the Douglas house, where a supper was served.

Jephrem.—The annual meeting of the

Finland Mercantile association was held Saturday afternoon in the association hall, when much important business was transacted and officers for the ensuing year were elected. The association is in a flourishing condition, a profit of \$800 being shown for the eight months of its existence. The following is the list of officers: John Kuopio, president; John T. Niemi, secretary and treasurer; K. A. Runa, Gust Kauppinen, William Harju and Henry Hill, directors.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

To clear up discussions of how much money the drama artists earn at each performance, the New York Telegraph gives the following table, which may be taken as absolutely correct: Jean de Reszke.....\$2500 Melba.....1500 Nordica.....1000 Saleza.....1000 Edouard de Reszke.....500 Plupham.....500 Scott.....400

Modern Prescribing!

Doctors Methods Better Than They Were Years Ago.

The Patient's Lot Also Much Improved.

Large Doses of Nauseating Medicine No Longer Necessary.

Our forefathers did not have such a delightful time, after all. Just think of the roundabout way they were obliged to accomplish the many things that are done by us every day, almost without thought, by means of modern inventions. Then think of what happened to them when they were sick. Lucky was the man who was not pained upon by a doctor and often literally bled to death.

That was only a starter of what was soon to follow. Long, deep draughts brewed from horrible tasting herbs were continually administered. Remedies with out number, each worse than the other, followed quickly. No wonder so many of our ancestors died young. No wonder life insurance statistics show that we come from a short-lived race.

It is in medicine like everything else. The day of barbarism in treatment is nearly over. No longer does the doctor deprive the patient of his very life blood at a time when he needs every article of strength. No longer does he compel the poor sufferer to absorb untold amounts of herbs, barks and mineral solutions right at a time when Nature shows her power by driving out the poison, what might be only a slight trouble, administered in a concentrated form. You do not find your doctor brewing a tea or asking you to chew high quantities of pills, but he gives you a neat amount of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. Not much. A hypodermic syringe charged with the active principles of opium, morphine does the work better and does not do as much damage for Nature to repair.

Right on this line comes news of a remedy to be the most valuable one yet made. It is that of Vioil. Vioil, of Cold Liver Oil, which is nothing more or less than a concentrated extract of the active medical principles found in the liver of the live cod.

The above explanation is about all that is necessary to give you an idea of how many understand the full value of the discovery. Everyone knows the uses for which cod liver oil has been prescribed. Everyone knows its objectionable features. Everyone realizes that there are many cases of wasting diseases that could have been cured by the use of cod liver oil, had it been possible to administer the obnoxious remedy, but everyone does not know that when they are taking cod liver oil in its old form, they are working into the system a vast amount of vile-smelling, obnoxious-tasting grease that will absolutely powerless of doing them any good, but were simply taking it because it was a vehicle that conveyed the peculiar medical principles that it was the intention of the doctor to give them.

Here is where this new discovery will benefit the world. These principles, separated from the fat and all other unnecessary features, dissolved in a delicious taste, can now be administered even to the most delicate patient, without its being apparent that cod liver oil or anything connected with it is being taken. The greater strength of the preparation will also enable the patient to receive a greater amount of the medicine than was possible to administer before. The consequence will be that the cure for all wasting diseases is destined to be accomplished in a much quicker and less painful manner than it has been, and to attempt already weakened by disease will be entirely restored, as a medicine will be that Vioil in but a few years will entirely supersede, as a medicine and liver oil in any other known form.

To Havana Smokers

The peculiar oily, spicy richness of Havana leaf in years when the crops were right is probably what made you a smoker of Havana cigars.

IT ISN'T A QUESTION OF PRICE, BUT IF YOU WILL WAIVE SKEPTICAL SMILES AND SERIOUSLY HEED A SUGGESTION YOU WILL DISCOVER SOMETHING IMPORTANT!

Learn the highly rich "edge" of IMPORTS

AND THE SUBSTANCE TO THEIR FLAVOR

They will positively give you that pleasure and supreme comfort only obtainable from richest and costliest cigars, if you will get acquainted and give them a chance. They are simply great for five cents.

The first one may seem odd (champagne tastes a bit sour after older), but smoke a number of IMPORTS; you'll soon discover you've doubled the satisfaction you get in smoking.

Duluth Distributors: Stone Ordean-Weiss Co., Duluth, Minn. Chicago Distributors: Reid, Murdoch & Co., Chicago, Ill. Minneapolis Distributors: Geo. R. Newell & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Wincke & Doerr, Minneapolis, Minn.

SOUTHALL FREE IS OUT AGAIN.

Pardon Board Commutes His Sentence Because of Wife's Inanity.

St. Paul, Jan. 22.—James H. Southall, who was convicted a couple of years ago of fraudulent dealings in government time checks, by which he secured nearly three quarters of a million dollars, yesterday had his sentence commuted by the pardon board of pardons on account of the condition of his wife's health. His application for a pardon was denied by the board last Thursday and the condition of the wife's health was the reason given. The board was composed of Judge H. H. Nelson for the term, and Senator Charles A. Towne for the short term.

How It Goes in England. During the present cold grip season fifty-seven thousand two hundred eighty-eight boxes of Laxative Bromo-Quinine have been sold by E. H. Clark, 28 Shoe Lane, London.

CABLE FLASHES.

N. T. Charles, representing the Southern railroad company, is making a circular trip in Germany and trying to induce German manufacturers to establish branches in the Southern states. The German manufacturer is interested in whatever regarding the conditions in Venezuela, and considers the new paper accounts exaggerated.

According to the Pittsburg Herald, the British plume in case of a war and many deaths that are expected to result from the outbreak of a war between Germany and the United States are really due to plague.

The central committee of the constitutional convention reported at the public session of the convention today, the draft of the constitution. The document contains some modifications of the original draft, and is now being circulated among the members of the convention.

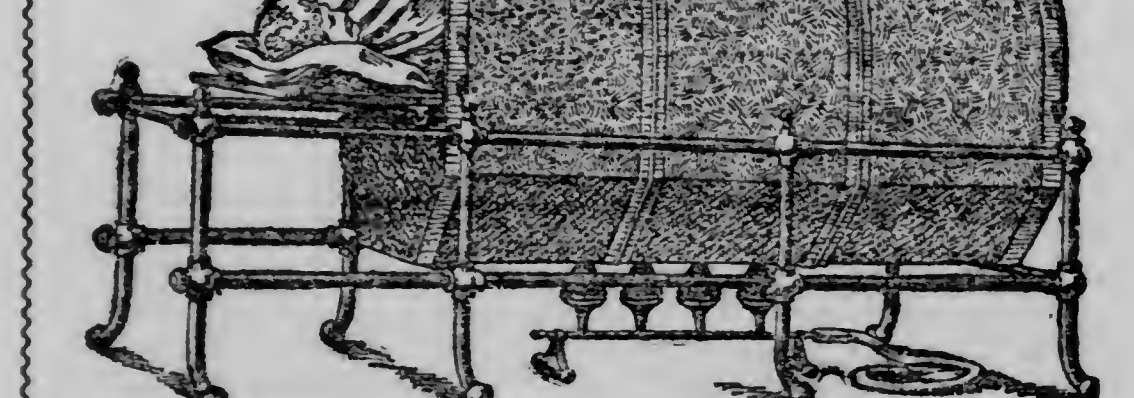
A public school teacher named W. W. only the initial letter of the name being given, has been arrested as being a dangerous member of the "L. A. W." and is now being held in custody.

A terrible weather has prevailed on the north side of the island of Jamaica. Since Friday night a violent storm has been raging, with heavy rain and high winds, and in some of the places hundreds of acres of fruit have been ruined. The course of Bluff Bay river has been diverted, and the surrounding country has been covered by a large body of water.

BIG DEMAND.

Pig Iron Wanted and Heavy Sales Made at Advanced Prices.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 22.—The Valley Bessemer association this week sold to the leading Pittsburgh interest 20,000 tons of pig iron at \$12.50 at the furnaces in the Shamokin and Monaca valleys. This is the highest single purchase of pig iron for many months, and coupled with the sales of other iron interests, it is one of the most striking illustrations of the heavy demand for iron and steel and the real prosperity general throughout the Pittsburgh region. The price paid is also an advance of 2 cents a ton above the lowest price paid for pig last month.



ARREST ON RIGHT by our lotar treatment L. Grieppe better it harms you. It maintains harmony of mind and body, one bath now. All chronic diseases treated. Consultation free. UNION MEDICAL INSTITUTE, by mail or office.

WRECKED SALOONS

Mrs. Carrie Nation Proceeds With Her Mission of Destroying Saloons.

IS IN JAIL AGAIN

She Is Once More Behind Prison Bars, Praying and Singing.

Wichita, Kans., Jan. 22.—Mrs. Carrie Nation came back to Wichita yesterday after her recent incarceration under a smallpox quarantine and the net results of ten minutes of her work yesterday afternoon are two wrecked saloons, the pieces of which were sold last night for souvenirs.

Mrs. Nation was assisted by Mrs. Julia Evans, Mrs. Lucy Witholt and Mrs. Lydia Hunt, all of the local W. C. T. U. organization.

With hatchets concealed under their cloaks they entered the saloon of James Burns, on Douglas avenue, and did not leave a complete piece of glass or working slot machine in the place. All show cases, both for liquor and cigars, as well as the plate glass windows and doors were broken with lightning speed they ran to John Herries's saloon and had everything in the front of the room, including the plate glass windows broken, when he appeared with a revolver, placed it at Mrs. Nation's head and said that he would blow out her brains if she did not desist. She yielded before the pointed revolver, and with her companions ran to the hotel bar, where she made her first attack on the saloons of Wichita, three weeks ago. There three policemen met her and she struck at Detective Sutton with a poker. He shoved her aside and a youth struck him in the face. A policeman struck the youth and knocked him down.

The police then overpowered Mrs. Nation and her friends and took them to the city prison, followed by 200 people. Mrs. Nation's little daughter pushed her way through the crowd screaming and begged for the release of her mother, but the police were deaf to her entreaties.

Chief of Police Cudron discharged the prisoners after they reached the jail and is heartily condemned by the citizens. The women made him a promise not to wreck any more saloons before noon today. Mrs. Evans' hand was badly cut by broken glass.

After leaving their mother's home, Mrs. Nation in the coolest manner began a street lecture to the immense crowd, saying she would not satisfy herself by one of the heaviest storms known for years, and that considerable damage has resulted. In making the run from the jail to the saloon, she was followed by a crowd of six hundred people.

The damage done by the women is estimated at between \$100 and \$200. David Nation, the husband of Mrs. Nation, was in the city, but took no part in the wrecking of the saloons, nor did he go to the jail when his wife was arrested.

The affair created intense excitement and it is estimated that 5000 persons, men and women, viewed the wreck. Mrs. Nation's new sensation last night by slapping Sheriff Simmons on the face, taking hold of his ears and giving him a rough handling.

Mrs. Nation was at the Union station, in the act of buying a ticket to a neighbor town when the sheriff pulled her sleeve, saying: "You are my prisoner, madam."

Mrs. Nation turned her face about and seeing Sheriff Simmons gave him a violent slap across the face. She followed this up by taking hold of his ears and giving him a rough handling.

The Union station was full of women, who began screaming and shouting, and held the sheriff, who is a small man, struggled with his powerful antagonist. A policeman came to his rescue and with the aid of some bystanders, they succeeded in picking up the woman in their arms.

The story is that W. O. Perry, said by the police to be the son of wealthy parents, his father serving three terms as a member of the Texas legislature and the owner of several large cattle ranches, told Mayor Harrison a plausible story, claiming to be a business man in the city and his desire to cash a draft on his home bank. The desired letter of indorsement from Chicago was given him, and the draft was at once honored by the Merchants' Loan and Trust bank.

Three weeks later it was returned marked "funds," and was made good by a personal check of the mayor. Perry has been arrested.

Frank Hall, proprietor of the Savanna hotel, is said to have cashed two drafts for \$20 each.

TO MANIPULATE PRICES.

Trusts Throw 30,000 Men Out to Boost Prices.

Hartford City, Ind., Jan. 22.—The American Window Glass company and the Independent Manufacturers' association today agreed to close their plants April 1 instead of June 1. Rightly factories and about 2000 workers will be affected. The object of the shut down is to curtail the production and maintain prices.

SCHIFFMAN APPOINTED.

St. Paul Man Gets State Oil Inspectorship.

St. Paul, Jan. 22.—Governor Van Sant late yesterday appointed Fred C. Schiffman, of St. Paul, to be state oil inspector. This is one of the most lucrative offices in the state.

TWO ENCAMPMENTS.

St. Louis, Jan. 22.—Jeffries was yesterday selected by the council of administration of the Grand Army of the Republic.

BEYOND DOUBT

These Facts Must Convince Every Duluth Reader.

THAT WHICH FOLLOWS IS THE EXPERIENCE OF A RESIDENT OF DULUTH. INCREPITUDE CANNOT EXIST ABOUT THE STATEMENT BECAUSE IT CAN EASILY BE INVESTIGATED.

Mr. L. Sinotte, of 202 Fourth street west, driver for the Mannheim Baking company, says: "For several years I was troubled with my kidneys and back, and though I used different remedies nothing was effectual in relieving the trouble until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at the Duluth Drug company's store and used them. They removed the trouble completely. I was annoyed by a constant dull aching pain across my loins and the back of my kidneys. If I stooped unguardedly or attempted to lift anything heavy, sharp twinges of pain passed through me. The kidney secretions were highly colored, irregular and unnatural and deposited a dark sediment. I could not rest well at night, was compelled to repeatedly change position and consequently rose in the morning tired and worn out. Under the treatment of Doan's Kidney Pills I improved steadily until I was as well as I ever was."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-McMillan company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

He for the next annual encampment, to be held at Duluth, Minn., on the 22nd of September. As a result of this action, representatives of Denver, Colo., returned and would have intended to take up the matter with the Duluth committee and would also hold an encampment the second week of September.

FIERCE GALES.

Overdue Steamer Aiki Reports Worst Storms in Years in Alaska.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 22.—The steamer Aiki has arrived here fourteen days overdue from Skagway. Her officers report that Alaska has been visited by one of the heaviest storms known for years, and that considerable damage has resulted. In making the run from the jail to the saloon, she was followed by a crowd of six hundred people.

The Aiki reports that the tug Pioneer was sent north to tow the City of Topeka down, as she is wind bound in Toke's inlet.

MAY FIGHT BROAD.

McGovern Will Take Him If He Cannot Land Here.

New York, Jan. 22.—It is stated that if Terry McGovern cannot make satisfactory terms with Frank Erbe for a bout in San Francisco, it is probable that he will take on Kid Broad for a twenty-five round bout in that city.

The San Francisco Athletic club has practically offered a \$5000 purse for McGovern to fight a twenty-five round bout with Kid Broad in the city. McGovern is a man in that class that wants to go with the champion. McGovern is a man in that class that wants to go with the champion.

Announcement.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying medicine to the nasal cavities, the medicinal Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as "Ely's Cream Balm," is being prepared. The medicinal Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the mucous membrane, and is shown by the secretions, but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Bros., 58 Warren street, New York.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

G. F. Little last night undertook to throw Louis Cyr, the Canadian strong man, Graeco-Roman style in twenty minutes at Montreal. He accomplished the feat in twenty minutes, and was awarded a prize of \$1000.

Fire at Kansas City, Ill., yesterday destroyed the Commercial House and caused the death of C. C. Cortright, a resident of the hotel. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the kitchen.

Fire last night in the Eagle horseshoe works at South Milwaukee destroyed the building and caused the loss of \$1000. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the kitchen.

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GROWTH OF THE STATE

Compilation of the Population of Minnesota Completed By Census Bureau.

THE BIG INCREASES

Shown By Some Counties, Mostly in Northern Part of State.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Director Merriam has completed the compilation of the population of Minnesota, and he has issued a bulletin which says:

"The population of the state in 1900 is 1,751,324, as compared with a population in 1890 of 1,301,826, showing an increase since 1890 of 449,508, or 34.5 per cent. The total land surface of Minnesota is 225,180 square miles. In fact, the fact that there were 8208 Indians and 249 other persons, or a total of 8457 persons, on Indian reservations, etc., in Minnesota, who were specially enumerated in 1890 under the provisions of the census act, but were not included in the general population of the state at that census. The increase of 34.5 per cent, though materially less than that of earlier decades, is nevertheless a large accession to the population of a state which has been distinguished for its rapid growth throughout its brief history.

"Attention is particularly attracted by the influx of population to this territory during the decade from 1890 to 1900, when the number of inhabitants increased from 677 to 1,232,023, or 73.6 per cent.

"The population of Minnesota in 1900 is more than 28 times as large as that given for 1850, the first census in which the population of the territory, now comprising the state, was enumerated. The total land surface of Minnesota is, approximately, 75,205 square miles, the average number of persons to the square mile being 23.2.

"All of the eighty-two counties in the state have increased in population during the decade, the counties showing more than 100 per cent of increase being Beltrami, 245.3 per cent; Cook, 72.6 per cent; Cass, 52.7 per cent; Itasca, 31.5 per cent; Hubbard, 28.8 per cent; Lake, 28.3 per cent; Kanabec, 19.2 per cent; Pine, 18.4 per cent; Miller, 18.3 per cent, and Aitkin, 17.3 per cent. There are also twenty-four counties which have increased in population more than 50 per cent, but less than 100 per cent during the last ten years."

The bulletin shows that there are 447 townships in the state, 31,000 villages and hamlets, and 1,751,324 inhabitants. The population of the state is 1,751,324, as compared with a population in 1890 of 1,301,826, showing an increase since 1890 of 449,508, or 34.5 per cent.

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Doctors and Midwives Recommend "Mother's Friend"

because it is used externally in cases of the delicate situation of expectant mothers. It is a constant relief, robbing childbirth of the terrors and dangers. It is a blessing in a bottle. There is nothing like it.

"No, I'm no punk." her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly. All bottles of "Mother's Friend" are mailed free to ladies. Sent by express paid on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle. Book, "Mother's Friend," mailed free to ladies. Sold by all Druggists.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

MORMON BISHOPS' PILLS have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young men. Cures all diseases of the urinary system, including gonorrhea, syphilis, leucorrhea, etc. Cures all diseases of the prostate gland, including prostatic hypertrophy, etc. Cures all diseases of the bladder, including cystitis, etc. Cures all diseases of the rectum, including hemorrhoids, etc. Cures all diseases of the stomach, including indigestion, etc. Cures all diseases of the liver, including jaundice, etc. Cures all diseases of the spleen, including splenitis, etc. Cures all diseases of the pancreas, including pancreatitis, etc. Cures all diseases of the gallbladder, including cholecystitis, etc. Cures all diseases of the biliary system, including biliary colic, etc. Cures all diseases of the urinary system, including gonorrhea, etc. Cures all diseases of the prostate gland, including prostatic hypertrophy, etc. Cures all diseases of the bladder, including cystitis, etc. Cures all diseases of the rectum, including hemorrhoids, etc. Cures all diseases of the stomach, including 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Big Saving in our Boys' and Children's Dept.



The taking from the price takes nothing from the style and excellence of the clothing. We started the month with the announcement of a Big Discount Sale in our Boys' Department. Parents have recognized that with the Big Duluth saying is the doing, the performance is equal to the promise, and so each day the department has been satisfactorily busy with those seeking and securing the great values offered.

There are not less than 100 Boys' Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters and Cape Coats in this department, on which the discount is over 50 per cent, which mean **LESS THAN HALF PRICE. Think of this! Act on it!**

Men's \$10 and \$12 Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters selling at \$5.00

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.
125 and 127 West Superior St.

SOME BARGAINS.		HOUSES FOR RENT.	
2422 West First street—5x10—sewer, street and avenue included—brown paint, a great snap.	\$1600	214 Third avenue East—6 rooms, city water.	\$12.50
150 West Superior street—100-foot corner in Dupont, one-story, street, beautiful location.	\$6500	229 West Fourth street—4-room flat.	\$7.00
100 square, on corner of Second street and Fifteenth avenue.	\$3000	527 West Fourth street—eight rooms, bath, etc.	\$20.00
LAKESIDE AND WEST DULUTH. Some rare bargains in houses.	\$3000	1960 West Third street—six rooms.	\$10.00

We have money ready for all-sized loans at lowest rates, 5, 6 and 6 per cent, according to size and security.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

VERY CHEAP INDEED.
Room, residence, school, foundation, yard, garden, shrubs and trees, worth at least \$250. We can sell it for \$100 on very easy terms. Take an inventory of your household goods and then insure against fire with **Little & Nolke, Exchange Bldg.**

Why is Electric Light Best
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY CLEAN! SAFE! CHEAP!
As electric light work, no danger of suffocation. It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas contains as much poison as one cubic foot of air. It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

Commercial Light & Power Co.,
215 W. Superior St.

DEATH IN FLAME SUSPICIOUS.

One Man Burned and Another Fatally Injured In Pennsylvania Fire.

Johnstown, Pa., Jan. 23.—One man was burned to death, two were fatally injured and a dozen others slightly hurt by a fire in the lumber town of Ashtabula, Somerset county, last night. The dead, Samuel Dorn, of Williamsport. Fatally injured: Charles W. Zimmerman, of Paxtonville.

James Richard, of Rummel, Pa. The injuries of the others consisted of light burns, sprained ankles in jumping and lacerating hands in breaking through window. The buildings were destroyed. They belonged to the Babcock Lumber company, of Pittsburgh, by whom the men were employed, and were used as lodging and boarding houses. The money loss was small.

UNPARALLELED.

Wonderful Heroism Displayed at Cincinnati Fire—Is Unprecedented.

Cincinnati, Jan. 23.—In view of the deliverance from frightful sacrifice of life, the money loss of \$400,000 entailed by the fire at the Grand Opera house during the production of "Hannibal" last evening glows into insignificance. The marvelous coolness of the audience, and the heroism of the actors and actresses in assisting the exit of the audience were, perhaps, never equaled in the history of theater fires. Actor E. H. Sothern said today that it seemed as if every person in the house knew instinctively the right thing to do, and proceeded to do it. Much commendation was given today to Mrs. Sothern (Virginia Hartwell), who, dressed for the part of Ophelia, came to the front of the stage and succeeded in getting the audience from jumping down to the stage, a proceeding that would have undoubtedly precipitated a panic. Mr. Sothern will not give to New York and there determine his future plans.

OCEAN STRAIGHTSHIPS.

Southampton—Arrived: Trave, for Bremen.

KING GOES TO LONDON

Edward VII Attends Session of Privy Council and Takes Oath.

Metropolis in Garb of Mourning and Business at Standstill.

London, Jan. 23, 1 p. m.—The king-emperor entered his capital at 12:55 p. m., and proceeded to Marlborough house.

After attending the first privy council at St. James palace, at 2 o'clock p. m., when a decision will be reached regarding the public proclamation of his accession, which it is expected will be read tomorrow at 10 o'clock a. m., his majesty will proceed to the house of lords for the meeting of parliament.

London has donned a garb of mourning from end to end and an early hour found a thick fog enveloping the city like a pall, a fitting accompaniment of the funeral apparel of everyone. Throughout the West End drawn blinds are the order of the day, while on all the embassies, government offices and public buildings, the flags are half-masted. The law courts, the stock exchange and all the produce and metal exchanges throughout the country only seemed to close immediately after the preceding officers had addressed to the members a few words of tribute to the dead monarch.

There were exceptionally large congregations in the churches in all parts of the country. At St. Paul's cathedral the prayers for the royal family were altered to read: "For our sovereign lords, the king and the queen consort." All the services were ended by the playing of the dead march.

The various naval and military stations fired a salute of eighty-one guns at mid-day to signalize the death of the queen, one gun for each completed year of the queen's age.

The public buildings are being draped with black, the stores are displaying many signs of mourning and business is practically at a standstill.

Dense crowds, beginning at St. James street, lined the entire route to Victoria station from an early hour. The Mall street front of Buckingham palace was especially thronged. All along from the palace to Marlborough house, carriages filled with ladies, as if for a drawing room, except that the coachmen, footmen and occupants were all dressed in mourning. The police precautions were unusual. Men on foot and mounted guarded almost every yard of the way.

The crowds waited for hours to greet their king. Finally, preceded by half a dozen mounted policemen, the new sovereign arrived in a plain brougham, which was driven very rapidly, with the coachman and footman in their usual gray liveries with mourning bands on their arms. An enquiry was sent beside him. The king was, of course, dressed in the deepest and most simple mourning, and carefully raised his hat in acknowledgement of the silent uncovering of heads, which was more impressive than the most enthusiastic cheering. The king looked tired and very sad, but very well. Following him came the duke of York, the duke of Connaught and others. Both the king and the duke of York looked pathetically up at Buckingham palace as they passed, and acknowledged the salute of the guard of honor drawn up inside the palace grounds. The troops there and elsewhere showed no signs of mourning, except that the bands were not present, but all the officers had crepe on their left sleeves.

The king drove to St. James palace from Marlborough house to reside at the first privy council, by way of Marlborough house yard, the Mall and garden entrance of the palace. He was attended by Lord Sutherland, who has been the lord of the bed chamber to the prince of Wales since 1872, and was escorted by a captain's escort with guards.

The procedure was exactly as on leave days. By the time the king arrived a great gathering of privy councillors, in leave dress with crepe on their left arms, had taken up positions in the throne room—cabinet ministers, peers, commoners, bishops, judges, the lord mayor, etc., including the duke of York, the duke of Connaught and lesser members of the royal family.

Lord Salisbury, Lord Rosebery, A. J. Balfour, the duke of Devonshire, Lord Strathmore and Mount Royal and a host of the most prominent personages in the land were there to receive the king's formal oath, binding him to govern the kingdom according to its laws and customs and headed by the duke of Devonshire.

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FUNERAL OF QUEEN

All the Royalty of Europe Will Gather at the Obsequies.

TO OCCUR AT NIGHT

With the Utmost Pomp and Ceremony in St. George's Chapel.

New York, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the World from London says: "All the royalty of Europe will gather at the funeral of Queen Victoria. The obsequies will be unprecedented, because her majesty was closely related to the European court, big and little. The queen will in all probability be buried within ten days, at Windsor mausoleum, which she erected over the Prince Consort in Windsor Park. In former days a month would elapse between the death and burial of a sovereign. One day the body of the queen will lie in state in Waterloo chamber, Windsor castle. The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock at night, with the utmost pomp and ceremony, in St. George's chapel.

It is believed that a simple ceremony will be held at Osborne house, and the body of the queen will then be placed on the royal yacht and conveyed to Portsmouth. A funeral train will then take the royal road and mourning family to London. At the stations en route the crepe-draped train will be met by the mourning people with hared heads. It will arrive at Victoria station.

The millions of the metropolis will lay aside the ordinary duties and pleasures of the day, all places of amusements will again be closed, and all the populace will gather to mourn the queen and do her honor. The funeral procession will form a Victoria station and proceed to Paddington station, and the last section of the journey to Portsmouth will be begun.

In Osborne house, the pier, and far from Windsor castle, on the left hand side of the long walk, is the magnificent mausoleum containing all that is mortal of the prince consort. This building, cruciform in shape and Romanesque in style, cost \$100,000, the amount being provided by her majesty herself. The queen will be buried beside the duke and duchess of Edinburgh, whose loss she never ceased to mourn.

THE KING LEAVES COWES.

Town Looked Miserable and Weather Was Threatening.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 23, 8:30 a. m.—The morning opened dull and threatening, and the town bears a miserable aspect. Everywhere the blinds are drawn and black is displayed. There is a constant interchange of signals between the royal yacht Albert, the duke of Devonshire's yacht, and the yacht Osborne, aboard of which some members of the royal family still remain.

A message just received from Osborne house says Emperor William's plans are not yet known, but it is believed he will not leave today. The Albert has steamed up all night, and now has a big funeral procession to proceed to Portsmouth at 9:40 o'clock with the king, the duke of York, Mr. Balfour and the earl of Devonshire, to catch a special train for London at 11 o'clock. The royal yacht Albert has received orders to remain in readiness to receive the queen's remains to the mainland. The transfer of her majesty's body will, it is believed, take place soon. The coffin will be placed on the main deck afterwards, just in front of the structure known as the "queen's canopy," in which her majesty was in the habit of sitting during her trips on the yacht. The coffin will be placed on a spot marked on the deck with a brass cross, where the coffin of Prince Henry of Battenberg also rested.

The king and duke of York will return to Osborne house, where the queen's remains to the mainland. The transfer of her majesty's body will, it is believed, take place soon. The coffin will be placed on the main deck afterwards, just in front of the structure known as the "queen's canopy," in which her majesty was in the habit of sitting during her trips on the yacht. The coffin will be placed on a spot marked on the deck with a brass cross, where the coffin of Prince Henry of Battenberg also rested.

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COMMONS TAKE OATH

Members of the British House Declare Allegiance to New King.

LOARDS SWEAR ALSO

That They Recognize Edward VII As The Empire's Lawful Sovereign.

London, Jan. 23.—The house of lords and the house of commons assembled at 4 o'clock and took the oath of allegiance to the new sovereign.

The attendance in the house of commons was large. All the members, dressed in the deepest mourning, stood up as Speaker Gully entered and announced that by reason of the deeply lamented decease of her majesty, Queen Victoria, it had become their duty to take the oath of allegiance to her successor, his majesty, King Edward VII. The speaker then administered the oath and the swearing in of the members proceeded. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the house, and Sir William Vernon Harcourt were the first to subscribe their names on the roll.

In the house of lords the duke was taken by the duke of York, the duke of Connaught, Earl Roberts, Lord Rosebery, Lord Salisbury, the duke of Argyll, Lord Lansdowne and a hundred others. The house of lords then adjourned until tomorrow.

FRENCH DELEGATION.

Those Who Will Be at Queen Victoria's Funeral.

Paris, Jan. 23.—The delegation which will represent France at Queen Victoria's funeral will be composed of Vice Admiral DeLafayette Gen. Daulous, secretary of the presidency; Maj. Claubaud, an officer of President Loubet's military household; and a representative of the foreign office.

The tri-color of the Elysee was furled and buried with crepe this morning.

Gen. Daulous and Maj. Claubaud called at the British embassy today and conveyed President Loubet's condolences. The president has countermanded a dinner which was to be given at the Elysee Jan. 31, in honor of the new bureau of the chamber and senate, and has abandoned his intended visit at three different functions today and tomorrow.

A creped standard is fixed over the gateway of the British embassy and the registers there is being filled with the best known names in France and those of the various ambassadors, including Gen. Horace Porter, the United States ambassador.

The premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, and all the cabinet ministers, at the British embassy today and conveyed President Loubet's condolences. The president has countermanded a dinner which was to be given at the Elysee Jan. 31, in honor of the new bureau of the chamber and senate, and has abandoned his intended visit at three different functions today and tomorrow.

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ANATON'S MOURNING

All Social Functions Will Be Suspended—Will Be No London Season.

QUEEN NOT WEALTHY

Said That Her Riches Have Vanished In Supporting Dependent Relatives.

New York, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "The duke of York will not necessarily become the prince of Wales now that his father has ascended the throne. The principality was granted by Edward I to his son, afterward Edward II, and his heirs, the kings of England. Consequently, when the prince of Wales succeeds to the throne, his principality merges in his sovereignty. The new sovereign's eldest son is still duke of York, but he becomes duke of York only when he succeeds to the throne. The period during which mourning is worn for the sovereign of the realm is usually three months, full mourning being worn eight weeks. The king can, however, prolong the duration of the period, and nothing has yet been definitely decided in regard to this matter.

All social functions will be suspended during the next six months and there will be no London season. Country house pleasures will be suspended, and the English upper classes will go to the continent until the period of gloom has ended. Ultimately London will be a gay capital than ever.

The opening of the new reign will involve many changes in social England. It is expected that the king will reside at Windsor during the early months of his reign, and that the duke of York will occupy Sandringham, but that ultimately their chief residences will be Buckingham palace and Marlborough house.

There is a general belief that the queen was one of the richest sovereigns and that she would leave an immense estate to her heirs. It is stated that there will be much astonishment when the amount of her personal property is revealed by the provisions of her will. Instead of being very great, it will prove to be of moderate value, and it was noted that her private fortune will be found to be a great number of relatives dependent upon her, and that she was compelled from time to time to pay their bills and to extricate them from embarrassments.

The reading of the queen's last will and testament may be postponed for some time, but it is expected that it will be read in the presence of her family and those in whose business ability she had implicit confidence.

January has been a fatal month in the life of the English royal family. It is a singular coincidence that Queen Victoria passed her eighty-first anniversary on the day of the death of her father, George III, in 1820. It occurred on Jan. 18, 1820, that Prince Henry of Batavia passed away, and it was also in January that the duke of Clarence, the direct heir to the throne in the second generation, came to his untimely end.

TO KILL THE QUEEN.

Seven Attempts Were Made on Her Life.

Queen Victoria has many narrow escapes from accident and death. From her babyhood upward her life was constantly imperiled. When only 6 months of age she escaped death as though by a miracle.

Her parents, the duke and duchess of Kent, had taken the royal child to St. Mungo, Devonshire, for a change of air. A boy shooting sparrows accidentally discharged his gun opposite a window at which a nurse holding the infant was sitting. The glass was shattered, and the nurse's sleeve was ripped and she was cut. The nurse and the baby prince escaped injury.

Four years after the princess' life was saved by an Irish soldier. The pony carriage in which she was driving was upset and she had fallen on her head. It was not for the promptness with which the soldier, who was passing by, seized the little princess and her frock and tossed her up into his arms.

Curiously enough, the soldier was not aware until five years had passed that the child whose life he had saved had grown up to be the queen of England.

No fewer than seven attempts have been made upon her majesty's life, but with the exception of a slight wound on her cheek she escaped scathless from all these attacks.

A short time after her marriage an assassin pelted named Oxford, fired twice at the queen in Hyde park. Two years afterward, as the queen and Prince Albert were driving home from church the prince consort saw a man present pistol and fire point blank at her majesty. The weapon fortunately flashed in the pan.

The next day the same man, a fellow named Francis, again fired at the queen. This time he was captured, tried, for high treason, and sentenced to death, but by royal command his sentence was commuted to transportation for life.

The same day the royal clemency was made known a deformed mad named

Bean attempted to take her majesty's life.

Seven years afterward a man named Hamilton fired at the queen, and the next year an ex-captain of Hussars named Pate cut open her majesty's face with a blow from a stick.

In 1872 a lad named O'Connor was prevented from firing at the queen by a gardener, and ten years later a man named Maclean fired at her majesty as she was entering her carriage at Windsor station.

Soon after the coronation, while Victoria was driving with her mother near Highgate Hill, the horses took fright. They were stopped by a publican, who, when asked to name his reward, said: "Permission to put the queen's arm on my sign."

Next day he received a present of a handsome purse filled with coin of which he ironically observed that "it was heavy, very heavy."

The queen was also in peril of her life by a carriage accident in Scotland, and twice has been in imminent danger at sea.

When a girl of 14, during a yachting excursion, she was dragged from under a father's mantle by a pilot named Saunders, and so saved from death. Forty-two years after this the royal yacht collided with a vessel named the Mistletoe, and two people were drowned within sight of the queen.

Her majesty was in a railway collision in 1856.

In all these trying experiences the queen maintained her self-possession, observing that her one thought on such occasions was the regret at leaving certain duties in which she was then engaged unfulfilled.

HAS A VAST FORTUNE.

Ruler Is Supposed to Be Worth at Least \$125,000,000.

Queen Victoria is the first English sovereign who ever had property to leave. All her predecessors upon the throne bequeathed their successors nothing but debts, which parliament was called upon to pay. While the queen usually three months, full mourning being worn eight weeks. The king can, however, prolong the duration of the period, and nothing has yet been definitely decided in regard to this matter.

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Count Susini, Once a Millionaire, Dies in New York Tenement.

New York, Jan. 23.—Count Joseph de Susini, who was accounted ten times a millionaire in Cuba in his prime, when he controlled the cigar industry there, died a poor man in a tenement at 315 East Eleventh street.

It was said that he was a man who lived. With his son, Baron Justus Susini, who is an American citizen, for the title of prosperity to turn in his favor, he was able to get a large sum of money from the Cuban government. He had a large fortune, but he was a miser and he died a poor man.

The count's death was caused by cancer, resulting from a wound he received in a duel in 1885 when he was one of the leading Cuban revolutionaries. He was a man of great energy and he was a member of the Order of the Most Holy Trinity.

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LAWLESS CONDITION

Many Depredations Are Reported From the Vicinity of Tien Tsin.

TO WITHDRAW FORCE

Said That American Troops In China Will Be Removed In Spring.

Tien Tsin, Friday, Jan. 18.—The United States transport Summer, which has arrived at Taku, brought 150 troops to replace Americans who had been in-validated.

Two deserters from the American troops with an American flag have recently committed acts of depredation in the surrounding country and have blackmailed the villagers. Both were captured, but one succeeded in making his escape and is still at large. It is probable that they will be shot. Three Sikhs who were found guilty of similar acts, were taken to the scene of their depredations today and given fifty lashes each. Many lawless acts are being committed. A French soldier has been sentenced to a term of five years in prison for drawing his bayonet upon an Australian policeman. Two Frenchmen have been shot and an American has been stabbed in saloon brawls. The French soldiers draw their bayonets upon the slightest provocation.

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Hosiery Specials

15c for Ladies' 25c full fast black fleeced hose, very elastic and durable.
25c for Ladies' 35c black wool hose, high spliced heels and toes.

The January White Wear Selling



This Gown 88c.

Keeps merrily on increasing and exceeding all other efforts. Nothing remarkable about it, though it's simply the result of selling "better goods for the same money" or "the same goods for less money" than elsewhere—and the public appreciation of the fact. If you want merely a low price you need not be so particular as to where you go for your merchandise. The town is full of "low price" (!!) Undermuslins—but if quality and style—workmanship and finish and newness and cleanliness enter into your estimate of the value of things—you will not equal our offerings—search as you may. It's about sixteen days since the helpful selling started—the outgo has been large, but the intake of fresh, new goods keeps the stock complete and desirable.

FOR TOMORROW

Special value Gowns at 38c, 50c, 75c, 88c, \$1.00 and up to \$7.50.
Beautiful Skirts at 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.25 and up to \$9.00.
Special values in Drawers at 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c, \$1 up to \$5.00.
Dainty Corset Covers at 10c, 19c, 25c, 35c and up to \$2.75

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. on Wednesday, Jan. 23.—Weather: fair, with light winds, and a few clouds. Temperature: 20 to 30. Wind: light, variable. Rain: none. Snow: none. Fog: none. Ice: none. The weather is generally fair, with light winds, and a few clouds. Temperature: 20 to 30. Wind: light, variable. Rain: none. Snow: none. Fog: none. Ice: none.

Local forecasts for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, fair, with light winds, and a few clouds. Temperature: 20 to 30. Wind: light, variable. Rain: none. Snow: none. Fog: none. Ice: none.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Forecast: (1) 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.: fair, with light winds, and a few clouds. Temperature: 20 to 30. Wind: light, variable. Rain: none. Snow: none. Fog: none. Ice: none.

There is a report from Washington that the house will pass the ship subsidy bill, if it is amended in certain important particulars. With the amendments, it is also thought to be probable that the measure would be acceptable to a majority of the republican senators. Whether it can be brought to a vote in the senate depends largely upon the opposition. If they resort to obstructive tactics, they may be able to prevent the passage of the bill at this session. For obvious reasons the president would hesitate to call an extra session merely to put a subsidy scheme through congress. If the opposition is lukewarm, however, the bill may be passed before the adjournment on March 3.

Senator Hanna has issued a pronouncement in which he declares that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens. He says that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens. He says that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens.

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many hours longer than they thought possible. Every Britisher regards her death as a personal bereavement, so deep was the regard in which she was held, and many tears were shed when the sad news came that she had passed from earth. Born nearly eighty-two years ago, she had indeed reached a "green old age" and it is not surprising that in recent years the cares of state pressed heavily upon her and that recent afflictions and many events connected with the war in South Africa finally prostrated her. She had witnessed wonderful changes in the map of the world during her lengthy reign, had seen many rulers and statesmen stricken by the hand of death and experienced numerous great sorrows and personal bereavements. All the friends of her childhood days had passed away, and sons and daughters and grandchildren and numerous other near relatives preceded her into "the great beyond," and but few remained of those who were prominent in the affairs of the nation during the second and third quarters of the nineteenth century. Of the four great figures of the last half of the last century in Europe but one other remains. Pope Leo XIII, an old man when elected to the papal throne, twenty-three years ago, still fills the pontifical office, vigorous in mind and possessing a degree of physical strength surprising in the case of one who will be 81 years old on March 15 next. Bismarck was five years younger than Pope Leo and he died at the age of 83. Gladstone was only a few months older than the pope and was 89 when he died in 1898, the same year that Bismarck passed away. And now Queen Victoria, nine years younger than Pope Leo, has likewise joined "the great majority."

IT MUST BE STOPPED!

The story published in The Herald yesterday of the narrow escape from a horrible death by a young boy who was coasting down Second avenue west from Third street should be a warning to others who engage in this dangerous pastime. But it probably will not have that desired effect, because there have been many other equally narrow escapes in the past, and the facts have been published. This boy's sled ran directly in front of a moving street car, and only the presence of the driver saved him from being ground beneath the wheels of the car into a shapeless mass of flesh and bones. Had the car been moving at a slightly faster rate of speed he would assuredly have been carried beneath the car and crushed to death.

Every day the law against coasting on the avenues is being violated, and terrible risks are being taken all over the city by boys and girls, many of greater years than the young child who was in yesterday's accident. The police department has issued warnings and threats of arrest, but they have proved of no avail. The reckless coasting goes on in all sections of the city, and but for the extraordinary precautions taken by the motorman on the street cars, have prevented some awful accidents. It is a probably fatal character. The time has come when stern measures must be taken and warnings and threats must be followed by action that will put a stop to the dangerous practice.

The Herald believes that the police department should no longer treat this violation of one of the city ordinances with leniency. The ordinance can and should be enforced in the strictest manner. There should be no delay in beginning its enforcement, and there should be no favoritism shown or leniency displayed by the police or by the judges before whom the offenders are brought.

Let the chief of police send out his men with positive instructions to arrest every boy or girl seen coasting on the avenues and back them up in the police station, and let the judges of the municipal court impose fines on all convicted of violating the ordinance, and refuse to suspend sentence in any case. Let them direct soon to be put to the coasting business in Duluth. Mayor Hugo is the head of the police department, and The Herald appeals to him to direct the chief of police to issue these instructions to the police force at once—next week, or next month—but this evening.

There is a report from Washington that the house will pass the ship subsidy bill, if it is amended in certain important particulars. With the amendments, it is also thought to be probable that the measure would be acceptable to a majority of the republican senators. Whether it can be brought to a vote in the senate depends largely upon the opposition. If they resort to obstructive tactics, they may be able to prevent the passage of the bill at this session. For obvious reasons the president would hesitate to call an extra session merely to put a subsidy scheme through congress. If the opposition is lukewarm, however, the bill may be passed before the adjournment on March 3.

Senator Hanna has issued a pronouncement in which he declares that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens. He says that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens. He says that he will not support any bill which would give a subsidy to any one of our citizens.

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from cotton. Dealers in seal, mink, otter and other high-priced furs will see to it that no one is allowed to color muskrat or rabbit in imitation of their goods. Grains and poultry cereal must not be made the color of coffee—because it hurts the coffee industry. In short, if the principle involved in the Groat bill prevail, all things must be genuine under pain of a tax. Wigs and false teeth must be taxed, if they are made the color of the originals; cork legs and the bustle (should the latter be revived) will have to be stamped externally, lest someone be deceived by the false show. Skimmed milk will no longer be allowed to masquerade as cream.

The Herald is aware that Minnesota has vast dairy interests. These interests might be benefited to some extent by killing the oleomargarine industry. It might in the end enable the producers of butter to control the market and fix the price of their product. This would be the tendency, because the dairy industry is limited to a very small area. The South and Southwest can not produce butter—the climatic conditions are against it. There will always be a market for the full product of butter and cheese of the United States, and at fair prices. The dairy industry has been the most profitable location of the Northern farmer. In Wisconsin, Minnesota farmers who could not make both ends meet at ordinary farming have grown rich in the butter and cheese business. There is no call for protecting the dairy interest. The passage of the Groat bill would add but another trust to the already too full quota.

AN EQUITABLE MEASURE.

The bill of Senator Schaller providing compensation to the owner of cattle destroyed in accordance with the law for preventing the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals is a most equitable measure and should become a law, if amended in one particular. For the owners of cattle found by the proper authorities to be infected with tuberculosis in accordance with the law, must be killed for the public good. It being a regulation for the benefit of the whole community, and the owner not having committed a tort or in any way violated a law, he should receive from the state a reasonable compensation for his loss of property. This should be the rule in all cases where private property is taken for the public use or for the public good. When the property is acquired in good faith, and afterward is found to be a nuisance, the innocent purchaser should be protected.

This principle ought to apply to cases where a change of the law makes a business illegal which was legal when the investment was made, but for some reason the supreme court decided differently in the case of breweries and other similar institutions situated in such cases it would hold that because the property was not taken bodily, the law which rendered the property worthless was not such a taking as to render the states liable. Under this doctrine a farmer or stockman who loses his cattle herd has no recourse against the state, because the state must through its police powers, protect the interests of the many at the sacrifice of the few.

It is a harsh rule, however, and in every case where it can be modified by legislation it should be done. According to Senator Schaller's bill, the town or city where the animals are destroyed will bear one-fifth of the expense and the state four-fifths. The value of the animals sacrificed is to be determined by appraisers, according to the bill, but it would seem reasonable to amend this clause by fixing definitely a moderate amount as compensation, saving the cost of appraisal and guarding against extortion.

The spirit of territorial expansion seems to have invaded our South American neighbor, Chile. These proposals, however, are not so much for the benefit of the twentieth century as for the carving up and serving of a neighborly republic. Bolivia is the victim that is proposed to be drawn and quartered. The Herald believes that the state must through its police powers, protect the interests of the many at the sacrifice of the few.

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and his influence sent several votes to Evans.

The prize blockheads among the census enumerators are reported from Indianapolis, Ind. Among the queries on the blanks was this: "Length of forelock." Several enumerators misunderstood the question and returned such answers as "20 by 40," "5 feet," and the like. Albany, N. Y., is so cut up over the fact that the census shows a falling off in population that the local enumerators are being roundly denounced as drunken men and incompetents, and a recount is demanded.

The arm of Count de Lubersac has been pierced by the sword of Baron Robert de Rothschild. Honor is satisfied and the world can now move on until Count de Lubersac is ready to settle his little affairs; then it, the world, must stop again. Such is life among the nobility.

The Minneapolis Tribune complains that the iron heel of commercialism has crushed the rural pie of our grandmothers. It would require a heavy heel to crush anything that old.

King Edward VII reaches the British throne at an age which makes it improbable, if not impossible, that he will reign as many years as did his illustrious royal mother.

Gen. Clapp's election places another Boer sympathizer in the senate. Undoubtedly the Boer war hastened the queen's decline.

Stop the coasting on the avenues!

STRUCK BY PROSPERITY.

Princeton Union: Prosperity, though fought against heretofore during the campaign, seems to have struck the Duluth Herald anathema. A perfecting press has been added to its plant, and the publisher explains that this prosperity was made necessary by his rapidly increasing circulation. It is a good thing between campaigns, isn't it, dear Herald?

Carlton County Vindicator: The Duluth Herald being the new century by adding a new Web perfecting press to its well equipped office. There is one of the leading dailies of the Northwest.

Brainerd Arena: The Duluth Herald, with characteristic up-to-dateness, has installed a new fast press, with a capacity of 24,000 eight-page papers an hour. At that rate, the Herald should be the least of its good points.

LIGHTLY SAID.

Detroit Free Press: "What is the indispensable gift of a successful artist?" "Well, he must have the knack of making his work look easy and stylish."

Washington Star: "This pugilist who is so anxious to fight you—did you consult him in your class?" "Yes, I did. He told me to go and fight him."

Pittsburgh Chronicle: "There was one thing I looked for in vain in the proceedings of the 'New Year's association.' 'What was that?' 'The fact of the nature and disposition of the hydraulic ram.'

Indianapolis Press: "The Farmer—Don't tell me that you don't work till dark and don't go to bed till midnight." "No, I don't. I go to bed at midnight and don't go to work till dark."

Chicago Tribune: "I am glad you are going to the city. Will you consult some neighbor boys and spend the evening with them?" "What, my dear?" "Yes, my dear. I have a few boys and girls who are going to the city. Will you consult some neighbor boys and spend the evening with them?"

Somerville Journal: "Winks—He said he was a New Englander." "Winks—Why, he doesn't show the least New England traits." "Winks—He said he was a New Englander." "Winks—Why, he doesn't show the least New England traits."

Philadelphia Press: "Once when I was out for a ride, I saw a horse and rider. 'What a fine horse!' said the talkative sportsman. 'I have never seen a horse like that before.' 'What was he going to say?' said the sportsman. 'I don't know, but he was a fine horse.'"

For Paul's Sake. Of all the gifts that bring content, the best is a gift that brings content. Of all the gifts that bring content, the best is a gift that brings content.

Ye brave reformers of the world, remember that the best of all reforms is a reform that brings content. Of all the gifts that bring content, the best is a gift that brings content.

PHIL ARMOUR'S ADVICE. Chicago Tribune: There is a sage piece of advice that is worth remembering. It is the advice of Phil Armour, who says that the best of all reforms is a reform that brings content.

Something new under the sun occurs every once in a while. For example, a New York newspaper tells of a youth of that city who fell in love with a married woman. He was a very good fellow, and his mother-in-law was a very good woman.

A New Jersey judge, in charging a grand jury, has delivered a strong lecture against pugilism, in the form of "boxing contests," and he instructed the grand jury to indict all who participated in any way in these affairs. This is all well enough, and the judge only did his duty, no doubt; but when one thinks, says the Portland Evening Oregonian, that the pugilists are legalized in New Jersey, it may be excused for thinking that the judge is straining at a gnat, after easily swallowing a camel.

While the senatorial campaign was on, the Evans boomers in Minneapolis tried to discredit Clapp's candidacy by asserting that he was the Great Northern railroad's choice. Now, the Journal says that President Hill is very sure because Clapp was elected.

probabilities are that the daughter is a good woman also, and he can enter upon the duties of courtship with an increased confidence in the knowledge that he is making no mistake, having wisely selected the mother-in-law. He will be happy, if, on the other hand, he does not select the mother-in-law carefully and select wisely, if he plunges into matrimony recklessly, making no account of the

A WAY TO SPEND IT

City Officers See Opportunity For Investing Reimbursement For the Dike.

CUT OUT GOOD CHUNK

Fifty Thousand Dollars For Cutting the Canal Net In the Amount.

If Senator Towner's amendment to the river and harbor bill now pending in the senate goes through it will mean much to Duluth. It was understood here that the amendment would call for \$12,000 to be paid the city for expenses in building the ship canal and the dike across Superior bay in 1871, but the amendment only asks for \$12,000.

This is explained by cutting out a claim for \$50,000 which the citizens obtained in putting the ship canal through Minnesota Point. The authorities at Washington concluded that the government was not responsible for the building of the canal, and that Duluth had no legitimate claim against the United States for the \$50,000 bond issue taken up by Philadelphia people.

However, the city officers will be very well satisfied if the \$12,000 item goes through. That would furnish money with which to build the aerial ferry, without resorting to private capital, and it would also mean the purchase of a few acres of the city. The bridge will cost \$100,000 and the tug not less than \$40,000.

BIG DAY'S WORK

Library Issued 631 Books Last Saturday—Books on Abraham Lincoln.

Last Saturday the public library had a record-breaking day for January. The total number of books issued was 631. This means that more than 120 books were loaned to the students at the high school with almost every book issued there is one returned. The books were issued in a little less than an hour. The library was open eleven hours or 160 minutes. Therefore, a book was issued almost every minute, most of them went out in the afternoon, of course, and for a few hours there was a great rush.

As the day wore on, the library approached and the schools are making preparation to celebrate the three others besides the teachers may like to know of the books on Washington, and beside those there will be found books on Lincoln, also ideas and suggestions for celebrating the day in the schools. The list of Lincoln books is as follows:

Alger, H., "Abraham Lincoln, the Backwoods Boy."
Arnold, L. N., "Life of Abraham Lincoln."

Barnett, G., "Memorial Address on Life and Character of Abraham Lincoln."

Brooks, E. S., "True Story of Abraham Lincoln."

Brooks, Noah, "Abraham Lincoln and the Founding of the Nation."

Brooks, Noah, "The Every-day Life of Abraham Lincoln."

Butterworth, Ezekiah, "In the Boyhood of Lincoln."

Chittenden, L. E., "Recollections of President Lincoln and His Cabinet."

Coffin, L. E., "Abraham Lincoln and His People."

Cooper, J. T., "Abraham Lincoln."

Cooper, J. T., "Abraham Lincoln, the Man of the People."

Croft, H., "Abraham Lincoln, the Man of the People."

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STOCK REDUCING SALE

Owing to carrying too heavy a stock at this time of the season, we find it necessary to make this discount in order to move it.

Reducing Without Reserve.

All Overcoats, Suits and Trousers—men's and women's—on hand in our usual style and workmanship, at 25 per cent below regular prices.

To give you an idea of the magnitude of the many bargains that await you we will quote a few items:

TROUSERS—Former price \$7.50—Reducing Sale—\$5.75

TROUSERS—Former price \$6.00—Reducing Sale—\$4.50

TROUSERS—Former price \$10.00—Reducing Sale—\$7.50

TROUSERS—Former price \$12.00—Reducing Sale—\$9.00

SUITS—Former price \$30.00—Reducing Sale—\$22.50

SUITS—Former price \$35.00—Reducing Sale—\$26.50

SUITS—Former price \$40.00—Reducing Sale—\$30.00

SUITS—Former price \$45.00—Reducing Sale—\$33.75

OVERCOATS—Former price \$20.00—Reducing Sale—\$15.00

OVERCOATS—Former price \$25.00—Reducing Sale—\$18.75

OVERCOATS—Former price \$30.00—Reducing Sale—\$22.50

OVERCOATS—Former price \$35.00—Reducing Sale—\$26.50

OVERCOATS—Former price \$40.00—Reducing Sale—\$30.00

OVERCOATS—Former price \$45.00—Reducing Sale—\$33.75

And so on through the entire line. This is one great bargain event of the year, which you should not miss. Our regular customers will be requested to take advantage of this unusual buying opportunity.

MIES

Duluth's Leading Tailor.

308 W. FIRST ST.

French & Basset Block, Opposite Board of Trade.

TELEPHONE 181.

to be his widow, and who created such a sensation here by shouting in the public court room: "I want my husband's money!"

It is still striking to the residents here that she was to do with them in the court, and that she was to do with them in the court, and that she was to do with them in the court.

Every citizen may obtain patent either by residing on the land for a period of one year, or by paying \$125 per acre. Any person who is otherwise qualified, but who made a previous homestead claim, may also claim the same in addition to residing upon it either five or seven years or less, is entitled to make such a claim.

The homestead law is a very important one, and it is one that every citizen should know of. It is a law that gives every citizen the right to own land, and it is a law that gives every citizen the right to own land.

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LANDS FOR SETTLERS

Curtis of Kansas Talks on Opening of Reservation in Oklahoma.

NATURE OF THE LAND

Nearly All Said to Be Good For Farming and Grazing.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Curtis, of Kansas, member of the committee on Indian affairs, and an authority on the matter of Indian lands in the West, discussing the proposed opening of the Kiowa and Comanche reservation in Oklahoma and the Wichita reservation, when asked when these lands would be thrown open for settlement, said:

"At this time it is impossible to tell when the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache lands in Oklahoma will be opened for settlement, but it is generally believed that the opening will be some time in June or July of this year."

"By the act of Jan. 4, 1901, the secretary of the interior was authorized to extend the time for making allotments and opening the land to settlement for a period not exceeding eight months from Dec. 6, 1900, and under this act the opening must be before Aug. 6, 1901. I do not believe the act will be amended."

"What is being done about allotments?"

"Part of the allotments have been made and I am advised that the remaining allotments will be made as soon as possible. It is also being considered a proposition to survey the lands or rather to establish the old lines. I think the Wichita lands will be opened for settlement at the same time that the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache lands are opened."

"How much land will be opened for settlement?"

"There are about 3,000,000 acres of land in the Kiowa reservation," replied Mr. Curtis, "that will be opened for settlement, about 500,000 acres will be allotted to members of the tribes, about 500,000 acres reserved for grazing purposes and about 2,000,000 acres for school sections, will be opened for settlement. There are about 650,000 acres of land in the Wichita reservation."

"What is the nature of the land to be opened?"

"The government of Oklahoma territory, in speaking of the two reservations says: 'They embrace some of the best lands in Oklahoma and would be capable of supporting a large population. From the showing made by the Kiowa and the Wichita reservations, it is no doubt that nearly all of the land is good for farming and grazing—I mean the land to be opened for settlement.'"

...age of the Greek government, being restored to its pristine splendor as far as possible.
rand relic.

AN INSTANT RELIEF

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

D. E. PRALL & CO.,

BAGINAW, MICH.

FOR
Nature's Poisons,
is the only cure for Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and all noxious plants. It is completely excluded from roots and herbs. Now is the time to get your Poison Ivy system, as delay makes your condition worse. Don't experiment longer with salves, washes and soups—they never cure.

Mr. S. M. Marshall, bookkeeper for the Georgia (Ga.) Gas Light Co., was poisoned with Poison Ivy, and after using many of the various other drugs, and applying external ointments, he was unable to get any relief. He was swelling and inflamed with no benefit. At times he was almost blind. For eight years the poison would break out every season. His condition was improved after taking one bottle of S. S. S., and he will speak of the same time and time again, and all evidences of the disease disappeared.

People are often poisoned without knowing it. We can explain your case fully to our physicians, and will cheerfully give such information and advice as you require, without charge, and will send you a copy of our most interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

From ordinary patent medicines, for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine, but a common sense remedy. The ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain salicylic acid, which is a poison. It contains vegetable pepsin (government test), Golden Seal and dastase. They are not cathartics, but they are cathartics, and they act on any particular organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of clearing the food from the stomach, and therefore it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only reason why it is so widely used.

Cathartics pills never have and never will cure indigestion and stomach trouble. They are cathartics, and they act on the bowels, whereas the whole trouble is in the stomach.

Golden Seal and Dastase Tablets taken after meals digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food does not digest, and it is a poison. It is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, and all the other troubles which are often called by some other name.

It is sold in the United States, Great Britain and in the United States, Great Britain

The torrential rain continued to pour down on the city streets as the search for the murderer of the Gumbins continued. A mysterious murder has occurred at 100 West 11th street, New York, where a young man, John Gumbin, was killed. The victim was a young man, 21 years of age, who was killed by a man in a riding school, who was killed by a man in a riding school. The investigation thus far has failed to discover the murderer.

The collection is being made daily by the Hamburg, with a view of presenting the collection to the city of New York, and a fund for the relief of suffering children.

Arrived from New York, who was arrested shortly after his arrival in the city. He was charged with forgery, at the instance of the city of New York, and was held in the Bow street police station, court in London yesterday.

He was released by the street yesterday. He was released by a committee of the city of New York, and he was released by a committee of the city of New York. As he drove to the hotel a choir of singing girls sang.

Mr. Kruger then thanked the committee.

by attending to youreself, if you have any trouble with them at all. You probably neglected them during the holiday rush, but now is the time to get down to business. We will give the best value for the money that it is possible to obtain.

C. D. Trott, OPTICIAN.

3 West Superior Street.

erative by reason of the default aforesaid, and pursuant to the order in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sheriff of said county, to the highest bidder described, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of said county, at the court house, at the front door of the county court house, at the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 11th day of March, 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the indebtedness of said party upon said mortgage and taxes, (if any) and the costs of said proceedings and attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided in said mortgage.

Dated January, 23rd, 1903.
JACOB D. MORGAN,
Attorney.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
301, 302, 303 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth, Minnesota, Feb. 23rd, 1903.

EFFECTIVE PAGE

SHIRTS MADE TO MEASURE.

We are in receipt of our Spring line Shirting Samples for our Shirt-to-Order Department. Newest patterns and colorings. Oxfords, Cheviots, Madras and Percals. Exclusive designs.

LADIES

who want exclusive patterns and best materials for Shirt Waists can find here an immense selection.

M. S. BURROWS.

Why is Electric Light Best

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant. It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults. It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes. As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation. By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illumination.

Commercial Light & Power Co., OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

West Duluth

Joseph Hoppe, aged 35 years, and employed at Merrill & Ring's banking ground at Split Rock, was killed day before yesterday, his head being crushed by a log that he was unable to get out of the way of in unloading. The remains were brought to West Duluth last evening by William Chisholm, and taken to the undertaking rooms of W. C. Gray. The decedent leaves a wife and two small children. He formerly belonged to the Macabees, but severed his connection with that organization some months ago, thus leaving no insurance. Mr. Hoppe was formerly employed by Mitchell & McClure, at their sawmill here, and has worked at the blast furnace. The family was notified of the accident this morning and arrangements for the funeral will be made later.

BROKE HIS JAW. Richard Carpenter, one of the proprietors of the Meiers hotel near Thirty-ninth avenue west had his jaw broken yesterday while unloading logs at Thompson's camp on the Cloquet river. A log fell on the end of the skid, which flew up, striking Mr. Carpenter in the face, breaking his jaw and knocking out several teeth.

PROCTOR-KNOTT LADIES MEET. The Ladies' Circle of Proctor-Knott, a social organization that meets once a week, held a very pleasant party at the home of Mrs. Mark J. Jolymore at Proctor-Knott on Tuesday afternoon. There were about sixteen ladies present and progressive polo was played, the hand prize being won by Mrs. George Paddock and the consolation prize by Mrs. Frank Burke. Among the ladies present were Mrs. C. B. Gilbert and Mrs. Ross, of Duluth, and Mrs. G. W. Thompson, of West Duluth. The report of the party was one of the most enjoyable that has been held thus far this season.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. While going to her home on Fifty-ninth avenue last evening, Mrs. J. J. Jolymore slipped and fell on the sidewalk on Ramsey street and sprained her ankle. Bob Holbert returned yesterday from Bark bay on the south shore, where he has been engaged in getting out ties. Napoleon Philom left yesterday for Hurley, Wis., where he has strange-

GET INSIDE

Your Friends and Neighbors Will Show You How.

RUBBING THE BACK WON'T CURE BACKACHE—A LINIMENT MAY RELIEVE, BUT CAN'T CURE. BACKACHE COMES FROM THE INSIDE, FROM THE KIDNEYS. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS GET INSIDE—THEY CURE SICK KIDNEYS—HERE IS PROOF THAT THIS IS SO:

Mrs. M. McGillivray, of 1228 Superior street, says: "I was troubled with my kidneys a good deal for a year or two and had heavy dull pains through my joints. My back ached and especially if I reclined or sat long in one position. In the morning I felt tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I was troubled with persistent headaches. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box from the Duluth Drug company's store and began to use the preparation. I received wonderful benefit from the treatment and since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have felt splendid!"

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-McIlburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take to substitute.

WOULD NOT HAVE IT

C. A. Wright Declines to Run Independently For Alderman From First.

MOVEMENT STARTED

Effort Was Made to Bring Him Out—Other Aldermanic Fights.

Aldermanic fights are developing with undiminished fury, considering the apathy and absolute lack of interest shown in the non-partisan canvass for the general offices. In the first ward some of the best citizens are in arms against what they term a "machine candidate." There is an exceptionally strong faction dissatisfied with the regular nominees, and for several days they have been urging C. A. Wright, one of the most prominent business men in the city, to come out as an independent candidate. This movement even went so far that a petition of unusual strength was gotten up in Mr. Wright's behalf, signed by many influential men and no politicians. Mr. Wright took this under consideration, but informed the committee of independent Republicans that he did not feel that he could spare the time from his business to properly attend to the business of the city, and he would not accept it unless he could. He was seen at noon today and said that he could not possibly accept it, as his business affairs as president and manager of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company would prevent his giving the office the amount of time that he knew was necessary.

Besides Mr. Wright, the independent movement was at one time headed in the direction of Daniel Waite. He was a candidate for alderman against J. H. Markey, and immediately after the latter's nomination in the Sargent city convention, it was thought that Mr. Waite would be the independent nominee. Instead of that, he was next heard from as chairman of the Sargent city committee. His selection to this position and his acceptance came very near knocking the wind out of the first ward independent movement, but the citizens are rallying again and promise to have a candidate by the time for filing nominations, next Saturday.

With a three-cornered fight on in the first ward and an unusually small registration the result would be difficult to predict. However, it would seem that a strong independent Republican would probably not draw many from O. H. Clarke, the Democratic nominee.

In the second ward the general impression is that matters are going to be very close between Alderman J. R. Carey and ex-Alderman George Tiesler. There has been considerable talk of a three-cornered fight here with A. J. Barker as the independent, but it is believed that Mr. Barker will not run.

In the third ward the fight between E. A. Tessman and J. H. Krause, seems to be swinging along easily and without friction. The latter has been making an offer in the way of aldermanic excitement than any other ward in the city.

In the fourth ward the Sargent city committee has named W. W. Davis, a local trader, and M. M. Clark, a local lawyer, as the independent nominees. If any of Mr. Neff's friends imagine that there is not going to be a hot fight here, they are mistaken. The registration in this ward is rather small, but Mr. Neff and the exceptionally small registration in this ward is rather small, but Mr. Neff and the exceptionally small registration in this ward is rather small.

In the fifth ward there does not seem to be a disposition on the part of the Democratic committee to fill the aldermanic vacancy. Several men are talked of, and at least one is an avowed candidate, but Mr. Wing so far is usually things easier than any other aldermanic nominee in the city.

In the sixth ward the politicians are all speculating as to what figure the Socialist vote is going to cut. Frank Schaefer, the Democratic nominee, is said to be easily in the lead, but if Edward Kriz, the Socialist candidate, polls 175 votes, as he did a year ago, it is likely to cut into both Republican and Democratic nominees.

In the seventh ward the fight between L. A. Barnes, on the Republican ticket, and Frank Wade, the Democratic nominee, is regarded as the prettiest in the city. Both are popular business men and clever politicians and the ward is always close.

In the eighth ward it now looks as if W. E. Kern, the Democratic nominee, would beat Edward Svenson by a close margin.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take **Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets.** Ask E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

IS SPREADING. Direct Vote For Senators Brought Up In the Illinois Legislature.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 24.—A resolution was introduced today in the Illinois house recommending that the constitution of the United States be so amended as to provide for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

DR. LONG. PASTOR FIRST M. E. CHURCH. Will address the Duluth Trades and Labor assembly, FRIDAY, EVENING at their hall the Kalamazoo block. All delegates are urged to attend. The Twentieth Century club and all others interested in economic questions and trade unionism, are cordially invited.

"BOBS" FATHER'S DEAD. Earl Roberts, of "Bobs" as is not generally known, is a son of Capt. Charles Roberts, who took Mackinac from the Americans early in the war of 1812, says the Springfield Republican. When war was declared the fact was made known to the British soldiers long before it was known either at Detroit or Mackinac, and Capt. Roberts, with his regulars and a large body of Indians, under command of John Askin, Jr., took the post at Mackinac entirely unawares. It was immediately surrendered, as there was no chance to make resistance.

ONLY HIS WAY. Chicago Tribune. Reclus Tate—You'd better not have anything more to do with those people next door than you can help. They are rather disagreeable in their ways.

Mrs. Wrenner—Why, when your husband was trying to get us to take this property he told us the people next door were the nicest in the whole neighborhood.

Mrs. R. T.—O, that's only his—stupid business way of talking, you know.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes. IS SURE. Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

A USE FOR EVERYTHING.

Nothing Yet Ever Created Without a Purpose.

A Theory Difficult to Be Believed In Some Instances.

Many Think Nature Might Have Been Improved Upon In Many Ways.

We all wonder why certain things were ever made, why certain animals or insects were allowed to live. And yet there is no doubt but that everything was intended for some purpose, and as civilization advances such purposes are discovered. We have seen the value of the mosquito, the horrible odor and most terrible taste is also something that many have wondered at. But that was nature's way. She gave to us in a few days more than most men could take that can be imagined. There is no longer need of taking it; that is, in the form in which we have been accustomed to know it.

Mr. S. F. Boyce, of this city, has associated himself with a Boston house which is producing a preparation known as Vinol—Wine of Cod Liver Oil. This is not a patent medicine. Anyone may see, on the label of each bottle, or Mr. Boyce will tell anyone who calls on him, exactly what Vinol contains. As he explained yesterday: "We simply found out how to extract the active medicinal principles from the cod's liver that has made cod liver oil valuable. This we now obtain in the form of a concentrated extract. The grease with all its vile odor is left behind. That, we could not possibly accept it, as his business affairs as president and manager of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company would prevent his giving the office the amount of time that he knew was necessary."

Now we take the medicine that we have obtained, and we have a delicious, mild taste which, and there you have the whole story. Anyone can learn to make this Vinol in the kitchen. Anyone who is compelled to use cod liver oil can find that it is a great deal better than the cod's liver that has made cod liver oil valuable. This we now obtain in the form of a concentrated extract. The grease with all its vile odor is left behind. That, we could not possibly accept it, as his business affairs as president and manager of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company would prevent his giving the office the amount of time that he knew was necessary."

Mr. Boyce's enthusiasm in regard to Vinol is indeed well founded. The preparation which he is handling will be in a short time one of the best known in the world.

WAR REVENUE.

Senate Committee Cuts Telegram and Express Tax—Retains Check Tax.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The senate committee on finance today concluded its consideration of the war revenue reduction bill. The committee has recommended that the telegram and express taxes be cut, but that the check tax be retained.

The amendments made by the finance committee to the house revenue reduction bill fix the tax on beer at \$150 per barrel and on tobacco, cigars and snuff at 3 cents a pound. The tax on bank checks is retained and on telegrams and express receipts is repealed.

To Prevent the Grip Laxative Broom Quinine removes the cause.

NOTICE **CLAN STEWART NO. 50, C. S. C.** The celebration of Burns' Anniversary will be held at the hall of the clan on Thursday, Jan. 25, at 8 o'clock. The program will be given when the date is fixed.

ADOPT'S BILLS. Senate Committee Recommends Passage of Three Educational Measures.

St. Paul, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate committee on education today recommended the passage of three bills—that of Senator Fitzpatrick for the establishment of voting schools or assemblies for the discussion of public questions in the several electoral districts of the state; Senator Green's civil service bill; and Senator McCarty's bill allowing independent school districts to bond for the purpose of erecting school houses on sites already owned by the district.

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ONLY HIS WAY. Chicago Tribune. Reclus Tate—You'd better not have anything more to do with those people next door than you can help. They are rather disagreeable in their ways.

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The delegation present today include former Governor D. R. Francis, of Missouri; Charles W. Knapp, president of the St. Louis Republic; ex-Representative Nathan Frank, who was one of the congressmen who framed the Chicago exposition legislation; ex-Representative Seth W. Cobb, of Missouri; and Messrs. James Hagerman and C. H. Spencer, Chairman of the congressional committee, explained the present status of the measure. The sundry civil appropriation bill of last year contained a provision pledging the United States government to appropriate \$5,000,000 when the local authorities had provided \$10,000,000 to the satisfaction of the secretary of the treasury. The present bill contemplates carrying out this pledge by making the appropriation of \$5,000,000 at the same time providing a comprehensive plan of government participation along the lines of the participation at Chicago.

Governor Francis explained the enthusiastic manner in which St. Louis had taken up the matter of interest in the world's guests on this occasion. In addition to pledging \$5,000,000, the city was arranging expenditures of about \$10,000,000 for streets, parks, improved water filtration and other improvements. St. Louis in creditable condition for this international event. As conclusive evidence that St. Louis had raised the \$10,000,000 required, Governor Francis read a letter from Chairman Thompson of the finance committee stating that St. Louis had fulfilled its promise.

The national aspect of the project was explained. It was an event of interest not only to St. Louis, but to the vast section of the United States which the Louisiana purchase. The project also for a local committee of lady managers, etc., and for the selection of a site, invitation to foreign governments and the other requirements of the world's fair. A government building is provided for, to cost \$100,000, and a suitable exhibit of government resources. Governor Francis described a plan of the proposed exhibit, McKinley visit St. Louis in the spring, on his way back from the Pacific coast, and christen the exposition.

In closing, Governor Francis read from an address of James G. Blaine, at St. Louis, which was read at the request of the act of Thomas Jefferson in creating, by a scratch of his pen, the imperial crown of the Mississippi. He pointed out that there was no statue of Jefferson within the seven states and three territories acquired by the Louisiana purchase.

This speech, Governor Francis said, would not long continue for during the exposition a fitting memorial shaft, edifice or monument would be raised to the memory of Jefferson.

The committee adjourned until next Monday, when the bill will be considered by sections and doubtless reported soon thereafter.

O'DEA REPLIES. Organizer of Masons' Union Answers Those Who Have Criticized Him.

Milwaukee, Jan. 24.—General Organizer O'Dea replied to his critics at today's session of the Bricklayers and Masons International union. It was claimed by Mr. O'Dea's opponents that his revenues amounted to less than \$100. The matter of creating the office of general organizer permanently was referred to a committee in addition to minor orders which came up for discussion, a resolution was introduced recommending that a special committee on legislation be appointed to go to Washington to work in the interest of an 8-hour law on all government work concerning the trade.

NEBRASKA'S DEADLOCK. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 24.—There was little change today in the senatorial situation. The seventh ballot resulted: Allen, 35; Cronin, 15; Haines, 4; Hinchey, 15; Hitchcock, 15; Martin, 7; Thompson, 25; scattering, 12.

GRAIN-O THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 50c.

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Every wise thought, every hint, every little art in up-to-date scientific tailoring this store can command, we infuse into the suits we sell.



**One Day
Pants Sale**
\$6.75 and \$8.00
Custom Made Trousers—
\$4.95
This offer includes
such famous makes
as King's, Paragon
and Rogers, Peet &
Company.



Store Open Saturday Night Till 11 o'clock.

Tomorrow, SATURDAY

We are prepared to gratify the wants of all to whom it is an object to secure the best and most stylish of good clothing at the least possible expense. Hundreds of magnificent bargains yet remain from the mammoth Kuh, Nathan & Fischer Co., and Heavenrich Bros. Co.'s stocks.

Suits, Overcoats, and Ulsters

The goods are all marked in plain figures—large prices are conspicuously marked on each table. Bona fide reductions.

\$6.75

For Men's \$10.00 \$12
and \$13.50
Business Suits.

Suits that wholesale for more than we ask. A great variety of patterns in checks, plaids and mixtures. Every garment in the lot made in the most reliable style and we guarantee the fit of every one of them.



\$9.50

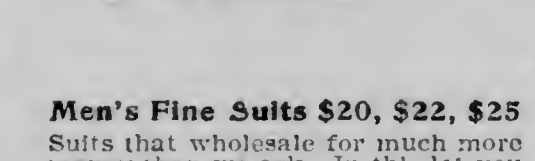
For Men's \$15.00, \$16
and \$18 Stylish
Overcoats and Ulsters

That wholesale for much more than we ask. Made of this season's swiftest overcoating in smooth and rough effects in all the popular colorings, in regular and box styles, with all the grace of made to measure garments.

\$9.75

For Men's \$15.00, \$16
and \$18.00
Handsome Suits.

Suits that wholesale for more than we ask. Every single garment in this lot has been manufactured this season. In single and double-breasted sack and cutaway frock styles.



\$14.50

For Men's \$22.00, \$25
and \$28.00
Sweepest Overcoats.

Overcoats that wholesale for much more than we ask. The grandest assortment ever shown anywhere at this price. We have them in all styles and lengths in any kind of goods you may want.

Men's Winter Caps Today Only—You choose of all Men's Winter Caps at Half Price.



Boys' Dept.

The limit of low selling is reached in the special offerings we make in the Burrows home-like Boys' Department tomorrow.

Half Price

Your choice all
Middy, Vestee and Novelty
Suits.

50c

All celebrated Star and Mother's Friend \$1 and \$1.25 Boys' Shirt Waists—tomorrow only 50c. All sizes and styles.

Boys' Reefers.

\$3 and \$3.50—\$1.95
\$4 and \$4.50—\$2.95
\$5 and \$6—\$3.95
\$7 and \$8—\$4.95

Cape Coats
Given away at
\$1.00
Worth \$5.
Sizes 3, 4 and 5.

Boys' Ulsters
Think of it!
\$3.45
Worth up to \$10.00.
Sizes 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Boys' Caps, Knit Toggles and Tams.
25c and 35c ones—19c
75c and \$1 ones—45c

Boys' 3-piece Knee Pant Suits—
\$3.45
For regular \$7.00 Suits

for the choice of the house—all \$1.50 and \$2.00 Pants—nothing reserved.

Annual Collar and Cuff Sale! Today is the last day.

COLLARS—
10 Cents Each
\$1.00 a dozen.

CUFFS—
15 Cents a Pair
\$1.50 a dozen pairs.

Equal in looks and wear to 25c and 40c goods.

W. S. MOORE WILL RUN

Will Be an Independent Candidate For Alderman in First Ward.

IS THREE CORNERED

Interesting Fight in That Ward—Tomorrow Last Day For Registration.

Watson S. Moore was today decided upon as the independent Republican candidate for alderman from the First ward. His name will go on the ticket if the independent movement is strong enough to get 100 names on the petition by 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and there is little doubt that it will. The law requires that many signatures before the independent candidate shall be entitled to a place on the ballot, and tomorrow is the last day for filing nominations with the city clerk.

The First ward Republicans who are so strenuously opposed to voting for a county machine candidate, seem to have a knack for picking out sound business men. Mr. Moore is a member of the board of trade firm of Sweeney, Moore & Co., and besides being an active business man of much prominence, is an old resident of the city. That he would make an excellent alderman no one will doubt.

With him in the fight, the three-cornered contest for alderman in the First ward would be exceptionally interesting. It is generally conceded that he would draw votes from both regular nominees. The independent movement, however, is under a considerable handicap, owing to the fact that tomorrow is the last day for filing nominations. The workers in this movement will be busy getting signatures to the petition to bring out much of an independent registration.

C. H. Krauss, the Republican nominee for alderman from the Third ward, sprung a last evening surprise when he tendered his resignation, claiming that unforeseen business arrangements would keep him out of the city during much of the time during the next year. The committee accepted his resignation and substituted the name of J. W. Miller, proprietor of the New England restaurant. Mr. Miller has the advantage of the acquaintance throughout the ward.

In the Fourth ward, the fight between Porter J. Neff and W. W. Davis, much depends on the registration that can be gotten out tomorrow, and the indications are that Mr. Neff's friends will take a brace and do a little last-minute work for him. The Republicans are of the opinion that by their leaving this nomination open till two days before the last registration, they will have a "sure thing," but since Mr. Davis was put up by the Democrats and a good many Republicans have been making a great hustle in Mr. Neff's behalf.

Registration booths will be open from 6 o'clock tomorrow morning till 9 o'clock at night. The registration for the first two days is very small, the general impression being that it is all off next election with no great party victory to be won and little else to contend for. This, however, is a mistake. Questions of vast moment to the city will come before the council next year. There may be a contest for letting out about \$20,000 in street paving. Then there is the question of building a municipal street lighting electric plant for which \$100,000 in bonds were voted on last February. There are many more important things to come up and a great more at stake for the coming council to act on than there has been during the past year for the present council. It is even predicted by both parties that the city's interests in the telephone fight are in danger. In any event, there are many things to fight for in regard to aldermanic candidates, even if there is nothing particular should be larger.

The Bryan club will hold an important meeting in Kalamazoo hall this evening. Chairman McKoon, of the Democratic city committee, who is acting in the place of President Fessler, who is out of the city, says that it is urgent that all members of the club should turn out.

INFLUENTIAL.

West Played Leading Part in Grocers' Convention, Says Simon Clark.

Simon Clark returned this morning from a week's absence in Detroit, where he went as a delegate to the grocers' national convention. He reports that it was the largest and most successful gathering of grocers ever held in the United States.

The West was very strong in the convention. P. G. Hanson, a Minneapolis grocer, won out in the election of president of the association for the ensuing year and not only won the votes of Western delegates frequently heard in the deliberations, but their influence was very great in directing the course of business.

It is only justice and not flattery to say that Mr. Clark is among the most prominent and influential of the many delegates. He was appointed chairman of the committee on resolutions, a most important and responsible position. It was his idea and his work that led to the adoption of a resolution favoring the abolition of the 10 per cent duty on tea.

Mr. Clark also led the fight against adulteration and the Detroit papers speak very flatteringly of his remarks before the convention in condemnation of that practice, which is unfair to the legitimate grocery trade. The purchase of pure and physical health of all well. Mr. Clark also jumped onto the trading check evil with both his feet and the Detroit Free Press declares that his remarks were one of the features of the entire convention.

The delegates were given an address of welcome by Mayor Newbury, who informed them that, at a special meeting of the council the night before, all the policemen on the force had been relieved from duty during the convention, and that if any were seen on the street, the visitors were to know that

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery as a business card. Write to Dr. Kilmer, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

they were there simply as guardians. Mr. Clark says that universal regret is expressed down East over the death of Queen Victoria and he also was greatly pleased to learn upon his arrival today that the Burns' banquet in Duluth has been postponed.

A LONG SIEGE.

C. J. Frederickson Spends a Long Time on the Witness Stand.

C. J. Frederickson is giving a continuous performance as a witness in a law suit in the court today. It is the plaintiff in the case of Frederickson vs. the city of Duluth, in which it is sought to recover close to \$15,000 for alterations and extras in the construction of the Lakewood pub-house. Mr. Frederickson took the witness stand yesterday morning and was still there at noon today, with a still further experience before him.

In the case of J. W. Hunt vs. Charles L. Sheridan et al., brought to quiet title, in default of appearance of defendants, Judge Cant this morning rendered a verdict for the plaintiff. The lands are on the Mosha range north of Virginia. The outlook yesterday was for a goodly number of court cases would come up and many of them were expected to be cause and another and neither Judge Blair nor the court clerk kept busy during the morning session.

IT AFFECTS THEM.

Superior Concerned Over a Bill in Wisconsin Legislature.

Some of the city officers of West Superior are very much concerned over a new bill that has been introduced in the legislature of Wisconsin by Assemblyman Keene and Senator Miller, which provides for the municipal election in all cities in Wisconsin, except those of the first class, to be held every two years instead of every year. Milwaukee is the only city in the first class, so the new bill, if it passed, would affect all others of any size. The bill provides that the election in all the cities mentioned take place in April, 1901. Mayor Parker of West Superior was elected last spring for a term of two years, so that his term would end on April 1, 1901. He is of the opinion that the new bill, if passed, would cut off one year of his term, and in view of this it is very likely that some steps will be taken to make exception in the cases of any Wisconsin cities that first spring elected mayors for a term of two years. Mayor Parker has sent letters of inquiry to a large number of cities other than Wisconsin to learn if there are any more that would be placed in the same predicament by the passage of the bill, and if there are any, the city officials will be asked to co-operate with Superior's municipal authorities in the effort to have the bill amended so that it will make exception in the case of cities that have already elected municipal officers for two years. There is no sentiment of opposition to the principle embodied in the bill, but with the understanding that they would serve for two years, and who would have their term cut one year.

TOMORROW NIGHT.

THE POPULAR SATURDAY EVENING DANCING PARTY.

Hunter Block. 8:30 to 12. You are invited.

W. A. McDonagla Honored.

About a dozen members of the Masonic societies of this city attended the annual meeting of the Grand Masonic lodge of Minnesota, at St. Paul yesterday. Some word expressions were returned last evening. The Duluth delegation went down with the purpose of securing one of the grand officers for W. A. McDonagla, of this city, the chief engineer of the Iron Range road, and they were successful in having him elected grand senior warden. A. Barnes, of Duluth lodge, West Duluth, was appointed chairman of the finance committee. Duluth delegates were well pleased with the results of the meeting.

BLIZZARD STOPS TRAFFIC.

Shamokin, Pa., Jan. 25.—A blizzard with snow piled six to eight feet deep in many places, has stopped all traffic on the railway traffic. Telephone and telegraph communication is interrupted, and most of the coal mines are idle.

Struck a Load of Wood.

While mowing down town shortly after 6 o'clock last evening, West Fourth street car No. 41, ran into a load of wood at the corner of Third street. The car was down just as it got on the track and the trouble was not apparent to the motorman until within a short distance of the obstruction. He reversed, but the car was on the down grade and its momentum carried it on. The front end of the car was smashed in, fender bent and headlight broken up. There were but few passengers on the car, but they were shaken up.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

HAVE YOU TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF THE CLOSING OUT SALE!

of winter Shoes for men, women and children? Don't delay—the shoes are going rapidly. Prices and goods talk. Here are some:

39c were 75c

Ladies' 75c all Felt or Flannel Lined Glove Kid House Slippers—closing out price—**39c**

69c were \$1.00

Ladies' \$1.00 Fur Trimmed Felt Slippers and Nullifiers—closing out price only—**69c**

98c were \$1.50

Ladies' \$1.50 Leather Foxed and Sole Felt Lace Shoes—closing out price only—**98c**

98c were \$1.50

Ladies' \$1.50 Fur Trimmed Felt Nullifiers, made in red, green or blue colors—closing out price—**98c**

\$1.19 were \$2.00

Ladies' \$2.00 Felt or Satin Nullifiers, hand turned soles, all colors and sizes—closing out price—**\$1.19**

\$1.39 were \$2.00

Ladies' \$2.00 Felt Shoes, leather foxed, turn soles, button or lace—closing out price—**\$1.39**

\$1.69 were \$2.50

Ladies' \$2.50 Warm Shoes, the best made—closing out price—**\$1.69**

\$1.39 were \$2.00

Ladies' \$2.00 Dongola Lace Shoe, all sizes, new goods—closing out price only—**\$1.39**

\$1.69 were \$2.50

Ladies' \$2.50 Vici Kid or fine Box Calf, Lace Shoes, last fall styles, all widths and sizes, closing out price—**\$1.69**

\$1.98 were \$3.00

Ladies' \$3.00 High Skating or Street Boots, fine kid upper with heavy sole, closing out price—**\$1.98**

\$2.25 were \$3.50

Ladies' \$3.50 Welt Sole Vici Kid Street Shoes, new styles and all sizes, closing out price—**\$2.25**

\$2.69 were \$3.50

Ladies' \$3.50 Vici Kid Leather Lined Welt Sole Shoes—for winter wear—closing out price—**\$2.69**

\$2.98 were \$4.00

Ladies' \$4.00 Box or Velour Calf, heavy soles, either high or low cut, closing out price—**\$2.98**

63c were \$1.00

Ladies' \$1.00 Storm Asklarks, new toe, sale price—**63c**

75c were \$1.00

Ladies' \$1.00 Buckle Artics, sale price only—**75c**

\$1.48 were \$2.00

Men's \$2.00 all Felt Lace Shoes, leather heels, closing out price—**\$1.48**

\$1.98 were \$2.50

Men's \$2.50 Felt Shoes, Lace or Congress, closing out price—**\$1.98**

98c were \$1.25

Men's \$1.25 Buckle Artics, all sizes, closing out price—**98c**

39c were \$1.00

Men's \$1 small size Alaskas. Closing price—**39c**

\$1.25 were \$1.50

Men's \$1.50 Jersey Buckle Artics. Closing out price—**\$1.25**

75c were \$1.25

Boys' \$1.25 Buckle Artics. Closing price—**75c**

THE FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street. THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

CITIZENS ARMING

Bristow People Preparing For an Attack From Hostile Creek Bands.

Snake Not at Home

Marshal Bennett, With Posse, Failed to Locate Insurgent Chieftain.

Muskogee, I. T., Jan. 25.—Citizens of Bristow are today arming themselves in view of a threatened attack on the town by the anti-allotment Creek Indians, who have been terrorizing the peaceable residents for several days past. As yet there are no signs that the threatened threatened attack will materialize, but preparations have been made to meet any emergency. The troops which were expected at Muskogee today from Fort Reno have not yet arrived.

United States Marshal Bennett returned from Bufaula, where with five deputies he visited the home of Chief Snake, who is at the head and front of the disgruntled Creeks. Snake was not to be found and Marshal Bennett left word for him to come to Muskogee or Bufaula immediately for a conference. When the marshal entered Chief Snake's abode only three persons were to be seen. Within twenty minutes fifty light horsemen gathered about the house. They were members of Snake's band, heavily armed, and evidently had been on picket duty. However, they maintained silence and made no effort to interrupt the marshal as he left the place.

On his return trip to this city, Marshal Bennett came across a 17-year-old son of Chief Snake. The boy was placed under arrest and his father notified that he will be held as a hostage until the Indians surrender.

Two councils are said to be in progress among the Indians today, one near Bristow and one at Rush Hill. No hopes are entertained, however, that the Indians will decide to desist in their depredations.

OUTLOOK SERIOUS.

Settlers Are Scared and Flocking to Towns.

St. Louis, Jan. 25.—A. B. Donaldson, of Neosho, Mo., who has extensive mining interests in South McAlester, I. T., and who arrived here today direct from the scene of the threatened Indian trouble, said: "If the government does not act promptly and send a large body of troops to the disaffected sections within the next twenty-four hours, there will certainly be trouble, with probably much loss of life and property."

The thing most to be feared is the introduction of liquor among the hostilities. If the leaders can get their sym-

pathizers drunk a wholesale massacre of the whites will follow.

"Many persons recognize this and the settlers are flocking to the towns. The Indians are holding dances and are working themselves up to a state of excitement."

CREEKS ARE ASSEMBLING.

Disaffected Indians Are Gathering Their Forces.

Bufaula, I. T., Jan. 25.—Disaffected Creeks are assembling today in large numbers at Bufaula square, seven miles of Bufaula, insurgent chiefs, including Crazy Snake, are there. emissaries of the Choctaws are also present. The troops en route from Fort Reno are believed to be at Muskogee and are expected in reaching there by night. It is believed they will immediately attempt to corral Snake and his followers.

BANKS ARE MERGED.

Two Minneapolis National Banks Are Consolidated.

Minneapolis, Jan. 25.—Another national bank consolidation was announced today, the First City National being merged into the Security National. Guy C. Lundin, cashier of the First City, becomes assistant cashier of the Security, while the president and vice president become directors.

APPOINTMENTS

Governor LaFollette Makes a Number of Them in Wisconsin.

Madison, Jan. 25.—After the adjournment of the legislature Governor LaFollette announced the reappointment of C. R. Boardman, of Oshkosh, as assistant general of the state. This is a staff appointment and does not require confirmation by the senate.

The Democrats of the Dane county board of supervisors today placed themselves on record as opposed to the primary election law, the recommendation of which was a chief feature of Governor LaFollette's message. In the absence of four Republican members of the board, by securing the vote of three Democrats, voting solidly with the exception of one man, Mr. Jackson, passed by a majority of five a memorial to the legislature against the proposed law.

Governor LaFollette today sent five appointments to the senate, as follows: Normal J. Gilson, as tax commissioner; Nils P. Haugen, of Black River Falls, as assistant tax commissioner; Halford Erickson, of Superior, commissioner of labor; H. C. Adams, as state deputy food commissioner; W. P. Lyon, as a member of the state board of control. All are reappointments except that of Haugen, who takes W. J. Anderson's place on the tax commission. Judge Gilson's appointment was confirmed under suspension of the rules, but the others went over until Wednesday.

The assembly committee on railroads reported the anti-pass constitutional amendment for second passage.

In the senate Mr. Mosher introduced a bill providing the insurance of any state building. Both houses adjourned until Monday.

Independent folks and comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

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[illegible]

Candy For Sunday Eating.

Fresh, delicious taffy in all flavors, regular price 15c per lb, tomorrow only

Fresh burnt peanuts—with delightful sugar crust, regular price 25c lb, tomorrow

9c
15c

Fine Stationery in Book Dpt

25c boxes pure white Stationery, ruled or plain, octavo size, envelopes to match, box.

25c boxes select Stationery, correct size, satin finish, paper ruled or plain, tomorrow

15c
18c

75c for \$1.00 Kid Gloves.

In the correct and fashionable shadings now in vogue—fine quality, genuine kid—in all the sizes—it's the surplus stock of a celebrated factory whose Glove is standard and never broken in price so they omitted the name and sold them at a great concession—at—

75c

5 Pieces Sheet Music 10c.

Classic music—popular marches, waltzes and two-steps, comic and sentimental songs, snatches from famous operas by all celebrated composers—Every sheet clean and fresh—worth up to 50c a sheet—tomorrow we will sell them assorted—five pieces in a roll—no two alike—your choice, per roll for only

10c

In the Cloak Room.

Long famed for its great bargains in ready to wear goods. The new arrivals tread on the heels of the outgoing goods. Here's the story for tomorrow:



89c for \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 Wrappers and Housegowns.

A small lot of about 20 dozen pretty House Gowns of fleeced flannel, very handsome patterns, splendidly made and trimmed, cut wide and full in hips and skirts—a half dozen styles to choose from, worth variously from \$1.25 to \$2.00—tomorrow

89c

Dress Skirts.

More mention of great bargains—

\$2.50 for the \$4.00 and \$5.00 Dress Skirts.

\$5.00 for the \$7.50 and \$10.00 Dress Skirts—a great value.

\$5.50 for the new Walking Skirts, 5-gore, of fine gray or black cheviot, lapped seams, strictly tailor-made, with heavy hem and rows of stitching. Just in.

Dressing Sacque Special—

59c for 85c Elderdown Dressing Sacques with fancy crocheted edge, finished seams.

Women's Underwear.

Too much of this fine Underwear—that's the "why" of our big price reductions.

25c for Children's 35c heavy fleeced Shirts and Drawers.

39c for Women's 50c Hygienic Flat Underwear, heavy fleeced, natural color.

69c for Women's 89c Vests and Pants, wool and cotton mixed, positively non-shrinking.

89c for Women's \$1.25 Vests and Pants of fine camel's hair.

98c for Women's \$1.75 Extra Fine Wool Drawers—a rare bargain.

UNION SUITS.

\$1.19 for Women's \$1.50 Wool Union Suits, natural color, button across breast—a splendid garment.

\$1.85 for Women's \$2.50 Ribbed Union Suits—fine wool, extra heavy quality.

\$2.48 for Women's \$3.00 very fine Union Suits, button across breast, natural color, fine wool, splendidly made.

\$2.75 for Women's \$3.50 fine Cashmere Wool Union Suits, made by the famous Ypsilanti mills.

Hosiery. Saturday's Persuaders—

12 1/2c for Children's 15c heavy fleeced Hose with double knees.

21c for Children's 25c all wool Hose, natural gray heels and toes.

15c for Women's 20c heavy fleeced hose—fast black—elastic tops.

25c for Women's wool cashmere Hose, plain or ribbed tops.

35c for Women's 40c fine black cashmere Hose Imported English goods, very fine—35c a pair—Three pairs for \$1.00.

Toilet Preparations.

Saturday Special Snaps at the Drug Dept.

10c for 20c bottle Witch Hazel.

17c for 25c box Pozzoni's Face Powder, all colors.

21c for 35c bottle Concentrated Witch Hazel.

39c for 50c bottle Hinds' Honey Almond Cream.

50c for 75c bottle of Lundberg & Armont high-grade Toilet Waters—8 ounce bottles—all floral odors.

69c for \$1 bottles Rogers & Gallet's famous Perfumes—all delightful floral odors.

75c for \$1 bottles Ed. Pinaud's Eau de Cologne.

\$1.29 for \$1.50 bottle genuine Oriental Cream.

Soaps.

5c for pure white Castile Soap with wash rag.

25c for 50c bars pure white or green Castile Soap.

Patent Medicines.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. These are cheap taken either way.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS:

17c for 25c bottles Dr. Warner's White Wine of Tar.

17c for 25c bottles Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Freimulch's

Cutting the Jacket Prices in Half

and less is like having a tooth pulled—we hate to do it, but when once started, the sooner over the better. The selling is going on at a great pace and the assortment is growing smaller from day to day. Still there's a selection and these prices are inducements which no one can afford to ignore. If you have the slightest idea of Jacket buying, don't put it off. Come here at once. The prices have positively been shaved so thin, that it seems ridiculous to give such great values for such a little price. Here's as to hint a what a small price will buy now:

\$2.50 for the \$5.50 and \$6.00 Jackets of fine Kersey, with coat or storm collar, lined all through, in black, navy or cadet blue.

\$5.00 for the Ladies' and Misses' \$10 and \$12 Jackets, of fine Kersey, lined all through with fine quality satin, in black, blue, royal, cadet, etc.

\$6.75 for the Ladies' and Misses' \$15 Jackets of very fine Kersey, strictly man-tailored, coat or storm collar, elegant satin lining.

\$10.00 for Ladies' or Misses' \$20 Jackets, unequalled anywhere, finest quality Kersey, splendidly tailored, beautiful silk and satin linings.

More Shoe Bargains! We've been shaking up the business on Ladies' Shoes the last few days. Today we go a little further and tell of extra values for boys and girls too. We've more shoes than we should have, that's the reason for these stupendous reductions.

A few of the \$5.00 Shoes at \$2.50 are just here. Broken sizes of the \$3.00 Shoes at \$1.98.

\$2.50 and \$2.00 Shoes \$1.69—Ladies' fine Shoes in box calf or vici kid, made in latest styles, heavy extension soles or light flexible turns, all width lasts, lace or button, \$2.50 and \$2.00 Shoes.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Shoes \$1.50—A grand gathering of all the \$2.25 and \$2.00 Misses' Shoes in this stock, new shapes and styles, made by W. H. Merriam and Sharp, Pierce & Co., all sizes 10 1/2 to 2 1/2, all widths A to E E E \$2.25 and \$2.00 Misses' Shoes.

\$1.50 Misses' Shoes \$1.00—Broken sizes and styles, nearly all widths, splendid bargains if you can be fit.

\$1.50 and \$1.35 Little Girls' Shoes \$1.00—Little Girls' Shoes made of fine kangaroo satin or box calf, solid leather soles, low heels, just the shoe for skating and sledding, sizes 10 to 2.

75c for Misses' pure gum 8-button Overshoes, fine jersey cloth tops, round toes, sizes 10 to 2.

The Volga It's a \$5 Shoe for \$3.50.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Just inside the door.

It's often said that "Women are the Money Savers," and maybe it's true. The women have their eyes open for economies and know this store as the place for such. Tomorrow, however, we give the men a chance—and the women who buy for him also. Read on:

69c for celebrated Wright's \$1.00 Underwear, wool fleeced, very fine, sold and known everywhere as best.

59c for 75c fine heavy ribbed Wool Shirts and Drawers, tan only, well made and finished.

79c for \$1.25 extra quality heavy ribbed all wool Shirts and Drawers. Extra good values.

ADVANCE SALE 1901 "MONARCH" SHIRTS

See West Entrance Window

Including all the new and fashionable colors of blue, ox-bloods, lavender—in all combinations—the designs are stripes mostly—vertical stripes, of all sizes and variations, from the thin hair line to the "broad New York Central stripe." The collar band has a new kink, a patented idea that keeps the button from chafing the neck, and is better than the little top heretofore used.

Of fine Percalé, made as all "Monarch" Shirts are made—in newest designs and colors.

Best grade Percalé, with two pairs Cuffs, patent band, nobby stripe patterns.

The famous "Mothers' Friend" Boys' Waist, with two detached collars, sold everywhere for \$1.00; sizes 10 to 14 only, tomorrow

69c

89c for 125c "Mothers' Friend" Boys' Waists, regular size 75c and a few \$1.00 ones, a small lot only, tomorrow

39c

Beautiful All-Silk Fancy Taffeta Neck and Sash Ribbons—4 inches wide, wave crest center, in myrtle, turquoise, old rose or lavender, regular price 50c, tomorrow

39c

Soft Liberty Satin Neck Ribbons with Polka Dots—very pretty, pink, black, lavender, white and black and white, regular price 50c, tomorrow

39c

Rich, elegant All-Silk Satin Ribbons, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, all shades, regular price 40c, tomorrow

29c

Short lengths of Satin Ribbon, including Nos. 7, 9 and 12, worth up to 12 1/2c, tomorrow special price, a yard

5c

5c

5c

5c

5c

5c

So the Wondrous Suit Story Goes



So the pleasing sale goes on—daily growing less in assortment, but increasing in worth and money-saving chances. These are suits of finest Cheviots, of Golf Sullings, of English tailor cloths and Pebble Cheviots—the finest materials and all man tailored in the best of shapes and styles. Jackets are silk lined, some of the skirts are silk lined. There's not a mean cheap garment in the lot and yet they've been shabbily priced. We'll mention two special prices.

\$17.50 for the \$29.50, \$20.50 and \$25.00 elegant man-tailored suits and costumes.

\$10 for the \$15.00 and \$17.50 tailor-made suits.

Fur Coats at mild winter prices

A wise woman remarked the other day "that the only time to buy furs was in mild weather." Smart woman! She knew by experience.

\$22.50 for \$35.00 Astrakhan Jackets—elegantly made, prime selected skins, rich satin lining.

\$21.50 for \$30.00 Astrakhan Capes—full sweep, elegant satin lining.

\$37.50 for \$47.50 Electric Seal Jackets.

\$45.00 for \$60.00 Electric Seal Jackets.

\$50.00 for \$75.00 Electric Seal Jackets.

\$65.00 for \$95.00 real Persian Lamb Jackets—selected prime skins—elegantly lined.

\$85.00 for \$125.00 best Persian Lamb Jackets—the greatest bargain of the year.

Quick Step Prices on Gloves & Mittens.

10c for 25c Baby Mittens in black and colors. Very good and warm.

39c for 50c Kid Mittens, flannel lined, in dark colors.

25c for 35c Saxony Wool Mittens with fancy stitched back.

39c for Ladies' 65c Kid Mittens—flannel lined.

50c for 75c Boys' Kid Gloves, flannel lined—with fur tops.

\$1.00 for Ladies' \$1.35 Kid Mittens, flannel lined, fur tops; splendid values.

1901 Wash Goods.

Eclipse Flannel (all cotton) but with twilled face and dainty designs that make it look like a French Flannel—beautiful for early waists and dressing jackets, red, blue and rose, per yard

15c

New Percales, 36-inch, in all the pleasing color combinations, printed in the fashionable stripe patterns

10c

New Ginghams, American made, delightful colors, plaids, checks and all kinds of stripes, tomorrow

10c

12 1/2c Outing Flannel, beautiful in colors and patterns—soft and good texture. (See window.)

10c

8 twinkling bargains to guide you to the money-saving Crockery Dept.

5c for 10c Blue Japanese China Cups and Saucers.

5c for 15c Imitation Cameo Plaques—beautiful ware

19c for 40c China Salad Bowls; handsomely decorated.

19c for 35c China Salt Boxes to hang on a kitchen wall.

19c for 35c Brackets Lamps, complete with reflector, burner and chimney.

Save your gas—get more light.

39c for 75c Gas Lamps like cut, complete, ready to light.

Extra Gas Chimney, 5c

Large Cylinder Gas 10c

Chimney, 15c kind—

Extra Mantles at 35c, 25c and 15c each.

50c for 75c Thin Japanese China Sugar and Cream Sets; nicely decorated.

CENSUS FIGURES

Some Statistics Shown by the Minnesota Bulletin Just Received Here.

TOWNS AND VILLAGES

Populations of Most of County Subdivisions—Lake and Cook Counties.

The population of Duluth is 52,932. The population of St. Louis county is 52,932. The population of Minnesota is 1,751,394. Since the taking of the twelfth census of the United States many inquiries have been made regarding the population of St. Louis county and city, and bulletin No. 30, which has just been issued by the census bureau, goes into the population statistics of the county very thoroughly. The area of the county is 800 square miles, which brings the population to an average of 14 per square mile, while the average for the state is 23 people per square mile.

The population of St. Louis county in the past thirty years has been as follows:

1860 4,000

1870 4,500

1880 4,500

1890 4,500

1900 52,932

The population of the leading towns, villages and townships of the county is as follows:

Ely 2,717

Yveland 2,362

Hibbing 2,362

Frederick township 2,481

Tower 1,360

Bluebird 1,299

Morse township 1,096

Payal township 920

Sparta 784

McKinley 525

Canossa township 235

Ghesen township 245

Herman township 235

Kelsey 235

Midway township 234

Morse township 470

Mountain Iron 470

Nichols township 460

Rice Lake township 420

Boise Indian reservation 420

Vermilion Lake reservation 420

McDevitt township 156

Solway township 115

Iron Junction 113

Curator township 113

Duluth township 113

Pleasantwood township 113

Grand Lake township 101

Great Scott township 80

Merrell 71

New Independence township 71

A township has an area of 36 square miles, and in this county there are 41 townships, having a population of less than 10 persons each. There are 5 townships with only 1 inhabitant each, 9 with but 2 each, and 10 with but 3 each.

Cook county has a population of 52,932, and covers an area of 540 square miles. The village of Grand Rapids has a population of 1428; Deer River township, 554, and Cohasset, 241.

Hasea county has a population of 4573, and covers an area of 540 square miles. The village of Grand Rapids has a population of 1428; Deer River township, 554, and Cohasset, 241.

R. C. Sweeney.

Wm. A. Abbott.

Wm. A. Abbott.

TO SPEAK ON MONDAY

Senator Towne Expects to Address the Senate at Some Length.

And He Will Not Go to Virginia as Originally Planned.

Minneapolis, Jan. 23.—A Washington special to the Journal says: A dispatch from St. Paul says Senator-elect Clapp will arrive in Washington Monday and take his seat at once, thus shutting out Senator Towne, who has been intending on that day to make his promised address, which has been under preparation now for a number of days. The theory advanced here as explaining this alleged intention on Clapp's part to shut out Towne's speech is that Towne's speech will be a part of the general filibuster against the subsidy bill, which will continue his ride towards retirement. Senator Towne had read the special dispatch before I saw him today. He said:

I was prepared to deliver my speech Monday or Tuesday, and asking if he could object to my calling his name into question during the day, I shall not be here. Mr. Clapp, who for years has been a personal friend, and whom I know to be a high-toned and honorable gentleman, has been correctly reported, and he himself told me so. I do not believe that he will place any obstacle in the way of my speech.

Mr. Towne's speech is a part of the subsidy bill filibuster. This statement I made to the press yesterday. He has made his speech under advisement for weeks, and has been at work for a week preparing it.

His plan is to offer a resolution in the senate today or Saturday and ask that it go over until Monday, when he will state it himself. The resolution will deal with the Philippine situation, and favor giving the United States an independent government. The United States respecting such resolutions and other privileges there as may be deemed necessary.

Mr. Towne has been pressed to make his speech by leading men on both sides of the issue.

I asked Mr. Towne today regarding his plans for the future. He will remain in Washington and New York for some months before he returns to Duluth to engage in the active practice of his law. His health has been fully restored and so he will not spend any time at Hot Springs, Va., as he had originally planned.

Between 1886 and 1890 Towne was a partner in the game of the silver, gold and work the land continuously, taking a vacation. He is through with that kind of work, which was very distasteful in some of his phases, and imposed many personal and business inconveniences. He is now in the years now at hand devote himself to making some money. His preparation is excellent. He already has an attorneyship and a law practice in Duluth, and in addition he will write a series of articles for the Duluth Herald, which he will make his home.

A Bard.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

R. C. Sweeney.

Wm. A. Abbott.

International Sunday School Lesson For
Jan. 27, 1901.

FACTITIOUS QUESTIONERS.
 Matthew's counsel devotes a great deal

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there is relief and cure by the use of

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. Removes catarrh and drives out a cold in the head quickly.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
CATARRH OF THE NOSE
SINUSITIS
HEADACHE
MIGRAINE
MAYKREWE
SOLD EVERYWHERE
SECRETLY PREPARED BY
J. C. ELY, LOWELL, MASS.
"Ely's Balm" is a registered trademark.

A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months.
Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Lord Salisbury informed her majesty that if he remained he wished to do both the premiership and the foreign secretaryship, but here again the sovereign's pleasure prevailed. She induced the old statesman to relinquish the foreign portfolio and to retain leadership of the government.

It is now reported in the best informed circles that Lord Salisbury tends to resign shortly after parliament meets in February. There is the possibility, however, that King Edward will do as his mother, in previous

four will succeed him, and Mr. Four's right hand man, when he comes premier, will be Joseph Chamberlain.

S. S. S. is the only safe and infallible cure for this disease, the only anti-venom for this specific poison. It cures worst cases thoroughly and permanently.

I decided to try S. S. S., but must confess I had little faith left in any medicine. After taking the third bottle I noticed a change in my condition. This was truly encouraging, and I determined to give S. S. S. a thorough trial. From that time on the improvement was rapid; my S. S. S. seemed to have the disease completely under control; the sores and ulcers healed and I was soon free from all signs of the disorder. I have been healthy ever since.

SSS is the only purely
table blood pur-
known. \$1.00
offered for proof
it contains a parti-
mercury, potash or other mineral po-
Send for our free book on Blood Po-
it contains valuable information
this disease, with full directions for
treatment. We charge nothing for
cal advice; cure yourself at home.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA,

Charles M. Pepper, the Well Known Correspondent, Tells of the Complete Freedom or Worship Now Enjoyed Under American Control.

to want to emphasize the point about all that those who are succeeding are the ones who have gone out into the world and have not tried to make their fortunes in Havana, Santiago, or other cities. They have recognized the great truth that the only way to get the greatest chance for the new-comer is in farming. So they have got land, and gone to raising fruits, vegetables, and other things, and making big money. I have noticed that the Chinese rubber gardeners, who are so numerous in the country, have been successful.

ions and Irish potatoes for the New York market. Americans are beginning to make headway. In quite a number of cases where they have gone to raising

era also has begun opening up the undeveloped portions of Cuba. The most important of these enterprises is the building of what is known as the Central or Backbone railway which will

to will have the channels quite ready, and will be assured of the market for getting their products to market.

Railroad building is another feature of the Van Horne project. Sir William told me that the immediate purpose is to open up the undeveloped resources by establishing sugar plantations, fruit farms and the like. The scope of operation is to the eastern part of Santa Clara province, and in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

While, as I stated, this railway project will be of great benefit to Cuba, and will aid in the development of the aging American immigration, for the

immediate future. Such a plan for making homes in Cuba to depend upon it. They will do so, and the plan is one which is already within reach. Naturally this means that they will have to get out of their hands and go further into the interior, where the country is yet entirely undeveloped; but think that they will soon be able to believe a man with \$5000 capital will be able to turn it over into a good deal of the island overseas may not cost from \$15 to \$25 an acre, but by going to the undeveloped section where the cost is less, it can be had from \$3 to \$5 an acre. That is to say,

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

There is no better maker than Kirk.
The best Toilet Soap that even
extravagance can buy, costs now but
a dime a cake, and it's Jap Rose.
Please get a cake and try it.

From The Herald

daily novel features of the hotel are cafes. Washington has always been conservative in the matter of its cafes, and nowhere in the city in anything except the unpretending places is it permissible for gentlemen to smoke at lunch dinner in the public dining rooms.

ated without distinction. For the benefit of the ladies who do not like the smell of smoke, a cafe is located in the front of the house, where smoking is not

the street are observed. On the second floor are, in addition, a number of wate dining rooms for parties of four more. Mr. Key noticed that when

the play and will leave the hotel at seven evening in time for the performance.

Barnton's is the old Wellington, on Fifteenth street, remodeled and redecorated in 1905. It is probably the most fashionable and most popular of the theaters in the country. Belonging to a wealthy woman, now residing abroad, it has been in the hands of the same management until it stood idle for months. It was believed it was the very best location for a new place and was placed there in the hope it would be a long term and undertook

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WEST
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28-1900-

**Everything Was Encouraging
to the Believer In
Higher Prices.**

Corn was quiet and steady. May opened a shade to $\frac{1}{4}$ c higher at 39c to 38 $\frac{3}{4}$ c. It touched 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ c in sympathy with wheat and receded to 38 $\frac{3}{4}$ c. Receipts were 337 cars. The market rallied later with wheat and closed strong, May $\frac{1}{4}$ c higher at 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Oats were firm with wheat, but flat.

Get this week's values:	
Drafters, extra	\$150 ⁰⁰ /17
Drafters, choice	120 ⁰⁰ /15
Drafters, common to good.....	100 ⁰⁰ /12
Farm mares, choice	100 ⁰⁰ /12
Farm mares, common to good....	65 ⁰⁰ /10

NEW YORK MONEY.
New York, Jan. 25.—Money on call nominal-
ly at 2 per cent; prime mercantile
paper, 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent; sterling exchange

is THE MARKET.
331-333 W. Superior St.

and productive. Wheat, corn, oats, barley, buckwheat, flaxseed and a considerable variety of vegetables and forage plants can be successfully grown in many parts of the territory.

Extra Fancy Dairy Butter **Lowest Prices**
One 49-lb. Sack North Star White Rye, **65c**

Gronseth & Olsen.

Rich Calling Gowns.

Fashion Decees They Shall Be Elaborate
---Toilette For Such Functions Unlike
Any Other In the Wardrobe.
GOLD IS MUCH USED NOW

New York, Jan. 22.—The calling days are here; the busiest of the year for the woman with an acquaintance. It is a social law, unwritten, though dominating the world of womanhood, that all calls must be answered the first of the year and that those to whom no calls are owed must hasten to pay their friendly obligation.

In woman's calendar there are no actual obligatory calls to be made again until it comes time for the F. P. C. calls in May. Then the little cards "I tell you I am going away" will fly merrily until June.

But by far the most important visits—our London cousins say—must be made this month. Beginning with the first half of the year off in Washington and traveling outward and through all the social scene, crescent and diamond, the month of January is devoted to the making of calls.

In the happy etiquette of former winter the calling gown was a nice one, generally of cloth, over which a fur or other heavy coat was slipped. To be taken off at each house, if the call was more than five minutes long. The gown might have had its slight train, but it was only a fine dress, without anything to make it distinctively a calling

gown.

But today in the frivolous twentieth century all things are different. The calling gown is a gown by itself, something different, something complete, something wholly unlike any other gown in the wardrobe, extravagant, perhaps, but delightful to behold, and still more delightful to possess.

In the trousseau of Miss Alta Rockefeller there was such a gown. It is made of very heavy lace, lace so costly that it is almost worthy the name of "material." The skirt is made over a foundation of corded silk of the variety formerly known as gros grain, and it is cut very tight in the hips and very large around the foot and long in the back. The bottom of the skirt is edged with a very heavy and very velvety cord in black and white, each cord as large as your little finger, and with five rows of the cord. The front of the skirt is trimmed with a deep deep dounce of silk, extending as high as the knees. It is bordered with the cord, which is put on square to outline a square dounce. This trimming ends at the side seams and extends only across the front.

The waist, which is a silk blouse, is worn with an Eton of rough goods, with a velvety finish looking wonderfully like chenille. It is called by different names, but in London, where it is the

fabric of the winter, it is known as chenille cloth. It was shown in one of the shops under the name of uncut panne, but the term seemed a misnomer, as it was very much heavier than panne has ever been. This little jacket had its cuffs and lapels of silk and was finished around the waist with a crush of silk.

A bon of very heavy triple plaiting of black liberty silk, with a wired rim of chenille, is worn with many of the street dresses. From the front of the bon many ends of chenille hang down, each one finished with long "spikes," that fashionable vagary of gold trimming of the moment.

All the world has been interested in late in the trousseau of the richest bride of the generation, Miss Elsie French, whose gowns have been described until it would seem as though there were no more fabrics left upon which to draw for further trousseaux, had yet one more gown, a dress that was added last and which was an afterthought of the trousseau. When completed it was such a success that it was placed among the traveling gowns.

It was a gown of gold cord—literally of gold cord—for the cord was a valuable kind, warranted never to tarnish, and the dress, which was the lightest fawn, was nearly covered with it.

The entire front of the skirt was a mass of the gold cording. At the side breadth a flounce began and extended around the back. This was also a mass of gold embroidery. The waist, which was in the shape of a bolero corsage, was covered with gold cording so that the bolero was entirely formed of it, and the long sleeves, ending in a point at the knuckles, consisted of it. The few spots that were not covered with the cording shone lustrous and beautiful, for the material was the richest satin cloth that ever left the loom.

A calling gown in the trousseau of a piece of Chaucer M. Dewey was of a piece of pale shade of cloth, which has become so popular. The cord, which is put on square to outline a square dounce, was applied with white lace, underneath the rows of which were set circular pieces of rose-colored silk. The vest was of black embroidery, affording a sharp contrast.

Under these gowns, which are to be worn calling the winter, it is known as chenille cloth. It was shown in one of the shops under the name of uncut panne, but the term seemed a misnomer, as it was very much heavier than panne has ever been. This little jacket had its cuffs and lapels of silk and was finished around the waist with a crush of silk.

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This warm stuff is cut into the neatest tight-fitting bolero waists and is worn over the corset cover. Over this is worn the waist of the gown. Sometimes the little quilted satin jacket is worn over a silk blouse and an Eton of cloth slipped on over all. Anything to give the trim tailor-made figure in mid-winter, without freezing the woman inside.

For walking, for driving, for church, for any occasion where the coat is surely taken off, then the fur coat reigns supreme in favor and is seen in many new and handsome shapes. It is for the most part cut off at the waist line, like an Eton, or is made-up in some little eccentric shape. The longer, or more conventional, fur coats are lined with little ruffs of chiffon, put on so very close together that they form the densest, daintiest little lining imaginable.

You would not fancy you were shopping in January if you go into the stores these days. The spring colors and the spring clothes are for the most part upon the counters, or those that remain of the winter stock are of the lightest weight, suitable for spring. And it is these goods that are so deceiving to the eye.

Where once you noticed steel browns and deep blues and bottle greens you now see the pale shades. Fawn, cream, ashes of rose, light turquoise—the color a woman chooses for her ring—shell pink, gaslight blue and all the light tans are the colors that are seen. These will be the street gowns of spring, the ones in which the Easter Parade will be made.

The light gowns will come the delicate trimmings. Lace will be the one trimming of spring, and every gown will have its showing of it. All sorts of lace will be used; many of the hand-somest kinds are the cheap lace, wrought out with great delicacy, but lacking tradition to back them, like point lace, or Valenciennes, or Honiton, or Bruges. These lace are dear, for they hold their own, but the newer and cheaper kinds are quite as effective.

If you buy your laces, as the ladies of France buy them, to sell again, as people do diamonds, merely holding them

as an investment, it will be best this spring to get the standard makes, for these will grow much more valuable as time progresses, just as the French laces of Martha Washington's day are now almost priceless, and the gold laces of Louis XI actually worth their weight in gold and more.

But if you are dressing merely for beauty and to get the most for your money, then you will do well to ask for the new laces and to select those that seem effective.

Gold, which has been fashionable all winter, will come in this spring with more favor than before, but it will be in a different way. Where formerly gold was broad and wide and pronounced, it is now much more delicately handled. They sell a good openwork or filigree braid, which is to be used for outlining the top of a flounce. It is also used for belting over a lining of silk.

Where formerly broad solid straps of gold braid were used more delicate bandings are the rule, the gold being in masses cut out to allow a ribbon to be run through.

They use gold in many ways. You see gold braided embroidery. One example of this was in the much discussed trousseau of Miss French. The braid was wide and very heavy, and was used as a belting. Running the entire length of it was an embroidery in white floss. The smallest roses were worked in the floss. Another belt, this one of silver braid, had colored roses worked in it.

The belts were of the pulley variety, for all both great and small, rich and of moderate degree, have fallen a victim to the pulley and were tied in the middle of the front with a rose-colored, two-sided satin ribbon in one case, and with a white one in the other.

Gold braiding is used in another way: Hooses cut in the hands of braid, just as though they were being cut in cloth, and a bit of silk is set underneath. Gold from being merely a trimming is coming to be treated as a fabric. A band of gold braid has a tiny ruffle of chiffon set around the upper edge and along the bottom. The whole was then used as an insertion. The ruffle was caught in the middle, making a double edge.

But by far the most liberal use of gold will be made in the gold cording which is to be so freely used. Miles and miles of gold cord will trim everything. It will be used at the head of flounces to make a very down applique. It will be used upon bodies to outline not only a bolero, but pointed vests, yokes and sailor collars. It will be tied around the neck instead of a stock, many rows of it being used, and it will also be used as a belting in the same way, ten or twelve of the cords being brought around the waist, and down to a point in the middle of the front line.

"It was almost a miracle," Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body, am very grateful." Miss Julia Ellinger, West Cornwall, Conn.

WILL NOT ACT.
Mrs. Nation Refuses Offer to Go on Stage—Goes to Hops.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Carrie Nation left Enterprise last night for Hope, Kan., where she will hold a meeting of the temperance women this afternoon. From there she will go to Kansas City, Kan., Saturday, and will begin the usual operations there. There are two saloons in Hope, which is a small village twenty-two miles south of Enterprise, and the liquor people there are terrified at the knowledge of her coming.

A special dispatch from Enterprise, Kan., says the wrecking of the saloon is complete, not a whole bottle remaining in the place.

Mrs. Nation has had Mrs. Schilling, the saloon keeper's wife who assaulted her yesterday, arrested on a county warrant. She told Mrs. Schilling she would forgive her if she begged her pardon, but saloon keeper's wife refused, whereupon Mrs. Nation said she would send her to the penitentiary. Mrs. Nation sent for County Attorney Smith to bring criminal proceedings against Mrs. Schilling and said she would prosecute her to the utmost, but later gave up the prosecution.

"I am receiving many invitations to visit towns," said Mrs. Nation last night, "and I am much encouraged. The work must go on in every state, and I am confident that we can do it that way."

"I have received an invitation to go on the stage in Chicago in 'Ten Nights in a Barroom,' at \$75 per week, but will not accept it, as it is not notorious I am after."

"Women in Wichita are organizing and demanding the closing of saloons. If it is not done, they will smash them worse than I did."

DRUNK ON OIL.
Number of Deaths of Youngsters From This Cause Are Reported.

Philadelphia, Jan. 23.—Children, showing all the marked symptoms of drunkenness, have been picked up by the police, but when examined by the district doctors no traces of whisky or beer could be found. Eddie Clark confessed that he had become a regular drinker of kerosene. He told of a dozen boys whose ages range from 7 to 11, and that they had been drinking kerosene for some time. He said that older boys had told him that with coal oil for improper purposes. At the Hancock school several "drunken" boys were sent home so frequently that the teachers and parents engaged in a neighborhood fight that finally became a factor in ward politics. A investigation disclosed the fact that the boys were habitual toppers on coal oil, and that they were really drunk when sent home by their teachers.

Only a week or so ago a park guard arrested a man for drunkenness along the east drive, and when taken to Seelye guard house and searched Capt. Chas. found on the prisoner a flask of petroleum from which he had drunk so frequently that he became intoxicated. The flask was taken from the man, but the next morning he pleaded almost with tears in his eyes, to have it restored to him.

The vert of physicians on the subject of petroleum drinking is almost unanimous. The effect of the liquid is said to produce a morose state of intoxication, rather than to stir up brutal instincts in the drinker, but there is no doubt that the habit when prolonged is more deadly than ordinary drunkenness in its effects on the mental and physical organization of the victim.

At St. Luke's and Harper hospitals many cases appeared among the patients, and the attending physicians were deceived for days by the cleverness of the patients. The picture of disease presented suggested at first glance paregic poisoning, but the closer examinations failed to disclose the striking characteristics produced by the form of oil. Reputable physicians who make a specialty of diseases of children, asserted that quite a number of recent deaths resulted indirectly from the continued use of petroleum as an antidote. The case with which any preparation of petroleum can be procured by children tends to increase the use of it among children, and the cases have multiplied at such an alarming rate recently that parents are being familiarized with the symptoms produced by it and the perils attending its use.

Quality and not quantity makes De Witt's Little Early Risers such valuable little liver pills. Max Wirth.

Omega Oil

CORSET PAINS—A woman once said she liked to wear a corset because it was such a relief when she took it off. So long as Fashion makes women wear corsets, they will continue to squeeze their bodies into shapes never intended by Nature, and they will also continue to suffer. The pain and discomfort won't be so bad, however, if they will rub themselves every night with a little Omega Oil. This relaxes the squeezed-up flesh and muscles, takes out the soreness and has a wonderfully soothing effect. The woman who wants to get up in the morning feeling fine, ought to get some Omega Oil right away and use it.



Omega Oil is for sale in most drug stores. Any druggist can get a supply of his whole sale. If you do not keep it, the Omega Chemical Co., New York, will mail you a bottle, if you will send \$5. in cash, money order or stamps.

For Outdoor Workers

Exposure to the weather means exposure to many ills. Rheumatism, kidney disease, bronchitis and pneumonia often assail the man who works outdoors. Put a bottle of Hinkley's Bone Liniment on your shelf.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment
where it can be quickly reached, and you can laugh at the weather. A spoonful of this famous liniment taken on milk or water after exposure, causes a healthy reaction, stirs and stimulates the entire body, brings it back to its normal condition.

Sold every where in 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 bottles.
D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

WEAK NERVES!

There is not a case of Nervous Weakness in the world today (no matter what the cause or how long standing) that the use of Lincoln's Sexual Pills does not direct lions, which are simple and very easy to follow, will fall to permanently cure. Why do you remain weak when Lincoln's Sexual Pills will make you strong?

Price \$1.00 per box—buy your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.
LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO.,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"
Cupidene is a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the reproductive organs, such as Loss of Manhood, Impotence, Failure in the Bed, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Protrusion, Catarrhs of the Urinary Tract, Excessive Drain, Venereal Disease, Gonorrhea, etc. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quick return of discharges, which if neglected lead to the most serious and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs and restores small weak organs.

CUPIDENE is not cured by Boreum because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. It is a powerful medicine, but it does not act as a permanent cure. \$1.00 a box, six for \$5.00 by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials. Address DAVOL, P. O. BOX 270, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

DR. PIERCE
Room 1,
No. 5 W. Sup.
St., Duluth,
Minn.
Regular Graduate,
Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist
for the cure of
Chronic, Nervous
and Private
Diseases

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 11 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Bores, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN
Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Impotency, Sexual Depravity, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from Recent Exposure, Mental Worry or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema, Cough, Inflammation of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, and to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN
who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Blood Troubles, Syphilis or Mercurial Poison, Loss of Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Depravity, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from Recent Exposure, Mental Worry or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema, Cough, Inflammation of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, and to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter what the cause. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Henry M. Backus and Hattie W. Backus, his wife, and Louis B. Smith and Edward Smith, her husband, as mortgagors, to Wallace W. Thomas, as mortgagee, dated the sixth day of June, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book "91" of Mortgages, on page 22, which mortgage was by instrument in writing dated the eighth day of June, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of said Registrar of Deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book "91" of Mortgages, on page 22, and whereas, at the date of said mortgage, the sum of nine thousand three hundred and six dollars (\$9,306), and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

And whereas, the premises conveyed by said mortgage being situate in said county of St. Louis, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw) of the southwest quarter (sw) of section nine (9), in township fifty (50), north of range fourteen (14) west, plotted as "Thomas and Hendricks' Five-Acre Lots," were subsequent to the execution of said mortgage, subdivided and platted, and the same are now known as "Clifton Heights Second Division," block thirty (30) of which was thereafter released from the lien of said mortgage.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale by the Sheriff of St. Louis county, Minnesota, of that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in said county, known and described as all of "Clifton Heights, Second Division," except block thirty (30) thereof, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for said county of St. Louis (the same being all the premises conveyed by said mortgage), except that portion released from the lien thereof, for cash, at public vendue, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the expenses of said sale.

Dated December 20, 1900.
THE LONDON AND NORTH-WEST AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY,
Assignee of Said Mortgage.
W. H. YARLEY, Attorney for Assignee. (L175 F54.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Dec-21-25-1900—Jan-4-18-1901.



CHIC CALLING COSTUME.
Visiting costumes of pale gray camel's hair cloth. Skirt and jacket trimmed elaborately with arabesques of white cloth applied with heavy white silk floss.

LUMBER MARKET

January Sales Expected to Run to Twenty-Five Million Feet.

AFTER HIGH GRADES

Buyers Want Good Stuff and Manufacturers Call This Good Sign.

Local lumber sales for the month of January will probably amount to about twenty-five million feet, most of the lumber sold being of the higher grades. Outside of the 5,000,000 feet sale by the Red Cliff Lumber company, and another sale of nearly 1,000,000 by G. A. Porter, the local market has been rather quiet this week. There have not been so many buyers here for the week just closing, but a feature that is new for this time of the season is the large amount of inquiries that the local lumbermen are receiving from the East. These inquiries, almost without exception, refer to cash sales, and delivery of the lumber as soon as possible after the opening of navigation in the spring. The inquiry is for the higher grades of lumber, and the fact that the local lumbermen are receiving inquiries of this kind is a very favorable sign for the coming season. They charge that the buyers will offer cash, and are anxious to have their lumber early in the season, the coming year will see a good market for lumber. There has been a falling off in the shipment of lumber by rail to Chicago this winter. It is said to be due to the refusal of the shippers to accept the tariff. The roads say that lumber tariffs are strictly maintained, while shippers hold that in past years they have been enabled to get a slight reduction. The tariff to Chicago is 10 cents a hundred, as it was last season, but the shippers say that last winter the lumber was actually carried for 8 and 2 cents, while now the tariff is maintained.

The logging operations in the district are well along, with the exception of those localities where the swamps are not yet frozen hard enough to permit breaking through. The loggers have 400 men employed in their camps on the north shore, they are delivering logs very rapidly on Lake Superior and along the river. They expect to have 500,000 feet there this season, up to September, and from 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 feet at Baraga and other points on the north shore. It is estimated that the lumbermen will saw part of their lumber in this city, instead of all at Ashland and Baraga, as has been the case in the past. The lumbermen at first planned to have a mill on the north shore to Baraga, as the longest overland route on Lake Superior, the entire distance being about 230 miles.

Pulpwood is being shipped from Colvin & Robb's camps on the St. Louis river, at the rate of 100 cords a day, all of which will be stored at Two Harbors until the opening of navigation.

Richard Whiteside is now logging on the St. Louis river, where he will get out about 500,000 feet of lumber. It is estimated that the tie cut at the head of the lake this winter will amount to about 1,500,000 pieces, which is about half the number that was cut last season. There are very few buyers of lumber in this city, and the lumbermen are not making any important contracts now. Last season the roads of the South shore, and the lumbermen of the upper St. Louis and other streams, whose product could not be brought down early on the river, are now making the Martin Tie and Lumber company, of this city, will make about one-third the tie cut this season. The Martin company has established at the West End a wholesale cedar yard, where the company expects to have a large business in posts, poles, etc., especially with the Southwest. The Duluth yard will be the manufacturing center.

Some days ago there was a report that some La Crosse parties, represented by Mr. P. Olcott, would put in a large mill at Mesaba, but since there has been some doubt raised as to the consummation of the plan, it is said that Mr. Olcott has been looking for a site at Mesaba, but that no definite deal was made.

Two more small mills are going in in this district, one on Rainy river near the Big Fork, for the purpose of cutting

IN PUBLIC FAVOR.

A Remedy For the Cure of Piles Which Has Met With Remarkable Success.

There are many popular medicines that are known in every household in America.

There are blood purifiers, nerve tonics, headache cures, and cough cures which are sold in every drug store.

But all of these must divide popularity with many rivals, no remedy has the field to itself, with the single exception of pile cures for it is a singular fact, that among the host of remedies, there is but one pile cure that can be considered as having a national reputation, without a rival and the remedy referred to is the Pyramid Pile Cure, which for seven years has steadily worked into public favor, by reason of its extraordinary merit and a method and a record of remarkable cures, until it is known from Maine to California and from Manitoba to the Gulf of Mexico.

It is true there are many pile remedies having a small reputation for a year or two, but the Pyramid Pile Cure has rapidly supplanted them all and really has the field to itself when anything like national popularity is considered.

The explanation is simple. It is because pile is in no sense an imaginary trouble, that a simple salve or ointment will cure, but an obstinate, painful and often dangerous trouble and a remedy to give satisfaction must possess positive and very apparent merit. A person suffering from piles will not experiment for months with a remedy; it must give relief and a cure in short order or it is condemned.

The worst cases of piles are relieved on the first application, and being in suppository form is convenient to use and cures without interfering with daily occupation.

Medical men use it in preference to surgical operations because it is so safe and painless, and the cost, compared to benefit given is a mere trifle as compared to surgical operations.

If suffering from any form of piles, bleeding, itching or protruding, a trial of the Pyramid Pile Cure will cure you and add another to its thousands of friends.

"77" Husband "Seventy-Seven"

Dr. Humphreys' "77" breaks up the Grip, while its tonic sustains the flagging energies during and after the attack.

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" is a National Remedy, having a large sale in every State. During the present epidemic of Grip and Colds the demand is so large, that while we run our factory day and night, we are never quite able to fill all the orders received. Hence we advise you to husband your supply of "77" for your own safety.

At all Drug Stores, 25c, or mailed, 50c. Pocket Manual mailed free.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

GRIP

ting elm and oak barrel stock for the Red Cliff Lumber company, and the other in Pine county for the purpose of cutting the hardwood lumber belonging to L. N. Snyder and Charles O'Hara, of West Superior, ex-sheriff of Douglas county.

Labor conditions at present are most favorable to the men wanting work for the lack of men is felt throughout the entire Northwest. There are orders in the local offices for over 600 men and the best of the local employment agents can do so to send out small crews of eight or ten men a day on the contracts.

The situation is the same in Minneapolis for an employment agent of that city was here yesterday with a gang of eight men that he sent on to work after the lumber. He said that there was scarcely a man available at Minneapolis. Wages hold firm at \$26 low and \$29 high. The smallpox scare has not helped the loggers any in the Northwest, but they are beginning to realize that it is much to their interest to co-operate with the health officials in maintaining a strict quarantine at their camps where smallpox exists there because if any of the men get away it is impossible to get any others to take their place and work has to be abandoned. So light is the disease in most of the camps and so little attention is paid to it that the men that are not actually sick keep right on with their work under the quarantine.

There is always more or less talk about the abuses of the woodsmen, how the employment agents are leagued against them to get their little 50 cents or \$1, etc., but there is also another side of the case and looking at it from this side it will be noticed that the woodsmen are pretty foxy themselves on many occasions and plan not how to get work, but how they can leave the employment men out of railroad fare in getting from one point to another.

Instances are coming up here every day that illustrates the sentiment on the part of many of the men to beat the employers. Men come into the local employment agencies and ask for a job, who have forgotten to take the ticket from their employer, which shows where they were hired at a Minneapolis agency and sent up this way on a job, but instead of going to work after their fare was paid they came straight through to this city.

One of the local lumbermen called to me and said that he had just received a letter that occurred just last week that illustrates one of the favorite schemes of the man who wishes to cheat the employer out of his railroad fare. An agent from Minneapolis, with a crew of about fifty men, got off at a little station on the Great Northern of a few miles out of this city, and not far from the camp for which the men were employed. The agent had paid the fare of the whole crew and checked their pockets, keeping the checks to prevent any of the men getting away from him. Just as the train was about to start, one of the woodsmen, vouched the agent to come on to this city. The agent was provoked, but consoled himself that he had the man and pack and might compensate him for the fare expended. He got the pack and opened it, only to find it empty. The man with a woman's old dress skirt wrapped around a piece of soft coal.

IN MICHIGAN.

Negaunee Hardware Dealer Has Secured Control of East Jackson Mine.

Negaunee-Benjamin Neely, the hardware dealer of this city, has control of the East Jackson mine. The lease of this mine is in the copper country. Mr. Neely refuses to talk on the matter, but it is thought that he has the option in the interest of outside parties, presumably the Northwestern Furnace company of Marquette, Wis. This is the company which is leasing the East Jackson mine. As the two mines are adjoining properties this disposition would seem to have a fair foundation.

Republic-The employees of the Riverside mine were paid for labor performed in December. There are twenty-five men on the payroll at this mine. A very nice pile of ore is being stockpiled, though hoisting is not being pushed. Considerable exploratory work is being done.

Marquette-One result of the prison investigation will be the abolishing of cell feeding and increasing the holiday privileges to Saturday afternoons for a majority of the inmates. The commission went after cell feeding this morning and the board of control said that they thought that a majority of the men could be fed in the dining room with safety, and also that they could be given yard privileges Saturday afternoons where they have only had them on legal holidays for twenty-six months, since Mosher was assassinated. Warden Freeman took the opposite position, but a change will certainly be made.

Gladiator-William McDonald, an employee of the Northwestern Copper and Lumber company, was killed while unloading logs from a mail truck.

William Merck, outside foreman for the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, was instantly killed by a switch engine.

Iron Mountain-Adolph Gauthier, aged 36, was instantly killed at the Iron Mountain mine yesterday by falling from the top of the trestle upon a pile of rocks on the gravelly floor of a distance of thirty feet. He leaves a wife and five children.

ALLEGANCE.

More Than 50,000 Iollos Fill-pinos Have Accepted American Rule.

Iollos, Jan. 25.-Upwards of 50,000 Fill-pinos have sworn allegiance to the United States in Iollos province. Thirty surrounded at Santa Barbara yesterday.

Duluth Churches

Many Pastors Will Take as Their Theme The Life of Queen Victoria.

Rev. T. H. Cleland will resume his pulpit at 10:20 a. m. at the First Presbyterian church. In the evening the service will be in the nature of a memorial to the good Queen. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ-"Andante".....H. Smart
Anthem-"In Dreams I Heard".....Seraphus
Solo, Mrs. Cutter; bass solo, Mr. Gougar.
Quartet-"Guide Me O Thou Great Jehovah".....The O. Thon Great
Postlude-"Impetuous March".....Kornen

EVENING.
Organ-"Funeral March".....Beethoven
Anthem-"In the Beginning".....M. C. Custance
Solo and quartet-"Auld With Me".....L. W. Gougar
Quartet-"There Is a Land Mine Eye Hath Seen".....Crownshield
Chant-"Still, Still With Thee".....Gertish
Postlude-"Impetuous March".....L. W. Gougar

At the Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "Taking the Initiative." In the evening he will preach on "The Life, Character and Influence of Queen Victoria."

Rev. J. W. Ponolis of the Lutheran church will preach tomorrow morning on "The Kingdom of God is Within You." In the evening he will preach on "Lessons From a Great Life."

At St. Paul's church tomorrow, there will be services as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., morning prayer; 11 a. m., special service, "The Life of Queen Victoria." 3 p. m., special musical service, with address by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.
Processional-"When Our Heads Are Bowed With Wee".....Redhead
Venite With Wee".....Chantel
Te Deum With Wee".....Chantel
Benedictus With Wee".....Chantel
Die".....Chantel
Hymn-"Now the Laborer's Task".....Dykes
Anthem-"No Shadows Yonder".....A. R. Gaul
Solo, Miss Rena Smith.
Recessional-"When Our Heads Are Bowed With Wee".....Redhead

EVENING.
Processional-"When Our Heads Are Bowed With Wee".....Redhead
Venite With Wee".....Chantel
Te Deum With Wee".....Chantel
Benedictus With Wee".....Chantel
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Rev. T. Jensen will conduct services tomorrow, Sunday school at 10 a. m.

At the Swedish Mission, there will be services both morning and evening. Rev. John Johnson, pastor, will preach at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m. in the afternoon, a union service will be held.

S. R. Payne will preach at Glen Avon church at 10:45 a. m. His subject will be "Christ, Second Coming and the Millennium." No service in the afternoon. Sabbath school at noon.

In Grace M. E. church, Rev. H. W. Knowlton will preach tomorrow morning, Topic, "Drunk or Sober-Reflections While in a Revival Meeting in Minneapolis." Evening service at 8 p. m. in series, "Salvation According to Christ, or the Gospel for the Twentieth Century." Topic, "England's Queen, and the Political Revolutions."

Chicago Chronicle: Professor Heron declares that he is a member of a church whose tenets are repulsive and that the organization to put him out. Singular attitude for a social and religious reformer. Why on earth should anyone stick like a leech to a church whose creed he publicly repudiates?

Cleveland Plain Dealer: One of the New York papers arose and denounced the church to the congregation last Sunday. This looks a little as if the sixteenth century bigotry and narrowness had forced themselves across the new century's threshold. The church member who is too busy to attend to the smoke nuisance, to the saloons, to vice, to maladministration-to anything except money-making. And then when they have made money they announce the city into live in and shake off the dust of the fathers. It is difficult to say whether this is a new development or a continuation of an old one.

Chicago News: Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones says it is extremely hard to see business men long enough to explain to them the meaning of the city and to to test them in the campaign against it. He says that the business men are too busy to attend to the smoke nuisance, to the saloons, to vice, to maladministration-to anything except money-making. And then when they have made money they announce the city into live in and shake off the dust of the fathers. It is difficult to say whether this is a new development or a continuation of an old one.

When a person "joins" a Protestant church, he is expected to accept the whole of the faith. It is difficult to say whether this is a new development or a continuation of an old one.

There is a tremendous chasm between the poetry we applaud and the prose we read. The greatest contradiction is the church which preaches the gospel of love and then turns around and preaches the gospel of hate.

Only he can secure success who is willing to face failure. He who is willing to amend the gospel and then put the amendment first. He who is willing to let the gospel be the church while you stay out on the street. The great question is not, "Are you ready to die?" but "Are you ready to live again?"

Many preachers yield to a reversed temptation; they turn the bread into stones. There is a tremendous chasm between the poetry we applaud and the prose we read. The greatest contradiction is the church which preaches the gospel of love and then turns around and preaches the gospel of hate.

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CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PERUNA.

STOP AND THINK! Over 100,000 Grip Patients Cured by Peruna Last Winter.

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TOWER TOPICS.

Professor Maria Santoro of the S

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SLOW BUT CERTAIN

State Department Thinks Pekin Negotiations Will Come Out All Right.

DETAIL KEPT QUIET

Not Proper to Make Public Petty Differences Among the Ministers.

Washington, Jan. 26 (The Associated Press).—Recent advices received by the State department from its agents in Peking indicate that the negotiations among the ministers there are proceeding slowly, but they do not, by any means, discourage the United States in its efforts. The department is not disappointed in the lack of rapid achievement at Peking, but is, on the whole, expecting a satisfactory outcome, though realizing that the negotiations will require considerable time for this result. It is not deemed probable to make public the various proposals which have been made, but to those who might take advantage of them the petty differences among the ministers are not considered. The favorable reception of its proposition to transfer the negotiations from Peking to London is regarded as a step which the department cannot do more now to hasten to the conclusion.

Recent publications touching the insistence of the ministers at Peking upon the imposition of the death penalty on all persons concerned in the Boxer uprising, this statement is made by authority: "The reports which have been published by the Chinese government as demanding the imposition of the death penalty on all the princes and officials who were concerned in the

NOTICE.—
All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the s½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of s½ of section 20, township 55, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud.
CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

and delivered by John A. Willard, and Anna M. Willard, his wife, and W. D. Willard and Louise R. Willard, his wife, mortgage to the said mortgagee, the mortgage bearing date June 27th, 1883, with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, on June 28th, 1883, at 4 o'clock p. m. in book 125 of mortgages on page 165.

Whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight thousand four hundred and sixteen and 60/100 dollars, and

Whereas, the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to enforce the payment of the said mortgage or any part thereof,

to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclose by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot eighty-six (86), West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, and lot eighty-six (86), in block eighteen (18), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plats thereof, on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, in which county and state said

county court, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 23d day of February, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and \$120 attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 12-19-26-Feb-
2-9-16. (

**NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE'S SALE AND
APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF
COURT APPROVING THE SAME.—**

house, in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. on said day, will sell at public auction for cash, all his right, title and interest as such assignee in and to all these certain tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to-wit:

range 13, west.
 N $\frac{1}{4}$ of n $\frac{1}{4}$ section 12, township 60
 north, range 13 west.
 N $\frac{1}{4}$ section 15, township 60 north, range
 13 west.
 S $\frac{1}{4}$ of s $\frac{1}{4}$, section, 1, township 60
 north, range 13 west.
 S $\frac{1}{4}$ of s $\frac{1}{4}$, section 25, township 54
 north, range 15 west.

township 64 north, range 6 west.
Lots 2 and 3, section 31, township 64
north, range 6 west.
N $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, section 31, township 64
north, range 6 west.
Lots 8, 9, 14 and 15, section 27, township
65 north, range 6 west.
Lot 5, section 17, township 64 north,
range 10 west.
S $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, section 22, township 64 north,

And also the following lands situate in Lake county, Minnesota:

$\frac{S}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$, and n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$, section 25, township 65 north, range 4 west.

n $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, se $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, and ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$, section 26, township 65 north, range 4 west.

Ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, and se $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$, section 35, township 65 north, range 4 west.

S $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$, section 22, township 65 north,

SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and lots 8 and 9, section 33, township 65 north, range 1 east.


Said sales to be subject to the approval of the district court in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Notice is further given, that on Saturday, the 9th day of February, 1901, at a special term of the district court of the

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, Jan'y 15th, 1901.

ROBERT LOUDEN,
Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald Jan-15-26-Feb-2
1901.



ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

A Removal Sale!



On or about Feb. 1, we will move into our new offices at No. 216 West Superior street.

We have for sale a house and lot on Ninth avenue east and must be sold to close out an estate. This house has seven rooms, sewer and water connections, is in a good neighborhood, in good repair, and could not be built today for \$200.

For the reasons above given we will sell this house and lot at the remarkably low price of \$1600.

Here is an exceptionally good chance to secure a home. Do not miss it.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
201 First National Bank Bldg.

REALTY MARKET

Couple of Large Deals and Several Small Ones Closed This Week.

DEMAND FOR HOUSES

Dealers Report Calls For Dwellings of Reasonable Prices—Transfers.

The situation in real estate circles is a streaked one. Some dealers shake their heads and talk about hard times and little doing while others smile and express a belief that property and a strong activity in realty are here, hand in hand, and to stay.

Look for a splendid business in real estate from this on, said Whitney Wall, of Julius D. Howard & Co., yesterday. "The conditions here remind me of those in St. Paul when there in 1891. Then St. Paul was no larger than Duluth is now and affairs were not in as good a condition here now. A change came and the city jumped forward with rapid strides. Much to the credit of the real estate dealers, builders and loan agents. Julius D. Howard & Co. are making careful preparations to meet the activity believed to be at Duluth's door. It is believed that Duluth will attain a much larger population than many people anticipate."

One of the banner sales of the season thus far is the credit of C. H. Craig & Co. A deal has been closed that first whereby the building of a new house on block 10, Central division, from the ownership of C. G. Davis, to the hands of J. P. Davis, of New York city, for a consideration of \$20,000.

There is a no-frontage on the lower side of Michigan street and the corner of Second avenue. It is now occupied by the Victor company, a commission firm, which has a lease for a term of years. The new owner secured the property as an investment.

The King block was purchased by W. A. Wagner for a consideration close to \$50,000. This property is located at West Superior street. It is a substantial modern brick and stone, 15 feet deep 40 feet frontage structure, four stories on Superior street and five on Michigan street. It was erected in 1899 and is said to have cost close to \$85,000.

Mr. Wagner has a ten years' lease and about \$10,000 in fixtures in the building. The property was about to pass into the hands of the Travelers' Insurance company under a mortgage of \$25,000. This is assumed by Mr. Wagner. Mr. King receives an equity of \$10,000.

N. J. Upham & Co. have things almost in shape for the erection of a brick block on First street and Fourth avenue west just behind the Palladium. They have a client who owns that very choice corner 75 by 120 feet, and who will build this section. If he can rent the space in advance. All the space is now engaged except two store rooms twenty-five feet wide on the First street front. If Mr. Upham can secure tenants for those work will come at once. The structure is now planned will have two stories on the street front and three on the avenue.

Straker, Manley & Buck report a run of business that is very encouraging for the season. Considering the time of the year. This includes two real estate mortgage loans, one for \$200 at 5 per cent, and another for \$10,000 at 5 per cent. Several smaller loans also were made at 6 per cent.

Among the real estate sold was the southwest corner of Third street and Twelfth avenue east, to George H. Lounsbury for \$350, for building site. A fractional block in Endon was transferred for \$250 and some range was sold in 5-15.

We have two buyers for houses at \$1500 to \$1800, said Mr. Straker yesterday. These are most for houses at \$2500 to \$3000. These are all home people, which is a most pleasing feature. We are having considerable inquiry and conditions seem very promising. Prices, too, are firm. Last week we had an offer of \$2000 for a property, but the owner, who lives east, notified us that it would take \$3000 to close a deal.

A. C. Volk reports that he has had had a dozen moderate-sized deals this week and that not only has closed three of them, but has good prospects of closing the others. He sold No. 12 East Third street to George H. Lounsbury for \$2500, and a corner on London road for \$1500. A third corner on East Superior changes hands for the sum of \$200.

Following are the transfers for the week:
A. C. Volk to G. O. Toffen.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

Lot on East First St.

Between 17th and 18th avenues east can be bought Below the market. If you want a first-class residence lot this is your opportunity.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 BURROWS BUILDING.
Real Estate and Loans.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT.

5 per cent on business property.
5 1/2 per cent on residence property.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

lot 5, block 154, Portland, and lot 5, block 184, Ray's Annex to \$400
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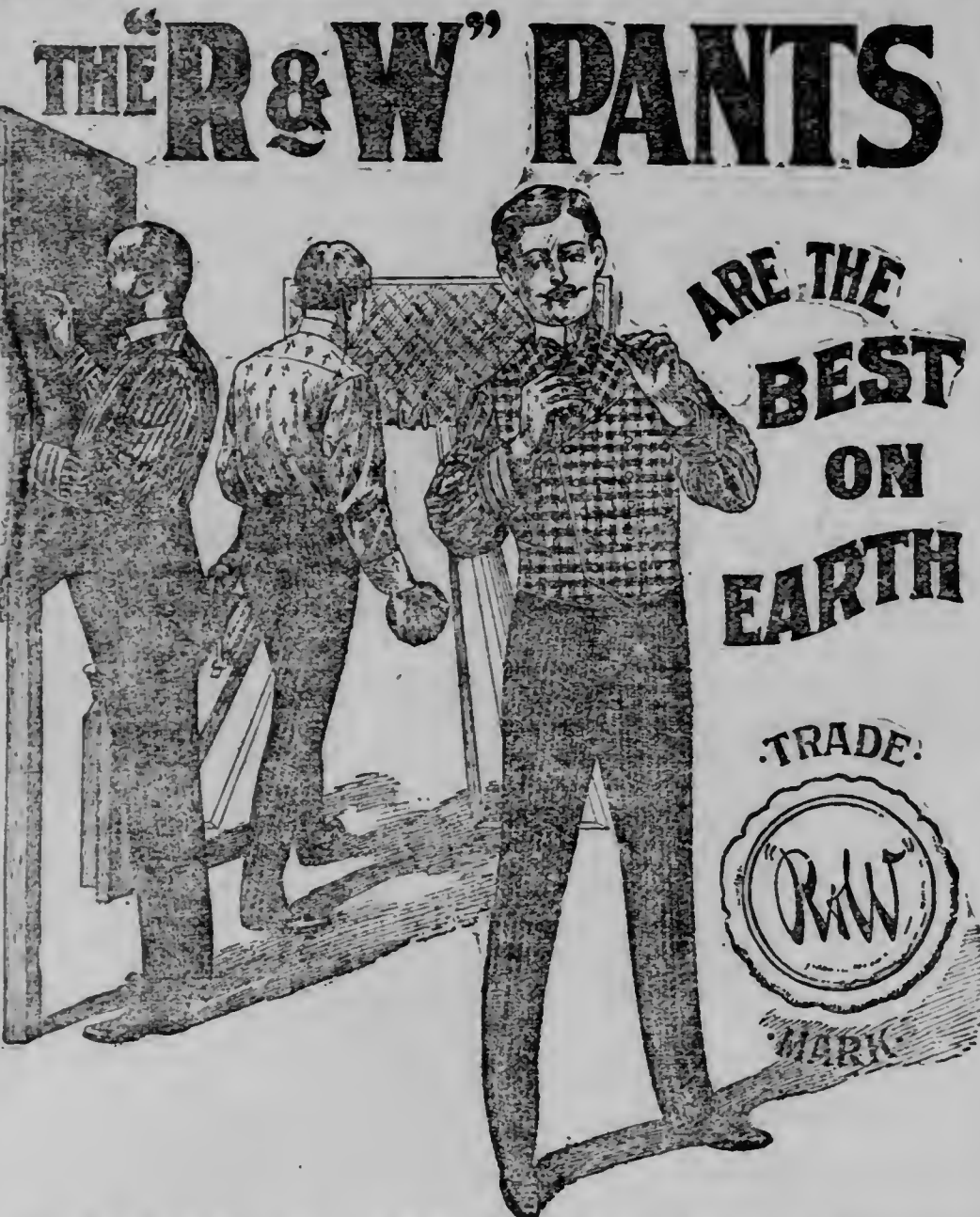
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Adolph Behmer to J. P. Davis, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
Order of St. Benedict to A. M. Kerst, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
Charles C. Clark to C. H. Craig & Co., lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
K. M. Beckman to J. P. Davis, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
J. G. Scott to Scott Security company, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
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J. G. Scott to Scott Security company, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600

lot 5, block 154, Portland, and lot 5, block 184, Ray's Annex to \$400
H. O. R. Ahl to St. Croix Lumber company, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
Henry E. Barnes, Jr. to Crown Lumber company, lot 4 of section 18-46-12, to \$250
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Order of St. Benedict to A. M. Kerst, lot 1, block 184, and 1/2, NW 1/4 of section 5-12-12, to \$1,600
Charles



ANNUAL REDUCTION SALE IN TROUSERS!

At this season of the year you are doubtless needing a pair at little cost to spell out the suit till spring—our special discount sale of Trousers gives you the opportunity of now buying two pairs almost for the price of one. See prices in our west show window.

Store Open Monday Night Till 9 o'clock.

MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS. **THE BIG DULUTH** 125-127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET. **WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.**



Fear of a mouse

makes people do laughable things, but people are often foolishly blind to the dangers of loss of life. The only safe platform to stand on in such emergencies is good insurance. If you will permit us, we will assist you on to such a platform and try to take care of your insurance matters so satisfactorily as to hold you there.

You want the best insurance. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency.
Insurance and Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

Helm's Addition, fine level lot, 50x150 feet on Michigan Street only \$900, easy terms. Fine lot on Superior Street, between 19th and 20th Avenue E., only \$1,200. Fine double corner on Eighteenth Avenue East only \$2,500. **LITTLE & NOLTE, Exchange Bldg.**

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
D. H. DAY, Dentist
Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Bldg.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.

CEREMONY THE GARTER. CONTINUES

Edward VII Is Being Proclaimed In Various Centers of Kingdom.

ONLY ONE LACKING
This Country Will Be Only One Not Represented at Funeral.

London, Jan. 28.—The ceremony of proclaiming King Edward VII as king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and emperor of India continues in all the centers of the kingdom. The impressive function took place in the royal borough of Windsor at noon. Thousands witnessed the historic proceedings. The mayor read the proclamation from the base of the queen's statue on Castle Hill and the recorder read it at Henry VIII's gate. Panfanes of trumpets and cheers for his majesty, in which the Eton boys took a prominent part, closed the ceremony.

According to present arrangements, the United States is the only country which will not be specially represented at the funeral of Queen Victoria. The United States embassy has received no instructions so far, and it is supposed that only the United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, and his staff, will be present.

FIGHTING IS FIERCE

The Venezuelan Government Forces Defeated In Fight With Smaller Rebel Force. HUNDREDS ARE SLAIN
Government Troops Lost Very Heavily In Killed—Eleven Women Among Slain.

New York, Jan. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Port of Spain, Trinidad, says:

Details have been received here of fierce fighting last week on the mainland, near Guira and Carapano, yesterday, resulting in final defeat for the government troops. Several hundred men were killed in the engagement. Carapano has been recaptured by the insurgents and a large quantity of arms and ammunition taken. Irapa and Guira, ports on the Gulf of Paria, have also been occupied, despite the activity of the gunboats that are patrolling the coast.

Reports from Caracas also indicate grave conditions. Persons here who are in touch with the situation are informed that a chief of battalion of the government forces in Caracas has revolted. The cause of the mutiny is said to have been an order issued by President Castro that certain prominent persons suspected of being in league with the rebels should be shot. The orders were given to one of the commanders, and disobeyed.

Trouble in the central states seems to be growing, although the censorship prevents details from being sent. It is reported that the rebel leaders are receiving aid from Colombia, and that a vigorous protest will be made by the Castro government. As Colombia has long believed that President Castro has been giving aid to the rebels in that country, there is a possibility of a serious clash.

The chief fighting on the mainland took place near Irapa. A force of 400 rebels, having 20,000 shells of ammunition, part captured from Carapano and part received from filibusters, entrenched themselves near Los Cuevas, a town a few miles inland from Irapa. They were under command of Gen. Juliana Pedro Costa and Juanichas Gonzalez. They were closely watched by 100 government soldiers. One of them left the shelter of the mountains to see how the rebels were doing. They were driven back several times, but continued the attack for five hours. They gained no substantial advantage until a battery of four field guns was brought up. These shelled the position of the rebels, and finally they were driven from their position. They had killed eight and wounded four, but the government forces were said to have killed 250 and wounded 170. Eleven women, who were with the troops, were slain during the battle.

The town was abandoned by the rebels during the night, and was entered by the government forces next morning. The insurgents retreated to Irapa after resting, and marched on Guira. It is believed that reinforcements were sent there. They had been followed by the government forces, but returned from Guira after a short battle, compelling the enemy to retreat from Irapa.

Changes that many atrocities were committed in Los Cuevas and Irapa by the government troops are made by persons who have fled here. It is declared that neither nationality nor sex were respected by the soldiers.

Armed men are said to have swarmed through the streets, frightening men and women by threats of putting them to death. They were said to have paid large sums in order to save their lives.

ARMORESTATE

It Amounts to \$15,600,000 Most of Which Is in Real Estate.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—The will of the late millionaire pork packer and grain dealer, P. D. Armour, who died in 1890, is being settled by the probate court here today by Malvina B. Armour, widow of the late P. D. Armour, and her son, Mrs. Armour and J. O'Brien Armour are made executrix and executor of the will, respectively, each receiving one half of the estate.

Of the testator's wealth \$15,600,000 is a reason for the settlement. P. D. Armour and Lester Armour, grandchildren of the testator, by Malvina B. Armour, who died in California a year ago, are not made legatees directly in the will, but are provided for by the will by "charges upon the legacies." It is provided in those "charges" that upon attaining the age of 21 years the grandchildren shall receive \$1,000,000, half of this from Malvina B. Armour, their grandmother, and half from J. O'Brien Armour, their uncle. At 30 years of age each is to receive a similar sum, and at 40 years of age each is to receive the balance of the estate. The grandchildren are given full power to manage the estate and to sell the same. The estate is dated Jan. 28, 1900.

Armour institute, Mr. Armour's pet project, which he fostered with a lavish hand during life, is not mentioned in the will, but it is regarded as certain that provision for it was made before his death.

ABANDONS IT.

Carnegie Company May Not Build Its Tube Mill at Conneaut.

Pittsburg, Jan. 28.—The Pittsburgh Post today says:

Negotiations are pending in New York at the present time which, if successful, will result in the Carnegie company abandoning its plan of building a steel plant at Conneaut. Rumors to this effect have been current for some days, but no authoritative statement could be obtained until last night when Joshua Roads, chairman of the board of directors of the National Tube company, admitted that officials of that company are making overtures to the Carnegie company that will result in the abandonment of the Conneaut plant. How far these negotiations have gone Mr. Roads could not say, but was confident the tube mill of the Carnegie company will not be built.

MUST NOT PAY.

Court Continues Order Keeping Back Anna Gould's Money Pending Suit.

New York, Jan. 28.—Justice Beach in the supreme court today handed down a decision continuing the temporary injunction restraining George J. Gould, Edwin Gould, and the estate of their father, J. P. Gould, from paying over the income of the portion of the estate belonging to their sister, Anna Gould, to the trustees of the J. P. Gould Foundation, pending the trial of an action brought by Anna Gould, a London brace-a-brac dealer, against the trustees of the J. P. Gould Foundation for \$50,000 for paintings and bric-a-brac furnished them.

Justice Beach refused the payment of \$25,000 a year to the trustees for the support of Anna Gould and her children, pending the trial of the action.

EIGHTEEN DROWNED

Steamer Holland Wrecked Off Dutch Coast and Lives Are Lost. SEVEN MEN RESCUED
Captain and Six Men Saved, It Is Feared Rest Are Lost.

Rotterdam, Jan. 28.—The steamer Holland, from London, was wrecked at the Northern pier while entering Nieuwewaterweg, at the entrance of the river Maas, today. The captain and six men have been saved. It is feared that fourteen members of the crew and four passengers were drowned.

Later it became known that the Holland had parted amidships and that sixteen of those on board of her had been drowned.

THE VESSEL IDENTIFIED.

New York, Jan. 28.—The vessel referred to in the dispatch from Rotterdam is probably the Dutch steamer Holland, owned by the Nederlandsche Stoomboot Maatschappij, of Rotterdam. She was built in 1871 at Pymouth. She was 225 feet long, had 25 feet 2 inches beam and was 14 feet 8 inches deep. The recent movements of the Holland are not given in any of the shipping books at hand.

KRUGER IS ILL.

Medical Attendant Almost Despairs of His Life—Has Three Doctors.

London, Jan. 28.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Express writes that news has been received there that Mr. Kruger is very seriously ill, that his medical attendant almost despaired of his life, and that three doctors visit him daily.

The secretary of Mr. Kruger telegraphed that the situation about Mr. Kruger are more inventions. His health, he said, is very satisfactory.

ARMORESTATE

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ADVANCING.

Invaders Reach Onshore District and Skirmish With the Defenders.

Cape Town, Jan. 28.—It is rumored that the invaders have reached the Onshore district where they had a slight skirmish with the defense forces.

TO CUT TIME.

Lind-Ellenburg Cut-Off on Northern Pacific Will Save Four Hours.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 28.—To save four hours between St. Paul and Tacoma, the Northern Pacific will this year expend \$2,000,000 on the construction of the Lind-Ellenburg cut-off. This state, it will be nearly 100 miles long and will shorten the main line about ninety miles, avoiding the present long detour between Ellenburg and Spokane.

PUSHING THE WORK

German Navy Will Have Extensive Additions Before They Were Expected. THE AMERICAN NAVY
German Haste Made Basis For Demand For More American Boats.

New York, Jan. 28.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Germany has so laid out the work in connection with the naval shipbuilding program adopted in 1898, that instead of being completed in 1916, as originally contemplated, all the ships will be ready for service by 1906.

This important information has been received by the navy department and Devey policy board. The program now being carried out will add to the German fleet thirty-four battleships, twenty large cruisers and forty-eight small cruisers, all thoroughly modern. There will be other and older battleships available for duty and the German fleet will consequently have a strength of more than forty battleships.

The haste being observed by the German emperor in the construction of his new navy is traceable to his desire to provide his government with a navy which shall properly protect its interests.

The feeling is that it is of especial importance to this country, in view of the possibility of trouble between it and Germany, to which Poss made reference when the naval bill was under consideration in the house and to which Secretary Root also called attention in connection with the demand for an increase in the army when he said: "There was one nation that the United States must not lose sight of."

No one here expects hostilities with Germany or any other nation, and the president is doing everything in his power to foster friendly relations. At the same time this government understands the necessity of being prepared and will probably urge the policy of increasing the navy. The United States by 1904 will have a fleet of eighteen battleships and ten armored cruisers. This will be less than half the strength of the German navy in 1906.

NEW LEAGUE.

Representatives of Baseball Club Forming American League in Session.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Representatives of the baseball clubs forming the reorganized American league met at the Grand Pacific hotel here today to perfect the organization and settle much important business consequent upon the enlargement of the circuit. Of the new clubs entering the new circuit, all were represented, Boston being the only one represented by proxy.

On the action taken at the meeting depends in a great measure the policy of the expanded American league as regards the National league, and whether or not it will be peace or war between the two organizations. The settlement of the details of the reorganization is the most important matter to come before the magnates was the formal signing of the agreement and the turning it over in trust to President Johnson of 61 per cent of the stock and the ground leases for the eight clubs of the league, making the compact as powerful in its workings as the famous "national agreement" of the National league. No changes in the playing rules were anticipated at the meeting, but it is considered probable that a committee will be appointed to consider suggestions and report at a later meeting. It is considered improbable, also, that any action regarding the playing schedule for the season will be taken, for some time at least.

President Ben Johnson called the meeting to order. Chicago, C. A. Comiskey, Milwaukee, Hugh Duffy, Cleveland, C. F. Somers, Detroit, "Jim" Burns, Philadelphia, Frank Hough, Connie Mack, Washington, James H. Manning, Baltimore, John McGraw, Boston, represented by proxy.

IS MISSING.

Minneapolis Man Asks San Francisco Police to Find His Son.

San Francisco, Jan. 28.—The mysterious disappearance of Bert H. Miller from Pinole several months ago has been brought to the attention of the police by his father, Albion Miller, a lumber dealer of Minneapolis. Detectives have been detailed to find the young man from the time he left Pinole.

TRAFFIC IS RESUMED.

White Pass & Yukon Road Recovers From Blockade.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 28.—Two weeks' snow blockade of the White Pass & Yukon railway was broken Jan. 19 and traffic resumed the next day, according to advices received by the freighter Ruth. During the night of Jan. 13 Skagway experienced one of the worst blizzards ever known in the north. Snow drifted in several streets to the tops of 1-story houses. Two sailors were badly frozen on the Alki, while the vessel was entering Taku inlet.

ADDRESS BY TOWNE

Speech In Senate Urging Cessation of Hostilities In the Philippines.

Galleries Filled With Listeners and Senators Give Him Close Attention.

Washington, Jan. 28.—In the senate today, after the disposal of routine business, Mr. Towne, of Minnesota, was recognized for a speech, which was to be at once his maiden effort and his valedictory. He spoke on the immediate cessation of hostilities in the Philippines.

The galleries were well filled to hear Mr. Towne, and senators also gave him close attention, while in the rear of the senate was a circle of representatives who came over from the house to hear him.

Mr. Towne spoke in full and resonant tones, with more of the graces of oratory than are usually heard in the practical debates of the senate.

In opening his address Mr. Towne referred to the petition presented to the senate a few days ago by 2006 Filipinos for a cessation of hostilities and for the granting of independence to the people of the Philippines. He maintained that it would prove a "quintessential appeal to the ancient spirit of the republic, or its rejection must dedicate the twentieth century to a reaction prejudicial, if not fatal, to free institutions."

While discussing events which led the United States forces to the Philippines, Mr. Towne referred with particularity to the charge that Aguinaldo had sold his country to the Spaniards for a bribe.

He declared the accusation was "gratuitous in its calumny, when we consider that the official publications of our own government contradict and destroy it."

The senator declared that "we were in alliance with the Filipinos, an alliance sought by ourselves, availed of by us for our own advantage, and finally, to our everlasting shame, the nation of honorable men, repudiated by us when we found it no longer necessary and when lust of empire had so blunted our moral sensibilities that we could mount from an act of perfidy to the grand larceny of a nation."

Referring to Admiral Dewey's denial that he had ever treated the insurgents as allies, Mr. Towne said sarcastically:

"I fear the honest sailor's terminology has suffered from recent contact with the administration. In even most advanced government, and would have dignified and ornamented the early struggles for nationality of any people known to history."

"There is excellent reason to believe that even at this day the existing Philippine government, low as it is in estate and migratory to some extent as to location, exercises a wide and respected authority in the Philippine islands, and is obeyed quite generally by the local authorities in the interior."

"There is not the slightest ground for believing that any appreciable impression has been made upon the determination of the Philippine people to resist us to the end. There is no evidence that any strong native pro-American element has any existence whatever. As the result of two years of wasting war we occupy about 1,500th part of that archipelago. No district is really 'pacified.' We hold the ground our troops stand on, practically nothing more."

"During the campaign of 1900 it was a favorite accusation against the opponents of the administration's policy that they were keeping alive a smoldering 'rebellion' in the Philippines. The newspapers and magazines made much of this foolish argument, and in many a pulpit where the gospel of the bullet has supplanted the Christianity of the Bible, the anathema of the prudent priesthood rose to heaven on the wings of prayer."

Mr. Towne then declared that after the elections the resistance in the Philippines increased, and that it had been announced in the senate within a week that 30,000 American soldiers would be needed in the island for an indefinite period.

"Is it not clear," he inquired, "that the way of duty is equally the path of profit? Do we need to own people in order to trade with them? Is it not better to allow our customers to live, to have their goodwill, and to leave them the means of payment, than to kill the strongest of them, to earn the hatred of the survivors, and to impoverish all by desolating war?"

He held that it was better to trade than to fight.

(Continued on page 2.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The United States will occupy and

hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

Yet despite that definite provision, the president, the senator urged, issued on Dec. 22, 1898, his famous "benevolent assimilation" proclamation.

"Thus," he continued, "the dilemma is this: Either that article of the protocol does not mean what it says, or the president of the United States, in causing the issuance of the proclamation to which I have referred, broke the pledged faith of this government. It is not agreeable to me to use this language; but I devoutly believe that this republic is at the gravest crisis of its history, and I feel that a necessary preliminary to its getting safely out is to cause the people to realize how it came to get in."

Mr. Towne said the president's proclamation that "among the roses of its history, the fair republic is at the gravest crisis of its history, and I feel that a necessary preliminary to its getting safely out is to cause the people to realize how it came to get in."

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A Store where Honest Values are ever used to Truthful Words.



Store open Monday night till 9:30.

Three More Days of the great Trouser Sale

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—
For your choice of any pair Men's Trousers in our house—

\$6, \$7 and \$8 Trousers for \$4.95

REMEMBER this includes the famous King Paragon and Rogers, Peet & Co.'s Trousers—regular made custom-made goods from finest imported and domestic cloths. These are exclusive, up-to-date, and ridiculously low at this special sale price.

350 PAIRS FINEST TAILOR-MADE TROUSERS in this season's very latest patterns, exclusive styles, made to our own special order from specially selected fabrics in Cassimeres, Worsted Cheviots and Fancy Worsteds—in stripes, checks and plain colors—worth up to \$5.00—this sale.

\$3.45

Extra Trouser Bargains—\$1.45, \$1.95 and \$2.45.

M. S. BURROWS.

Fine Furnishings for Fashionable Functions....

Full Dress Suits
Best French Black Crepons.
Fine Linen, open front and back, three button holes in bosom.
Pure Linen Links.
Standing, New styles.
White Lawn and Linen, buttoned ends, also black silk and satin.
Irish Linen, finest quality.
Pearl or White, self stitching.
Black color, Silk or Cashmere.
Patent Leather with or without toe cap.
High button, low line or pumps.

Shirts
Cuffs
Collars
Ties
Hand'chfs
Gloves
Hosiery
Shoes
Shirt Buttons
and Cuff Links

Plain Pearl, Enamel or Gold.

M. S. BURROWS.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Plans for New Trans-Continental Line Rapidly Being Perfected.

THROUGH THIS STATE

Four Thousand Men Will Build Strip of 231 Miles in Minnesota.

Winnipeg, Jan. 12.—The plans of the Canadian Northern for a new trans-continental line are being rapidly perfected. The coming summer the connecting track will be laid binding the main line, now running east to Lake Superior, with that which now stretches north and west from this city. The company's engineers have also definitely selected the route up the Western plains and through the Rockies to Port Simpson on the Pacific, which point will, it is planned, be reached by 1905.

Efforts to buy from the Northern Pacific its lines in Manitoba having failed, it is announced that new lines will be built tapping all the wheat country in the province and beyond and bringing the rapidly increasing annual surplus of wheat for exportation to the St. Lawrence ports. Under this plan through freight will not go through Winnipeg at all, but 100 miles south. Some 400 miles of new road will reach westward to Battleford in Saskatchewan, from which point the route lies directly west.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

up the McLeod river to the Yellow Head pass in the Rockies and so on to Port Simpson, just south of the Alaskan boundary. Four thousand laborers will finish up the strip of 231 miles through Northern Minnesota in time for the wheat crop of 1901.

CAUGHT THE YOUNG MAN.

Sleeper Awoke as the Suspected Party Entered the Room.

A rather bold robbery was attempted about 3 o'clock Sunday morning in a boarding house occupied by a number of street railway employees on Huron street near Twenty-sixth avenue west. Besides the street railway employees there has been stopping at the house a young man who had no apparent means of livelihood, but whose brother seemed to be paying his house. The young man seemed to have a most happy family, and was wearing a gold watch and chain, and other light wearing apparel. Other street car men until they got a little suspicious. The man whom they had seen several times lately they have been using small sums of money, and while they had their suspicions, they never could catch the thief. When one of the young men woke up at an early Sunday morning hour, he discovered the young man who is always "minding things" in his room. The street car man then called him, and he came in and said he had been taken sick and could not get up. The owner of the house, who was a stranger, was called in and he found the young man who was always "minding things" in his room. The street car man then called him, and he came in and said he had been taken sick and could not get up. The owner of the house, who was a stranger, was called in and he found the young man who was always "minding things" in his room.

To Cure the Grip in Two Days

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a local or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Bull's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Bull's Cataract Cure is not a quick cure, it is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of nature's ingredients is what produces the wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for a copy of the book, "Bull's Cataract Cure," and you will see the results. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props, Toledo, O.

West Duluth

Outside of the precincts in which the aldermanic candidates live, the registration in the Seventh and Eighth wards was light, but heavier in the Eighth ward, however, than some of the politicians expected that it would be. They claim it is light only as compared with the registration last fall, when there were more voters in the ward than there now, many of the mill men having gone to the woods to work. Not many of them took the trouble to come in to register, though the Republicans made out the figures Saturday night, were but 183. The aldermanic contest is certainly warmer in West Duluth than in other parts of the city, but the politicians say that the reason for this is because West Duluth is never given a candidate for any other of the city offices and they have only the aldermanic offices in sight.

The Republican club held a large and enthusiastic meeting on Saturday night at which City Controller McCormick and Judge Edson made speeches. Aldermen Barnes and Swanson, who are candidates on the Republican ticket to succeed themselves in the Seventh and Eighth wards, respectively, also spoke of their work in the council in connection with West Duluth. Among the other speakers were Justice of Peace Robert Stone, who is also doing a few stunts along the line for the Alton. George J. Mallory, A. T. Park, Alderman Cochran and Henry Haskins.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

At the evening service, Presbyterian church this evening, Rev. James H. Young, president of the California Young Men's Christian Temperance union, will speak on the topic "My Opinion," from personal observations.

Henry Cruikshank, of St. Paul, visited here Sunday.

Pat Haley was down from the village on Sunday.

Oliver Hicks is able to get out again after several weeks' sickness.

Mrs. C. C. Salter is reported quite sick.

Tom Daugherty returned Saturday from the woods.

Tom Brotherton came down from Scott & Holston's camp on Saturday to visit relatives over Sunday.

John Cook, of Selon Springs, was a visitor here over Sunday.

Paul A. Mitchell is in Chicago on a business trip.

John Logan has resigned his position with O. T. Strand.

Miss Beta Carlson is sick with the grip.

Gerrald Wallace, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Wallace, is suffering from a strained neck.

Don't forget the barbers' dance at Gilley's hall Tuesday evening, Jan. 29.

Dorian & Crawford, undertakers, next to Merchants' bank. Zenith phone 200.

Look at Lauermann's \$2.68 shoes.

Olender's Pure drugs at right prices. Girl wanted, general housework. Apply at Postoffice.

SHIP BUILDER DEAD.

Milwaukee, Jan. 28.—W. H. Wolf, a veteran ship builder and well known throughout the great lakes region, died today after a lingering illness, aged 72 years.

Mr. Wolf for many years was at the head of the shipbuilding firm of Wolf & Davidson, of this city.

BAD STORM PREVAILS.

London, Jan. 28.—The storm continues along the coast and inland, accompanied by heavy snows. Widespread damage has been done. Telegraph lines are down and the roads are blocked with snow.

Tonight!

Music at West Duluth Covered Walk. Music Saturday afternoon for School Children—Music. Admission to matinee—Children under 15 years 10c; over 15 and adults, 15c.

WOULD GO FARTHER

Movement For the Retention of City Engineer McGillivray Under Way.

A WORTHY OFFICIAL
Record of His Administration
Marked By Ability and Economy.

The non-partisan movement in municipal affairs which has brought about the unopposed re-election of two city officers that have shown unusual competence in the management of the city's business is now concentrated on the office of city engineer. Men of both parties who are above making merely executive clerical positions in the city hall fields for political patronage are working to have politics eliminated from work of the city engineer. Men of both parties who are above making merely executive clerical positions in the city hall fields for political patronage are working to have politics eliminated from work of the city engineer.

Mr. McGillivray is one of the most popular and competent engineers that the city has ever had, as may be judged from the fact that every alderman of the present council signed a petition to Mayor Hulse to retain him. When prominent Republican politicians were bringing much pressure to bear to have a Republican engineer put in his place last spring, the council which took this decided stand is overwhelmingly against Mr. McGillivray in politics, but every member signed the petition.

The city engineer's office used to cost the city annually from \$1,000 to \$18,000, but during the administration of the present incumbent this has been cut down under \$700, and even as low as \$500. Mr. McGillivray has done the work formerly allotted to the principal assistant engineer and personally supervised the building of the new waterworks, and personally supervised the building of the new waterworks, and personally supervised the building of the new waterworks.

Those interested in the non-partisan movement say that a change in the office is to be made, it could have been made much better a year ago than now, with the money involved in the movements which will probably be made in the next year. There is the building of the Garfield avenue viaduct, the Tenth avenue west viaduct, the street lighting electric plant, the aerial ferry, and street paving contracts. Mr. McGillivray is thoroughly familiar with the most minute details involved in these enterprises, and under his supervision much more money could be saved to the city than if an entire stranger went into the engineer's office and took up work of such importance with which he was not familiar.

The argument that the office of city treasurer and controller should be removed from the pernicious influence of political patronage holds as good in the case of the city engineer. There is a great party principle involved. The patronage of the office is not big enough to tempt any politician, but the city treasurer and controller have nothing else to do but hunt up political jobs at the expense of the city.

For these reasons the non-partisan movement will concentrate its efforts to retain Mr. McGillivray in the office of city engineer for the next year at least. The men composing this movement are the best of the city, and they are doing the business. They try to imitate us, and we will be interested at the Big Bargain center.

The RICHELIEU GROCERY.

SUTTON & McCABE, Proprietors, No. 5 West Superior Street.

THE BIG BARGAIN GROCERY STORE.

We lead in our line with quality of goods the highest and our prices are always the lowest, and our customers have become famous because we are doing the business. They try to imitate us, and we will be interested at the Big Bargain center.

22 lbs of granulated Sugar \$1.00

Our White House brand lard \$2.20

Flour Rolled Oats 25c

Butter Our butter goes like hot cakes because it is always pure and we just received another large shipment of 5-lb jars that go on sale at 20c and 22c

Butter Fancy separator Creamery at 18c

Salad Dressing Richelieu beats them all—bottle 25c

Coffee Our Royal Combination Coffee is equal to a second quality of goods

Tea Gunpowder—fancy fine rolled leaf, regular price per lb 45c

Tea Great Japan Sittings 25c

Soap Large bars 25c

Buckwheat Flour When you want the best, get the real, genuine pure Buckwheat—per lb 4c

Maple Syrup Richelieu pure sap beats them all—is pure and flavor, 40c

Evaporated California Fruits. If you have not already looked over our large and select line, it will pay you as we are offering the finest line of Peaches, Pears, Apples, Plums and Prunes that has ever been offered in the history of Duluth.

Dried Fruits at prices that will astonish you. Remember, the Richelieu line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, and without question they are the finest goods in the market.

SUTTON & McCABE.

5 West Superior Street.

Three Days Only

Finest Neckwear

Ascots, De Joinvilles, English Squares, Imperials, Large Four-in-hands. About fifty dozen of the finest we could buy, mostly imported from Paris and London.

Neckties 1/2 Price

\$5.00, \$4.00, \$3.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$2.00

Fine Underwear

1/2 to \$12.50 per pair, 2-piece and Union Suits, including Best English, German and American, Pure Wools, Merinos, Silk and Wools and Pure Silk Garments.

Shirts

About 50 dozen Fancy Shirts—the best "Star," Monarch, Wilson Bros. and Calumet. Both Negligee and Starched. \$3.00 Shirts \$2.00. \$1.50 Shirts \$1.00.

Night Shirts

Cotton Outing Flannels, Silk and Wool, and Pajamas, French Sateens, Pure Silks and Muslins.

Smoking Jackets, Bath Robes, Dressing Gowns, Rain Coats, Mackintoshes, Suit Cases, Steamer Rugs, Silk Umbrellas, Canes, Fur and Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens, Winter Caps, Travelling Bags.

1/3 (33 1/3) Discount

THE FINE NECKWEAR offered at Half Price will interest ladies as well as gentlemen.

A. B. SIEWERT & COMPANY,

HATTERS AND FURNISHERS.
304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

a possible political mixer, which the present incumbent is not. If the charter amendment in regard to street paving carries, the city engineer will be required to make an estimate on which is to be collected 90 per cent of the assessment for the improvement before a paving block is laid. In case there is not enough money in the permanent improvement revolving fund to go ahead with the work, under such conditions close estimates on improvements would be very essential, and Mr. McGillivray seems to have the qualifications. The difference between estimates and the bids of contractors have always been remarkably close, and on the Michigan street paving contract, where his estimate was made many weeks before the bids were opened, came within \$200 of the actual contract price of \$24,000.

ADDRESS BY TOWNE

(Continued from Page 1.)

liberty to the Philippines for security to the United States in the islands than to force "a sudden unwillingness into slavery compliance with some of our customs," by the employment of an army of 100,000 men. It was a habit of the defenders of the administration policy to sneer at the term "imperialism," he said, but it could not be sneered away.

Mr. Towne said that the emperor, as the Romans found that they could have a more than royal master, though he did not wear the hated name of king," asserted Mr. Towne.

"The retention of the Philippines to permit us to the whole program of empire. There is a law among nations, as Hamlet says there is among men, by which a bad appetite grows by what it feeds on. No nation in history has resisted it, and to every nation it has yielded and it is the greatest disaster. Athens succumbed to it and perished. Rome indulged the mad ambition and followed it to her doom. It was the ruin of Venice. It will work the destruction of England, in my opinion, ere the close of this century. And we, with all the lessons of history before us, to prove the next victim of this insatiable passion, the greatest, most lamentable, most gratuitous sacrifice in all human tragedy?"

"I do not wish to convey the impression that I am in any opinion the present policy will at one fell swoop convert this republic into an empire in fact. But I do say that the seeds of empire lurk in this policy, and that time and a favorable environment will and must bring them to their flower and fruit unless we make a seasonable prevention."

"God speed the day when the American people, whose annals blaze with records of unequalled heroism, and who again and always, if some great cause demand it, would freely pay with life itself the price of its defense, shall have the moral courage to do their civic duty—a rare thing that to face undaunted the cannon's mouth—and with their sovereign voice declare that this unholy war for greed and empire shall be stopped, and that no soldier of the United States shall ever again, in all our history, be sent to other lands to war on people fighting for their liberty."

"I shall not willing cease to dream of a twentieth century devoted to the demonstration, the first and only in the history of the world, of the power of the people, for the people and by the people need not perish from the earth. There is an inspiration in the thought that to our beloved country may be reserved the culminating glory of the ages in crowning with success the long experiment of righteous self-government."

Washington, Jan. 28.—Moses E. Clapp, the successor of Mr. Towne, entered the chamber during the latter's speech this afternoon.

TOTS BURNED.

Two Bessemer Children Perish in Fire Resulting From Exploded Lamp.

Bessemer, Mich., Jan. 18.—A lamp exploded in the residence of Louis Beissel last night, and in the fire which followed two of his children, a boy, aged 4, and a girl, aged 6, were burned to death. Mrs. Beissel was so severely burned that she probably will die.

ABOVE SIX THOUSAND

Total Registration in the City For the Three Days Is Only 6241.

ONE THOUSAND LESS

Is That Number Behind the Ago.

Total of a Year Ago.

In every precinct in the city Saturday's registration showed strength over the two preceding days. In the First ward, under the impulse of the independent candidacy of Watson S. Moore, the registration for the last day more than doubled the total of the first two days.

The complete registration for the city is 6241. In last spring's election the registration was 5031 more, making a total of 11,272. The first day's registration this year was 1235; the second, 2037, and the third, 2969.

The following table of comparison shows the registration in each of the forty-two precincts, as compared with the registration for the municipal election of last February:

Precinct	Registration	Registration
	This Year	Last Year
First ward—		
First precinct.....	112	134
Second precinct.....	124	144
Third precinct.....	174	217
Fourth precinct.....	278	324
Fifth precinct.....	81	87
Total.....	569	606
Second ward—		
First precinct.....	117	101
Second precinct.....	108	127
Third precinct.....	174	217
Fourth precinct.....	193	222
Total.....	592	567
Third ward—		
First precinct.....	92	94
Second precinct.....	125	128
Third precinct.....	125	128
Fourth precinct.....	138	152
Fifth precinct.....	85	100
Total.....	562	592
Fourth ward—		
First precinct.....	137	151
Second precinct.....	137	151
Third precinct.....	137	151
Fourth precinct.....	137	151
Fifth precinct.....	137	151
Total.....	681	705
Fifth ward—		
First precinct.....	136	157
Second precinct.....	136	157
Third precinct.....	136	157
Fourth precinct.....	136	157
Fifth precinct.....	136	157
Total.....	681	705
Sixth ward—		
First precinct.....	136	157
Second precinct.....	136	157
Third precinct.....	136	157
Fourth precinct.....	136	157
Fifth precinct.....	136	157
Total.....	681	705
Seventh ward—		
First precinct.....	136	157
Second precinct.....	136	157
Third precinct.....	136	157
Fourth precinct.....	136	157
Fifth precinct.....	136	157
Total.....	681	705
Eighth ward—		
First precinct.....	136	157
Second precinct.....	136	157
Third precinct.....	136	157
Fourth precinct.....	136	157
Fifth precinct.....	136	157
Total.....	681	705

FATE SEALED.

Murderer Ferrill Will Be Electrocuted, Governor Refusing to Interfere.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 28.—Governor Nash today sealed the fate of Rossy H. Ferrill, who killed Express Messenger Lane by refusing to interfere in the case. Ferrill will be electrocuted at the Columbus penitentiary, March 1.

Jellycon Desserts

Are so much easier to prepare than the old fashioned, getting. With Jellycon's Hasty Jellycon there is nothing to do but to dissolve it in boiling water and set away to cool. It is already sweetened and flavored. Get a package today at your grocer's. The flavors are: Orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and unflavored "calcifoot" for making wine and coffee jellies.

Jennie—To have a round beautiful neck wiggle your head from side to side every night, take Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a short cut to a graceful form. 50c. Ask your druggist.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS.....

No "hurry hurry" sales here. We don't ask you an exorbitant price one season of the year and later sell the same goods at "half price." One price to all at all times, and that price always the lowest.

Ladies', Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Furniture and Household Goods.

Our \$1.00 per week payment plan of selling clothing is growing more popular every day.

GATELY'S SUPPLY CO.

8 East Superior Street.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O.

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings

10c A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING,
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily, .02
One month, .45
Three months, \$1.25
Six months, \$2.50
One year (in advance), \$5.00
Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.
\$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., Jan. 28.—A storm of much energy covers the eastern lake region, and Atlantic states, with very low barometric pressures at Boston and New York. The barometer is high over the foot of Lake Superior and the Pacific states. Some cold weather prevails in the western lake region, with zero temperatures in Western Ontario, Manitoba and Northern Minnesota. Light falls of snow or rain in the lake region, Ohio valley, Atlantic and Gulf states and parts of Northwest Canada, and rain in Southern California.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Ashland	21	Medford	21
Battleford	22	Minneapolis	21
Bellevue	21	St. Paul	21
Buffalo	21	St. Louis	21
Calumet	21	St. Petersburg	21
Charlevoix	21	St. Thomas	21
Chicago	21	St. Vincent	21
Cincinnati	21	St. John	21
Davenport	21	St. John's	21
Dayton	21	St. John's	21
Detroit	21	St. John's	21
Dubuque	21	St. John's	21
Duluth	21	St. John's	21
Edmonton	21	St. John's	21
El Paso	21	St. John's	21
Evansville	21	St. John's	21
Galveston	21	St. John's	21
Green Bay	21	St. John's	21
Hartford	21	St. John's	21
Havana	21	St. John's	21
Holston	21	St. John's	21
Indianapolis	21	St. John's	21
Jacksonville	21	St. John's	21
Kansas City	21	St. John's	21
Knoxville	21	St. John's	21
La Crosse	21	St. John's	21
Lamar	21	St. John's	21
Los Angeles	21	St. John's	21
Los Angeles	21	St. John's	21
Los Angeles	21	St. John's	21

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and warmer with possibly some flurries tonight and Tuesday. Winds shifting to fresh from the west.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and warmer with possibly some flurries in northern part of the state today. Warmer west portion Tuesday. Minnesota—Partly cloudy and warmer with possibly some flurries tonight. Warmer north and west portions tonight. Variable shifting to southern winds.

Death of a Noted Composer.

Verdi, the world has lost one of its greatest musical composers, during the days of his prime he had no rival as a writer of Italian opera. Probably the opera of his production that will retain most favor in America are "Il Trovatore" and "Il Traviata," which are filled with grace and feeling and possess the lyrical note that is pleasing to the popular taste. Verdi was born of peasant parents, his parents being literally drawers of water and hewers of wood, yet he died the possessor of millions, gained by his success as a composer. The older Verdi, often acted upon by his child's love for music when he was 8 years of age by buying a small violin and placing him under the instruction of Broccoli, a teacher of Basseto. He set to work with ardor and made rapid progress than the slender facilities which were allowed him would ordinarily justify. At the age of 17 he had acquired as much musical knowledge as was possible in so small a place as Basseto and he secured assistance from an elementary fund of the town and set out for Milan, left took some of his compositions and at the conservatory, after he had played the piano and his compositions had been examined, he was told he was incapable of becoming a musician. This acted upon Verdi as a challenge. He set himself to work under a private teacher and pursued his studies with unflagging energy. He completed an opera in 1839 and arranged for the production of "L'Oberto Conte de San Bonafato" in Milan. It excited little comment and was soon forgotten. His first success was "Nabucco," and then he was besieged with offers and with offers and writing operas, few of which would attract audiences today. His greatest work was written when he was over 60 years of age—the "Requiem," which was composed by the request of the khedive of Egypt. It is a wonderful piece of realism and possesses great dramatic force. It is not often that a musical composer is found in politics, but Verdi's energies were not confined to music and between thirty and forty years ago he was a very active politician.

The proposition of the senate finance committee to repeal the duty on non-secret proprietary remedies would work a great injustice, because it would throw the burden of taxation upon a few who have secret formulas, and would exempt the vast majority of the people from the tax. It would mean that the benefit of the reduction of the tax would be given to the houses that put up so-called "non-secret" remedies, and leave the tax on some of the most substantial and reliable preparations to give up their trade secrets to pirate competitors. It would set a premium on the substitution of the private for the public trade and for the users of medicine, a substitution that would give these substitute manufacturers the advantage of paying no government tax, and would be a safety. The formula protects no consumer and the responsible manufacturers of staple remedies are the private of the formula. The new proposal should not receive any support in congress. It is a

subterfuge, not a settlement of the question. The tax on all medicinal preparations should be removed. It is a tax on one of the most urgent necessities of life—on an expenditure which every poor man must make under stress of sickness, and he must inevitably pay the cost. So long as perfumes and cosmetics are subjected to tax it may be urged with reason that luxury and not necessity pays, but medicines stand on a different footing. The House trusts that the Minnesota congressmen will oppose the senate committee's proposal to discriminate against the manufacturer with a secret formula and will vote solidly for the repeal of all the war taxes on medicinal preparations.

A BILLION AND A HALF.
Four years ago the "billion" congress attained notoriety by rolling up a total of appropriations exceeding \$1,000,000,000 for its two years of life, which was an excess of about one-third over the average of the preceding decade or two. A popular reaction was caused by its lavishness, and a Democratic president and congress came into power in 1892.

Now attention has been called by Chairman Cannon of the appropriations committee to the fact that the present bill is likely to earn the title of a billion-and-a-half congress. The record of expenditure is steadily growing. After the billion record was made, subsequent congresses, whether Republican or Democratic, kept up to that level, until it was exceeded.

A late Washington dispatch says that political economists who have been worrying themselves about the little matter of the \$300,000,000 surplus lying idle in the treasury may rest easy. There is no likely to be any surplus when the fifty-sixth congress gets through with it. Here is how congress will this term pass the one and a half billion mark: Appropriations made at the first session . . . \$710,150,892

Appropriations made at the second session . . . 745,374,894
Deficiencies estimated that may yet occur . . . 10,000,000

Total . . . \$1,465,525,786
Measures pending not included in the above . . . 1,425,150,000

Ship subsidy (if passed) . . . \$50,000,000
Nicaraguan canal (if passed) . . . 20,000,000

Pacific cable (if passed) . . . 20,000,000
St. Louis (if passed) . . . 5,000,000
Cotton claims (if passed) . . . 5,000,000

Total . . . \$1,555,125,786
Grand total . . . \$1,555,125,786

Supreme total . . . \$1,555,125,786
The first bill appropriated to the navy for the fiscal year 1902 is \$700,000,000 per year had the excuse of the Spanish war. But having got the total up to that level, congress evidently believes it can be kept up and even avowal about the \$1,500,000,000 mark. But will the people tolerate this reckless expenditure of their money, especially when they are burdened by obnoxious war taxes?

THE KING'S ANCESTORS.

The Detroit News says: The new king is a little off in regard to his ancestral history. He spoke of himself in his speech at St. James palace as the descendant of St. Edwards. Of the first four English kings of the name, he is undoubtedly a descendant, but every school boy knows that Edward V was one of the princes murdered in the Tower by Richard III, and of course, but a child, while Edward VI died while a mere boy, unmarried.

The criticism of the Detroit paper on the new British king's statement is justified. It is probable, however, that when King Edward VII spoke of the descendants of St. Edwards he really meant his predecessors. Most people confound those terms. Macaulay placed the matter right in conversation with the late Queen Victoria. Under the date of March 3, 1859, he wrote in his diary: "To dinner at the palace. The queen was most gracious to me. She talked much about my book, and owned that she had nothing to say about her poor ancestor, James the Second. 'Your majesty's ancestor,' said I, 'is my majesty's predecessor.' I hope this was not an unusual remark. I meant it as a compliment, and she seemed to take it so."

Any one who is curious concerning English (and British) kings must be surprised on noting the comparatively small number of English royal ancestors King Edward has, even when his Scottish ancestors are included. Leaving aside members of his own immediate line, the following English (or British) sovereigns are not of King Edward's ancestors: Anne, William III, Mary II, James II, Charles II, Henry II, Elizabeth, Mary I, Edward VI, Henry VIII, Edward V, Richard III, Henry VI, Henry V, Henry IV, Richard II, Richard I, Stephen and William I.

Of the early English sovereigns who were ancestors of the present sovereign are William I, Henry I, Henry II, John, Henry III, the first four Edwards and Henry VII. James I was of his ancestors, but he was a Scotchman. Some of the older English kings were ancestors of King Edward because of marriages between English princes and princesses of other countries, a notable instance of which was the union of Henry I of England and Matilda of Scotland.

HANNA-PAYNE SUBSIDY.

It is in accord with settled precedent that the advocate of the ship subsidy bill should pose as a patriot. The bill is introduced by a preamble reciting the necessity of increasing our foreign commerce, and that "the merchant vessels, officers, engineers, machinists, the crews and seamen necessary to the increase of the commerce of the United States are also essential as auxiliary to the forces of the United States in time of war and otherwise, and to the better security of the nation and the protection of its vessels." Of course the statements are untrue, and the professed aims of the bill are bald shams, designed to distract attention from the treasury raid thus planned.

So far is the bill from helping or being intended to help the shipping trade that it is likely to do the opposite. It is a bill to protect the privilege of the trade and for the users of medicine, a substitution that would give these substitute manufacturers the advantage of paying no government tax, and would be a safety. The formula protects no consumer and the responsible manufacturers of staple remedies are the private of the formula. The new proposal should not receive any support in congress. It is a

late amendment to the bill provides that as to the general subsidy (1 cent to 1 1/2 cents per ton of ship's gross tonnage per 100 miles), to draw full subsidy a ship need carry but half a load out, still leaving the ship subsidy in all cases to be paid, even though not a pound of cargo be carried. Again, the shipping which it is proposed to subsidize carries only one-tenth of our exports, thus leaving freight to depend upon the rate at which the other nine-tenths will carry cargo, and leaving the subsidized one-tenth, while pocketing the government subsidy, to charge full freight.

Furthermore, 5 per cent of our shipping outward and 20 per cent of that inward bound is already running in ballast. Subsidy not on cargo must greatly increase the extent to which shipowners will thus run rather than take unfavorable charters. The subsidy being given according to the tested speed of the vessel, and not by the rate run, a 14-knot ship drifting about at a 10-knot rate could actually run with profit, as compared with waiting for cargo, and would thus be paid by our government to lie idle and not carry American exports. Finally, the highest subsidies are given to ships that not merely do not but cannot carry any considerable export cargo—fast passenger steamers of the "International" type, for example, receiving eleven times as much subsidy in proportion to cargo as would a standard freighter of the best class.

The pretense that auxiliary cruisers and transports would thus be provided for government use is even more absurd. The vessels now building by our own government and others average above twenty-three knots, while of all ships in existence, or likely to be induced by this bill, there are only four (or twenty knots) of above 17-knot speed, and none others likely to be built—as testified to by its promoters. It needs no argument to suggest how useless would be transports and cruisers that could neither fight nor run; and how fatal to the efficiency of fast war vessels would be ships to accompany or protect which they must delay their course.

THE PRESS IN MANILLA.

The press of the United States will be interested in the deportation of George T. Rice, of Red Wing, Minn. This young man is to be sent back to the United States because he presided in his paper, the Daily Bulletin, to criticize an army officer, acting as captain of the port. The offense is lese majeste and is one of the first fruits of our system of imperialism.

The press of Manila is not only censored, but all military officers are exempt from criticism. The American citizen has no rights that an army officer is bound to respect. It is the old tale, which has been rendered new by the recent West Point investigation of the upper class men and the plebes—all citizens being plebes.

A BUNCH OF SMILES.

Somerville Journal: Hicks—Are you ever troubled with insomnia?
Wicks—No, I pay my bills.

Harlem Life: Doolson—Tapley hopes to be a social lion.
Fugson—I don't see why he shouldn't be; he is already a cub.

Somerville Journal: Ethel—Did you fail to get a letter from me?
Maudie—I did, when I was introduced to you.

Judge: Casey—Whol don't ye pay Cassidy 'til 'tis 'tine ye owe him?
Casidy—I'm sorry, but I can't pay such a good fellow 'til he don't want me.

Chicago Tribune: Inexperienced Parents—A little girl found the dearest thing in the world—finds she cannot find a good dealer when she's about 20.

Washington Star: "Isn't there a great deal of egotism among actors?" asked the young woman.
Mr. Stormington Barnes: "Why, I have met no less than three actors who thought they could play 'Hamlet' as well as I do."

The Cold Spine Bed.
When you have a friend to visit, if she be a welcome guest,
You will not mind her being happy, and you'll give her all the story of your varied household.

You may tell her of your troubles with And what she said, and what I said.
You may talk of the servant question till the setting moon's last gleam,
And hear her say, "I'll be a mother to the same old drowsy theme."

But when she comes to bed, for heaven's sake, be led To the cold spine bed.
You may tell her of your pains and aches, and what the doctor said,
That time you were near dying with neuralgia in your head;

Of how you were near dying with neuralgia and patent pills,
When you counted the dread malaria and had such awful chills,
You may bore her, you may weary her, but for heaven's sake, don't put her in the cold spine bed.

—CLARA A. TRASK in New England Farmer.

Frankish Political Minds.

Philadelphia North American: It is tempting to observe the mental process of persons who grow indignant because some of the Southern states have disfranchised large parts of the population, and who in the next breath invite congress not to ratify the principle of universal suffrage as secured by the Cuban constitutional convention.

An Approaching Spectacle.
Washington Star: Alexander weeping for new worlds to conquer has long been one of the striking figures in history. But the world at that time was small, and the brute in those who delight in torturing fellow-students in the name of fun.

Congressmen Gobble the Bait.
Buffalo Express: Several members of congress and other government officials during the last session received gifts of \$500 shares each in a gold mining company that was being organized to operate at Cape Nome. They are somewhat disgusted now at receiving notices of assessment on their shares. It serves them right. Members of congress should have a better sense of propriety than to accept gifts from corporations.

THE HERALD'S PROSPERITY.

Anoka Herald: The Duluth Herald, in spite of its anti-prosperity arguments, has put in a few prosperous days, and is now the most metropolitan sheet in Minnesota. Calamity howling must pay in the Zenith City.

Long Prairie Leader: Every time a Democratic editor makes an improvement in his paper some Republican brother shouts "prosperity!" The Duluth Herald has just added a fast-perfecting press and that sheet is now being told from every direction what the great and good McKinley has done for it. The man behind the gun don't count for anything, to let some people tell it. There is probably no better newspaper property in the state than The Duluth Evening Herald, not even excepting anything in the Twin Cities. Manager Weiss has made The Herald what it is—not McKinley.

TINKERING WITH WAR TAXES.

New York Herald: The reduction of the tax on bank checks from 2 cents to 1 cent—which, report says, is one of the changes—would merely cut down the revenue from that source one-half, while perpetuating the whole of the annoyance caused by the law as it now stands.

New York Tribune: It is a good rule for the taxing power never to make itself felt unnecessarily. It has the option of getting at the same constituency by one tax or by two separate taxes aggregating the same amount, let it choose the former. It only annoys and makes taxation irksome and government unpopular by imposing itself twice upon the citizen's attention. The check drawing community is subject to the vexatiousness of the law, and the express receipts, its stock transfers, its deeds and mortgages, its patent medicines, its newspapers, its telegrams, its postage stamps, its just so much more than the pocket, but the time and temper of the taxpayer.

San Francisco Call: It is to be borne in mind in this connection that the Philadelphia platform of the Democratic party, amended to provide sufficient revenue to pay the interest on the public debt, is a well performed work that it has been proposed to reduce the war debt in the public confidence in the integrity of its obligations that its newly funded 2 per cent bonds will sell at a premium. The country is now justified in expecting the government to reduce the war debt by the war revenues. The people being the publishers of the senate to act with the treasury in the reduction of the war debt is a well performed work that it has been proposed to reduce the war debt in the public confidence in the integrity of its obligations that its newly funded 2 per cent bonds will sell at a premium. The country is now justified in expecting the government to reduce the war debt by the war revenues. 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